Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

ide desert

the No. بهري<u>ن</u> 10!

wither we 3000 as

The street of

No. 1: 1 die

 $u_{\mathbb{R}^n \setminus X} = v_{\mathbb{R}^n}$

e mierren

Maria Baran

is the

MPLOYMENT

paramental de la comparamental La comparamental de la comparamenta

HEETER STYPE ASSESSANT L.

The Market Street Commence of the Commence of

NOW! ME INCH

李文 11:25 15 12:35.

BRANC OFF AS AS

The second secon

1. 1.1811.52.13

EXCEPTIONA.

eserar ses's

200 E-201

1 - 12 -

LONDON, MONDAY, MAY 25, 1981

Established 1887



As an injured hostage was brought out of the Barcelona bank, an intermediary, right, was held by a hooded man.

Schmidt and Mitterrand, in First Talks, Stress Cooperation on European Issues

visit him since his installation last week as president of France.

larly with regard to reducing rates, tions with Moscow to mutually

this year.

Mr. Reagan told Mr. Schmidt that he was "keenly aware" of Eu-

ropean concerns over the desta-

blizing impact that high U.S. inter-

est rates were having in Europe,

Commenting on the meeting in Washington, U.S. Treasury Secre-

tary Donald T. Regan said that

West German officials had "ex-

pressed their concern about our

high interest rates, but also ex-pressed understanding about the

On arms policy, the French and West German leaders agreed — to-

tally, according to authoritative

West German sources - on the

restoration of military balance in

Europe, while pursuing arms con-trol talks with Moscow.

Schmidt had agreed to give "equal

weight" to bolstering missile pow-

er in Enrope while seeking negotia-

Mr. Abuhatzeira is a leading

As the verdict was read, hun-

dreds of Mr. Abuhatzeira's sup-

porters burst into cheers, carried

the 42-year-old minister out of

court on their shoulders and

sounded trumpet blasts from rams'

Mr. Abuhatzeira said he was the

victim of a political vendetta in-flamed by the approach of the June 30 national election.

In Washington on Friday, Presi-

but he offered no solutions.

causes of the high rates.

by Axel Krause

penational Herald Tribune
President Francois ind of France and Chan-Helmit Schmidt of West by ended a 3% hour meet-lie Brace Palace on Sinday asing their commitment to

resing their commitment to coperation, notifyly on key related to Enapean monemis and trade mestions. Schmidt who armed Saturer talks in Washington with all Reagan, said. "I think loss all, the Franco-Germanisms today no Jonese is cases personally, it has an indisputable fact." The Samon leader who main-Seman leader, who main-a close relationship with President Valery Giscard nch Socialist took office on

surned to Bonn on Sunday

ad Washington

ditterrand said: "I reiterat-Mancellor Schmidt the imthat I attach to the confi-elations between our two et and their leaders." questions of monetary coon, arms and trade emerged Mr. Schmidt's talks in both

move viewed as supportive act. Mr. Schmidt reiterated Tiong for maintaining the lot me franc and Deutsche wifin the present limits of impean Monetary System. Fer, authoritative West Ger-Wenment sources said that greed to continue supportfranc, including by inter-through the Bundesbank the next few days if neces-

> current thinking of Mr. inly because of speculaof that the French currency engthen, the sources said.

No Agreements tik's position, which wors That is it such to its lowest ted level in the EMS, will spend largely on the ability inchangement authorities to tim is defending it, the

A interest rates in the United a related cause of the weakness, were also disin Paris and Washington, agreements emerged from is in either capital, particu-

raeli Religious Affairs Minister Acquitted on Bribery Charges taking \$19,000 in bribes in return

for approving allocations of lax-USALEM — A court acquitpayers' money for religious institunel's religious affairs ministions. His co-defendants bribery charges Sunday af-our-month trial that shook Shemuel Daskel, a diamond dealer, and Rabbi Amram Korach political establishment and were aquitted of charges they paid alition government of Prime

er Menachem Begin. the trial of Aharon member of the National Religious stzeira, the first of a Cabinet Party, a key partner in Mr. Begin's er in Israel's 33-year history. ruling coalition, but has been on in less than full exoneration. leave of absence from his ministry turt said it had "a heavy susof guilt on one of the two since the trial began. a against him but was giving

he benefit of the doubt. the president of the threepanel was reading the vernew charges were being filed fel Aviv court accusing Mr. atzeira of diverting to his use funds from a state-sup-1 scholarship fund he used to

> 3 Jerusalem court cleared him. his aide, Moshe Gabbai, of The state of the s

important to Mr. Schmidt. He faces stiff opposition from the left wing of his own party and others in West Germany who do not want new U.S.-built missiles stationed in their country and who do not believe that the Reagan administration is sincere in its approach to the negotiatons with the Russians. On trade matters, the French and West German leaders agreed

that aside from interest-rate disparities, the main economic danger for Europe was the pressure building between the United States and the European Economic Community over trade issues, the West German sources said. In Washington, Mr. Schmidt

viewed by diplomats as politically

told a news conference that he was "not happy" about U.S. restrictions on imports of Japanese auto-Although the car-import issue

was not raised in Paris, consultation over transatlantic trade issues will be pursued by both countries in the next few weeks in preparation for several high-level meetings, West German and French sources said. These include the EEC summit

meeting at the end of May, the French-German summit in early July, and the seven-nation summit ing of industrial nations July 19-21 in Ottawa. François Mitterrand, left, shaking hands Sunday with West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt, the first foreign leader to

Other issues discussed during the Paris meeting included the North Atlantic alliance, the Middle East, Central America, Africa and East-West relations, French and West German sources said.

New French Vote Set

PARIS (AP) — French voters will go to the polls June 14 and 21 to elect a new National Assembly, according to a proclamation issued Saturday, President Mitterrand dissolved Parliament on Friday in his second day in office in hopes of replacing the center-right majority

Spanish Police Storm Bank, Free Hostages

BARCELONA — Anti-terrorist troops stormed a bank Sunday where 24 gunmen had seized 200 hostages on Saturday to demand the release of four of the leaders of the Feb. 23 coup attempt. About 70 hostages were freed and one of the 24 heavily armed gunmen was

killed, the police said.

The gunmen had released more than two-thirds of their hostages in several groups Saturday and Sunday, but threatened to kill the remaining captives at the rate of five every hour unless their demand

They also took nearly \$7 million in cash from the bank's vaults, dumped it on the floor, and threatened to burn it all, several of the released hostages said.

Dozens of hostages dashed to freedom as policemen swarmed over the hank building. Special anti-terrorist units penetrated the building about an hour after beginning the assault amid counter-fire from the gunmen and cries police assault began about 8 p.m. local time. from hostages not to shoot. The

The police captured eight gunmen who tried to flee with hos-

tages.

The slain gunman was killed near the end of the assault, but the police reported little resistance from the rest of the gunmen. At one time they had threatened to kill the more than 200 hostages they had seized Saturday morning and blow up the bank.

A bomb squad followed police into the bank Sunday to defuse dynamite charges laid by captors.

Special commandos slipped into the building and told the hostages to make a break for it.

The hostages left the building with their hands raised and then dropped to the ground, rolling across the road outside the bank to reach safety from the guns of the gunmen in upper windows of the building.
When the anti-terrorist police

began to advance, dozens of hostages still were crowded against a ground-floor gate, trapped inside the bank compound.

Spanish television showed the

gates suddently burst open, followed by a stream of hostages. They crawled, walked and ran across the square, some taking refuge behind a newspaper kiosk. With the gunmen poised in win-

dows above them, hostages slowly reached waiting security forces on the edge of the square. Many crawled into a nearby subway en-

About 30 hostages threw open the front door of the bank and, fighting to get out first, crawled on hands and knees across a square as troops gave them covering fire. A dozen others made it out a window and jumped onto the roof of a neighboring building.

The spectacular assault by brown-uniformed commandos came 35 hours after the gunmen seized the bank in their own hail of gunfire, taking about 200 persons hostage to demand the release of four military officers jailed for leading the abortive Feb. 23 coup.

The jailed officers, however, refused to leave their cells. The gunmen, believed to include some of the Civil Guards-who participatmanded a tank escort to the air- an armored car tried to approach. port and a plane to flee the coun-

Panic erupted earlier in the day when the gunmen freed one of several groups of hostages but renewed their threat to begin killing Witnesses heard screams inside

the bank and saw scores of hostages pressing against windows, pleading for their lives.

Gunshots echoed around the bank as the terrorists fired a volley of shots from the windows when

The terrorists quickly lined screaming, sobbing hostages in front of windows and exits, forcing them to act as a human shield.

no casualties were reported. Freed hostages confirmed earlier reports that the terrorists had wired the bank's basement and

walls with dynamite and were threatening to blow it up if police tried to storm the building. "If you attack, the 150 hostages; all die," one of the terrorists

warned in a statement read from a window by a bank clerk forced to gun pressed to his right temple.

"We know we will fall," the The armored car withdrew and clerk read out in an unsteady voice, "but so will the 150 hos-

Defense Minister Alberto Oliart took a tough line against negotiating with the gunmen. "The kidnappers must surrender and give up their hostages safe and sound.

Leftists Hijack Turkish DC-9, Threaten to Kill U.S. Bankers

BURGAS, Bulgaria — Four left-ists hijacked a Turkish DC-9 to Bulgaria on Sunday and threat-ened to kill five U.S. bank officials on board unless 47 convicted Turkish guerrillas were freed and a ransom of \$500,000 was paid, the Bulgarian news agency BTA said. The hijackers said the Ameri-

cans, described by Turkish banking sources as leading officials of Citibank of New York, would be killed if their demands were not met by 2 a.m. Monday. If their demands are not met by 10 a.m., they said, they will blow up the plane with all passengers and themselves

The demands were issued

was told to make them public.

A Turkish delegation of negotiators led by Foreign Minister Camuran Gurun arrived in Burgas

and immediately began talks with the hijackers. 'Death Sentences'

delegation spokesman told

BTA that the release of the Turkish prisoners was not negotiable. They said that if any crew member or passenger was killed, "the hi-jackers will sign the death sentences of their 47 adherents."

The jet was hijacked while en route from Istanbul to Ankara early Sunday. The plane took off at 7 a.m. and landed 65 minutes later

ters) north of Istanbul.

There were 112 persons on board, including members of the flight crew and an extra crew for a continuation of the flight from Ankara to Erzurum, authorities said.

After landing at Burgas, BTA said the gummen released 20 persons for health reasons, BTA reported. Turkish officials put the number at 19. There was no explanation of the discrepancy. BTA added that two Turkish men es-

The five U.S. bankers aboard the aircraft were on their way to Ankara to spend a day there before returning to Istanbul to attend (Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

Justice Minister Resigns After Reports Link Him to Masonic Scandal in Italy

By Henry Tanner

ROME - Italy's justice minister, dolfo Sarti, has resigned following reports linking him to a powersecret Masonic lodge that has been implicated in a variety of criminal activities.

The growing scandal surroundtion government of Premier Arnaldo Forlani and has dwarfed the other scandals that Italy has endured in the last 30 years. Mr. Sarti quit on Saturday.

The scandal, which had been

simmering for months, broke open Thursday when Mr. Forlani, on the advice of investigating magistrates in Milan, made public a list of 953 names of reported members of the lodge, called Propaganda Due, or P-2 for short. The list included Cabinet ministers, members of Parliament, judges, army and police generals, bankers, journalists and other figures in the Ital-

ian establishment.
On Sunday, Labor Minister
Franco Foschi said he would not resign because of the scandal. Mr. Foschi, who once signed a recommendation for an applicant seeking to join the lodge, told the news-paper La Stampa: "I deny any connection with P-2 and this attempt to destabilize the country.

Mr. Sarti, a Christian Democrat, also denied having been a member of the lodge, but documents found in the offices and country villa of ed in the February coup, then de- Licio Gelli, the lodge's grand mas-

ter, reportedly show that he ap-plied for membership: Mr. Gelli, who is in hiding, apparently abroad, was indicted in

absentia Friday on charges of spy-ing for Argentina. He is understood to be a citizen of both Argentina and Italy.
Col. Antonio Viezzer, a member

of the lodge and former head of SID, a government intelligence organization that has since been dissolved, was arrested Friday on the same charges brought against Mr. The Forlani government and the major political parties have not de-

cided what sanctions, if any, they

will take against officials belong-

ing to the lodge, whose members, according to the police, had sworn ultimate allegiance to their grand master rather than to the nation. In a report to the government the Milan magistrates wrote that "Gelli had constructed a very real state within the state," using black-

mail, favors, promises of advance-"Lodge P-2 is a secret sect that has combined business and politics with the intention of destroying

the constitutional order of the country and of transforming the parliamentary system into a presi-dential system," the magistrates "Gelli's strategy has been to

bring under his control a large number of powerful and highly placed persons and thus to break down, for the first time in Italian history, the separation between political, administrative, military and economic spheres," they said. One of Italy's most powerful

bankers, Roberto Calvi, a member of the lodge and longtime friend of Mr. Gelli, was arrested last Wednesday on charges of having used his banks for illegally exporting huge sums of money and of having been involved, with Mr. Gelli, in the fake kidnapping of Michele Sindona, the bankrupt financier who sought to avoid trial in New York by fleeing to Europe.

Mr. Calvi is president of Banco Ambrosiano and of La Centrale Finanziaria, a financial institution. Six members of the board of La Centrale were arrested at the same time, among them Carlo Bonomi, the head of one of the four largest investment groups in the country.

The arrest of Mr. Calvi and his associates "decapitated" the finan-cial establishment of Milan, a journalist said. Mr. Calvi's La Centrale recently bought more than 40 percent of the Rizzoli publishing group, which owns Corriere della Sera, a leading newspaper.

Editor on List

The name of Franco Di Bella. editor in chief of Corriere, was on the list of reported members of the lodge. Mr. Di Bella, in a meeting with the paper's news staff, denied that he was a member but said Mr. Gelli, the lodge grand master, had approached him on several occasions and had once asked him to dismiss one of the paper's leading writers. Mr. Di Bella said he had rejected the suggestion.

Mr. Calvi's involvement in the Sindona affair and in allegedly ille-



Adolfo Sarti

gal money transfers came to light in documents seized by the police in Mr. Gelli's house in Arezzo, Tuscany, last March, according to police reports.

This led to the resignation of Ugo Zilletti as acting head of the Supreme Council of Magistrates, which is responsible for appointments, promotions and transfers of judges, prosecutors and other legal officers. Mr. Zilletti resigned following allegations that he had improperly helped Mr. Calvi to rein his passport after it was confiscated by the investigating magis-

Among the generals whose names appeared on the list of re-ported members of the lodge is Raffaele Giudice, the former commander of the Finance Guard, the paramilitary force specializing in border control and anti-smuggling operations. Mr. Giudice is in fail in connection with a huge petroleum tax scandal that came to light last

Also on the list are about 20 officers of the Carabinieri, the prestigious paramilitary police corps. Gen. Giovanni Grassini, the chief of Sisde, the secret intellegence and security service of the Interior Ministry, and Gen. Giuseppe Santovito, the head of Sisme, the security unit of the Defense Ministry, were also on the list.

INSIDE

Caribbean Policy

President Reagan and his senior national security advisers, concerned about Soviet and Cuban inroads in the Caribbean and Central America. have begun consideration of a long-term approach for providing major economic, political and military assistance to countries in the region, officials say. Page 3.

Pope Improving

Doctors treating Pope John Paul II say he is out of danger and should recover from his gunshot wounds within 60 days. He was shot by a Turkish fugitive May 13, Page 5.

Social Security Flap Could Benefit Reagan

By Art Pine Washington Part Service

limit deployment of such arms.

According to The Washington

Post, Secretary of State Alexander

M. Haig Jr. said later Friday that

during his recent discussions with

Soviet Ambassador Anatoli F. Do-

brynin, the Russians appeared

in those negotiations by the end of

States and France are committed

to both courses of action were

ready and willing" to participate

Assurances that the United

WASHINGTON — Ronald Reagan plainly made the first serious political blunder of his dent Reagan and Chancellor presidency in proposing large cuts in Social Se-

But Mr. Reagan's proposals may still turn out in the long run to have at least as many pluses for him as minuses. He will take some criticism. He is also now likely to get much

NEWS ANALYSIS

larger cuts in Social Security than anyone believed even two weeks ago. As critics have been proving, it is easy to

recite the negatives. The White House, fresh from its budget victories, was too confident. The plan was put together too hastily. Strategists were too prececupied with assuaging the financial markets, too little concerned with likely reaction in Congress. Mr. Reagan lost momentum; the

Democrats were able to regroup. But all that may be short-run. While the damage now is politically serious, it is also possible that the impact will fade soon and that the administration may reap some visible

Consider this line of reasoning:

The president and some of his advisers have always wanted to trim back the Social Security program - partly on the grounds that its benefits had grown too generous — and what better time to propose it than when the system once again is financially in trouble? · What better time to propose such cuts than in a president's first year in office — par-ticularly now, when Mr. Reagan is riding high

in the wake of his budget victories. Jimmy Carter, for example, also proposed painful Social Security measures — higher taxes — in his first year as president. He also unveiled his energy program that year, knowing it too would be unpopular.

• Political opposition is inevitable when

anyone recommends trimming back the Social Security program, no matter what the merits of the proposals. The giant program's benefits now go to one American in seven. Sure, the initial reaction has been a firestorm. But the flames are abating, and the pain may not last

for long.

• When all is said and done, Mr. Reagan almost certainly will wind up wringing deeper cuts out of Congress now than he would have had he not gone out on a limb. A House sub-committee headed by Rep. J.J. Pickle, Democrat of Texas, had already been working on an overhaul package of its own. But who had heard of the Pickle plan? It was Mr. Reagan

who energized the issue. Congress Goaded

Moreover, the move has goaded Congress ufficiently that whatever bill emerges is more likely to be bipartisan, rather than forcing any one party to bear the brunt of the blame for

Legislators know they must face the Social Security problem soon, or the system will go

Which scenario will prove to be correct? The optimistic one, the pessimistic one, or both? It is really too early to say for certain. There is no doubt the plan has emboldened some Democrats who previously might have been too much in awe of the president to oppose

him very much. But as the days go on, many observers, both Democrats and Republicans, believe the presi-dent will emerge with little serious long-run damage. Even key Democrats concede the setback is unlikely to have much impact on Mr. Reagan's tax-cut and budget proposals.

At the same time, it is clear the administration has learned a valuable lesson from the fra-

As Murray L. Weidenbaum, Mr. Reagan's chief economist, conceded, "Hindsight tells us that we would have been better advised to spend more time discussing our views" with

How did an administration that was credited with being so politically savvy get into this

The short answer -- obtained from a series of interviews with White House officials and other strategists - is that even savvy administrations can get into trouble, particularly when they are so caught up in other issues that they fail to look at their proposals realistically.

The proposal was put together mainly by White House domestic advisers without much consideration for the political reaction the plan was likely to ignite. Leading Reagan po-litical aides were not fully brought in "until it was too late," an insider says. Another adds that everyone was so preoccupied with the budget and tax programs that no one really thought it all through.

Strategists were too closely intent on assuaging the financial markets to see the pitfalls in the timing of the Social Security package. The markets were calling for still more cuts in spending to hold the budget deficit down, and the financially ailing Social Security program, roughly a fifth of the budget, seemed a natural.

Begin Says Diplomatic Progress Awaits Saudi Decisions in Crisis

By William Claiborne

Washington Post Service
JERUSALEM — Prime Minister Menachem Begin of Israel said Sunday he was awaiting decisions to be made in Saudi Arabia on the Lebanese missile crisis. When the Saudi decisions are communicated to the United States, Mr. Begin added, the diplomatic effort to ease the Syrian-Israeli confrontation will continue.

Mr. Begin said he would probably meet Monday with Philip C. Habib, the U.S. special envoy, before Mr. Habib returns to Damascus in the third week of his shuttle to avert another Middle East war. "I will know what hap-pened in Riyadh," Mr. Begin told reporters after a meeting of his Cabinet. "Mr. Habib will get the news from the capital of Saudi Arabia, and we'll see."

He did not say what the Saudi leaders were supposed to be considering. His remarks appeared to refer to discussions on the missile crisis held during the weekend at

Meanwhile, Mr. Begin said he had promised the northern Leba-nese Christian forces in August, 1978, that the Israeli Air Force would intervene if they were at-tacked by the Syrian Air Force. He said the commitment was reaf-firmed last April 8 — 20 days before Israeli jets shot down two Syrian helicopters that the Israelis said had been used in attacks on Christians in mountains east of

Disclosure of the promises in the Israeli press earlier Sunday had touched off a political storm. Mr. Begin said that because of leaks from the Knesset (parliament) committee on foreign affairs and defense, he would reconsider whether he should give classified information to the committee.

Israeli support of the northern Lebanese Christians has been known for years, but Mr. Begin's partial confirmation of the press reports was the first official ac-

2d Major Chinese Attack On Vietnam Held Unlikely

By Michael Weisskopf

Washington Post Service
PEKING — Hostilities continue to flare along the Chinese-Viet-namese border with some of the heaviest fighting reported since the Chinese incursion into Vietnam two years ago, but diplomatic analysts said that the possibility of a second major Chinese offensive seems unlikely.

The analysts said Saturday that the recent clashes may have less to do with battlefield positions along the 500-mile border than with bargaining positions for upcoming conferences involving Cambodia and the non-Communist nations of

On the battlefield. China's official press reported Saturday that Chinese border guards killed 85 Vietnamese soldiers in a four-hour battle after the Vietnamese had invaded a Chinese village Friday morning and killed an undisclosed number of civilians.

Vietnam Accused

The report also accused Viernam of sending a reconnaissance plane into Chinese air space May 15 and killing or wounding more than 20 villagers in heavy shelling two days later that destroyed rubber plantations, schools and

In the war of words. Hanoi issued a report Saturday, monitored in Bangkok, that accused the Chinese of blaming Vietnam for the hostilities to "divert public opinion from the recent intensified armed provocation against Vietnam."

The four-hour skirmish reported by Peking on Saturday along with two battles earlier this month, in which more than 250 Vietnamese soldiers are said to have died, are the largest reported clashes since China invaded Vietnam in Febru-

Analysts said Saturday, however, that there is little evidence that Peking is preparing for a second large attack. No major troop movements or supply shipments have been sighted along the border diplomats said. The approaching ence.

The Good Life.

A great Scotch is part of it.

The more you know about Scotch, the more you like Ballantine's.

China's military budget also mili-

tate against such an attack, the an-

alysts said. Although each side is reported to have about 250,000 soldiers stationed along the border, Western military experts believe Vietnam has a tactical advantage because of its access to sophisticated Soviet fighter planes. To offset that edge, they said, Peking would have to greatly augment its troop strength.

Propaganda Points

These analysts said the recent clashes may be intended to win propaganda points before the conference of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations in June and the international conference on Cambodia in July.

Some diplomats say Peking may be trying to portray Hanoi as a warmonger to harden views against it. Not only is Vietnam sporadically fighting China along the border, it also supports a pro-Vietnamese government in Cambodia that is battling Chinesebacked guerrillas.

Last week, Peking said Vietnam was trying to use the tension it was creating along the border to "fabricate the so-called China threat" and drive a wedge between coun-tries in ASEAN and China, which Cambodia.

Laotian Foreign Minister Phoun Sipaseut completed a visit last week to three of the five ASEAN members — Malaysia, Indonesia and the Philippines - where he promoted a proposal pushed by Vietnam for a regional rather than as Senate opposition to the apbodian problem. ASEAN, however, resolved

Thursday that the UN Security members and seven Southeast Asian countries — Cambodia, Vietnam and the five ASEAN members — should par-ticipate in the July 13 conference to be held in New York. The other two ASEAN nations are Thailand and Singapore.

China supports the ASEAN or the overland route leading to it, stand on the international confer-

the Arab League foreign ministers' knowledgment of a formal pledge

of intervention.

In the latest of a series of confusing contradictions of statements by Israeli officials, Mr. Be-gin termed as "absolutely untrue" assessments given to reporters by his senior aides Saturday night to the effect that time was running out for the diplomatic effort and that if Mr. Habib failed to achieve a breakthrough on his next visit to Damascus, Israel would be hard pressed to give the United States

High-ranking officials at the prime minister's office, in what appeared to be a coordinated effort to signal Israeli impatience with the slow pace of the negotia-tions, had said that the Syrians, the Palestine Liberation Organization and Libyan forces were "exploit-ing" the delays by redeploying armed forces throughout Lebanon. They termed the deployments "worrying" for Israel's security.

At the same time, the spokes-

man for the Israeli Army command issued a background paper saving that several hundred Libyan soldiers armed with anti-aircraft guns, ground-to-ground missiles, rocket launchers and heavy artillery had moved into Lebanon

from Damascus.

Despite the alarmed tone conveyed in the apparently coordinated official leaks Saturday, Mr. Begin said Sunday: "The reports are absolutely untrue. We don't lose patience whatsoever. When we reach the conclusion that the diplomatic effort did not bring the results, we shall say so. Now we should not say so, because it wouldn't be true, and the efforts continue.

Arab League Statement

TUNIS (AP) - The Arab League ended an all-night emergency meeting early Saturday with a warning that the Arab countries would send armed forces to help Syria if Israel attacked Syrian missile sites in Lebanon.

A conservative majority led by Saudi Arabia rejected a Libyan demand that Arab forces be sent to Lebanon immediately to bolster Syrian forces.

Soviet Missile Ships

ISTANBUL (AP) - Two Soviet guided-missile warships entered the Mediterranean from the Black Sea during the weekend, Turkish port authorities said Sunday.

Lefever Retains tries in ASEAN and Chuna, which jointly oppose Vietnam's role in Reagan Support

WASHINGTON - The White House renewed its pledge of support for the nomination of Ernest W. Lefever for the post of assistant secretary of state for human rights

Sen. Rudy Boschwitz, a Minne-sota Republican and member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, announced Friday that he would vote against recommending Mr. Lefever's confirmation, increasing doubts that the nominee could secure the panel's approval.

The president wants his nominee," Larry Speakes, deputy White House press spokesman, said Friday. "He is entitled to a philosophically compatible appointment in his administration."



A West German soldier, despite a law prohibiting military personnel in uniform from participating in political demonstrations, spoke at a disarmament rally in Munich's Marienplatz.

Munich Rally Protests NATO Missiles

MUNICH — Thousands of persons gathered at a rally to denounce NATO's plans to introduce a new generation of U.S. nuclear missiles to West

The main speaker at Saturday's rally, Rudolf Schoefberger, said that plans to place 572 U.S. Pershing-2 and Cruise missiles in Europe by 1983 'should be opposed with every strength."

Mr. Schoefberger is a member of Chancellor Helmut Schmidt's Social Democratic Party and is a parliamentary representative from Munich. Mr. Schmidt supports deployment of the weapons and is faced with a serious revolt from the left wing of

his own party against the North Atlantic Treaty Organization decision.

About a dozen members of the West German armed forces attended the rally in uniform, police said, although West German military personnel are forbidden by law from appearing at political rallies in uniform. One of the soldiers addressed the crowd during the demonstration and spoke out in support of disarmament.

The rally was sponsored by the People's Movement for Peace and Disarmament, and a spokesman for the group said about 10,000 people were present. Police said 3,100 participated, but jour-nalists at the rally felt the police figure was an underestimate.

Polls Indicate Losses for Dutch Coalition

AMSTERDAM - Premier Andries van Agt's center-right coalition approaches the Dutch parlia-mentary elections on Tuesday with opinion polls suggesting that it will lose its narrow majority after a campaign marked by strong antinuclear feeling, rising unemploy-ment and housing problems.

The latest poll found that Mr. van Agt's Christian Democrats and their rightist allies, the Liberals, might retain only 72 of their 77 seats in the 150-seat lower house. Political analysts say that even if

the government squeezed back with a majority, this would not necessarily mean a further period Christian Democratic-Liberal rule. A close finish is predicted. The Dutch system of propor-

tional representation encourages the election of smaller parties. Eleven hold seats in the current lower house, and parties usually vie to hold the strongest bargain-

ing position in the traditional postelection wrangling to form a new government — almost inevitably a coalition.

The current government, only the fourth of 15 postwar administrations to complete a four-year term, has had its survival threatened by rebellious left-wingers who want the Christian Democrats

Body of Black Male **Found Near Atlanta** The Associated Press

ATLANTA - Authorities discovered the body of a black male in the Chattahoochee River on Sunday, and a special task force. investigating the deaths of 27 young blacks was called to the scene, police said.

Since the string of slayings began, the bodies of five black males have been found in the Chattahoo-

'Fierce Retaliation' Vowed In Belfast Striker's Death

The Associated Press

BELFAST - The outlawed Irish National Liberation Army, allied to the Irish Republican Army, on Sunday threatened "fierce retaliafor the death of hunger striker Patrick O'Hara, who will be buried Monday in his hometown of Londonderry.
The INLA threat followed re-

newed rioting here and in Londonderry, Northern Ireland's second largest city, after the funeral Saturday of another hunger striker, IRA guerrilla Raymond McCreesh. Police reported that a 33-year-

old Roman Catholic man was killed Sunday in West Belfast's Old Park district when he was hit by a police Land Rover under brick and bottle bombardment from a group of rioters.

In Londonderry, the IRA claimed responsibility for shooting a British soldier during rioting late Saturday. His condition was not serious, a military spokesman said.

Authorities Braced

Security authorities braced for more trouble in Londonderry following the INLA threat to avenge Mr. O'Hara's death against "all sectors of the British regime" in Northern Ireland. The threat was telephoned to Belfast newspapers late Saturday.
Mr. O'Hara was the fourth hun-

ger striker, and the first INLA man, to die in Northern Ireland's Maze prison since the hunger strike was launched March 1 to try to force Britain to grant jailed guerrillas political prisoner status. British authorities said Mr. O'Hara's brother Tony, serving a five-year term in the Maze, would be allowed out on parole for the day to attend the funeral. He was

Talks Continue In Coal Strike

The Associated Press
WASHINGTON — Intensive weekend negotiations to end the coal strike continued on Sunday as union and industry representatives strove for agreement on job security provisions in a new three-year contract.
With the strike in its 59th day

and coal production cut in half, dwindling stockpiles held by coalburning utilities are threatened further by the increased use of airconditioning. Representatives of the United

Mine Workers and the industry bargaining arm, the Bituminous Coal Operators Association, seemed determined to resolve the legally complex problem of subcontracting at mines, giving rise to optimism that the long-stalled talks were finally gaining momen-

jailed in 1976 on conviction of driving the getaway car in a post office holdup, and is due for release in August.

Patrick O'Hara was one of the top men in the INLA, which claimed responsibility for the 1979 assassination by car bomb at the British Parliament of Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's Northern Ireland spokesman, Airey Neave.

Mr. O'Hara who, like Mr. McCreesh, died last Thursday after 61 days without food, was jailed in January, 1980, for eight years on conviction of possessing a hand grenade. Meanwhile, the condition of an-

other hunger striker, Brendan McLaughlin, 29, was "giving cause for concern," Britain's Northern Ireland Office reported. The British Broadcasting Corp.

reported that a spokesman for Sinn Fein, the IRA's political wing, said it would back Mr. McLaughlin if he decided to give up his fast and accept medical

But a Northern Ireland Office spokesman said Mr. McLaughlin continued to refuse food and medical attention, including a blood transfusion, that doctors said was vital. Mr. McLaughlin, an IRA man serving 12 years for firearms offenses, is the only one in serious condition of the current four hunger strikers - who have all replaced dead comrades.

Butz Enters Plea Of Guilty in Case Of Tax Evasion

The Associated Press
FORT WAYNE, Ind. — Former
Agriculture Secretary Earl L. Butz
has pleaded guilty to a felony
charge of U.S. tax evasion for understating his 1978 taxable income
by more than \$148,000.

"I recognize your honor that

"I recognize your honor, that what I've done is wrong I'm guilty of the crime charged," Mr. Butz told Judge Jesse Eschbach on Friday in U.S. District Court. "There is no justification for what has

happened."

No sentencing date was set.

Judge Eschbach apologized for the delay but said he was in "no position" to say what the sentence might be. U.S. Attorney David T.

Ready filed the one-count charge. Ready filed the one-count charge, alleging that Mr. Butz's 1978 tax return stated his income as \$97,814 with a tax due of \$39,621, when in \$245,928. The tax owed, Mr.

Ready said, was \$113,678. Mr. Butz, 71, faces a maximum penalty of five years in prison and a \$10,000 fine, as well as a \$37,000 to rule with the opposition Labor Analysts said that a new attempt

to form a center-left alliance link-ing the Christan Democrats, Labor and the left-liberal Democrats '66 party seemed likely, although several similar tries failed after the last election. The Labor Party was unable to form a government despite significant gains.

Democrats '66, which takes its name from the year of its formation, is expected to make the largest gain Tuesday, with the latest poll indicating it will win 17 seats, an increase of nine. But it has rejected the possibility of a leftist government

In a three-way center-left alli-ance, Labor and Democrats 66 would be close on nuclear and international questions and critical of the Christian Democrats' eco-

nomic strategy.

Another coalition with the rightist Liberals could put pressure on the centrists to make sweeping public spending cuts and to accept nuclear missiles on Dutch soil. So far, they have reserved their decision pending East-West arms talks a national debate on nuclear

The Labor Party wants a strong-er government role in reviving the economy, closure of the two Dutch nuclear power stations and a ban on the stationing of nuclear weap-ons in the Netherlands.

Analysts said the anti-nuclear lobby and the position of the pro-Labor Christian Democrat dissidents made it likely that a new government would be a more critical member of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

Turkish Jet Is Hijacked (Continued from Page 1)

the opening of a Citibank office Monday.

A Turkish Airlines source who

asked not to be identified listed and described the foreign passea-gers as follows: "Mr. Kelland, Mr. Pitts, Mr. Clark and Mr. Kelly; Mr. Giradaut, a Frenchman," and two Japanese surnamed Sudo and Tatayasu. The airline said it kept only family names on passenger William Pitts is the manager of a

Citibank branch due to open in Istanbul on Monday, according to invitations to the opening mailed out by the bank.

4 Armed Persons The spokesman for the hijackers

was described as about 22 years old, dressed in a corduroy jacket and blue jeans. BTA said four armed persons were involved in the hijacking.

The initial response of the Turk-ish government was to request Bulgarian authorities not to refuel the plane — one of the hijackers' first demands. BTA said "competent Bulgarian authorities were doing their utmost to bring about a fa-vorable solution to the incident."

The office of Premier Bulent Ulusu of Turkey, in a statement broadcast by Turkish radio, said the hijackers were extreme leftists. The report did not specify their na-

Car Fleeing Police Injures 27 in N.Y.

The Associated Press NEW YORK - A car attempt ing to dodge police crashed through barricades into a street filled with shoppers and struck and injured at least 27 persons, police said Sunday.
Two men were arrested at the

scene after the stolen car smashed into a hot dog wagon and two clothing stands before stopping. The street had been closed to make

18 Reported Arrested in Alleged Iranian Plot

TEHRAN - Iranian authorities have arrested 18 persons in connection with an alleged plot aimed at restoring the monarchy, a military judge said Sunday.

Mohammed Gilani Reyshahri, revolutionary judge of the armed

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

WARSAW - The condition of Cardinal Stefan Wyszynski, the ailing Roman Catholic primate of Poland, has worsened in recent days and is now very serious, according to a medical bulletin issued Sunday.

The bulletin, signed by nine specialists, said that the 79-year-old prel-

ate was being treated in an intensive care unit set up in his official

residence.

Cardinal Wyszynski has been ill for more than two months with an

PEKING — The Chinese Communist Party Central Committee will

The officials said during the weekend that the aim was to conclude the

session before July 1 when China would issue a so-called historic docu-

ment summing up the 32 years of Communist rule in the country and

including an important assessment of Mao's role.

Interparty agonizing over what the July 1 document should say has been one of the factors holding up the meeting. There is also believed to have been extended debate on the future of Mr. Hua, who has lost favor

Yugoslavs Say Bombs Hit Embassy in Albania

The Associated Press

BELGRADE — Yugoslavia said on Sunday that two bombs had damaged its embassy in Albania, with whom it is involved in a dispute over

The state news agency Tanjug said two bombs had been thrown onto the embassy's terrace Saturday night in Tirana, the Albanian capital,

damaging ceilings and breaking windows.

No injuries were reported, although the embassy staff was inside the building for celebrations marking Yugoslavia's "youth day," the agency

said. The Yugoslav ambassador was said to have protested the attack to

the Albanian Foreign Ministry. Yugslavia's southern province of Koso-

vo, mainly Albanian, has long been the scene of deep ethnic tensions.

because of his association with now-repudiated Maoist policies.

hold a much-delayed session in mid-June when Chairman Hua Guoleng.
Mao's protege and handpicked successor, is expected to step down, Chi-

unspecified stomach ailment, and a week ago received the sacrament of

Chinese Party Session Is Set for Mid-June

the church given to Catholics near death.

nese officials have confirmed.

Doctors Say Cardinal Wyszynski Weakens

forces, said a previously unheard of group had been discovered before it could take any action.

"Their plan had been a bombing [campaign] to overthrow the government" and bring about the return of the monarchy, he told state radio in an interview. He said the group probably numbered between 250 and 300 and was connected with the late shah's family.

Pay Accord Reported With Polish Firemen The Associated Press

WARSAW - Firefighters who do not belong to the Solidarity trade union have reached an agreement on pay increases, the Polish news agency PAP said Sunday.

The agency said Stanislaw Ciosek, minister of trade union affairs, had told leaders of the Confederation of Autonomous Trade Unions that their pay demands would be met and that another meeting would be held to discuss improvements in service equipment.

Solidarity union firefighters were to meet with government negotiators

Hostages Freed as Police Storm Bank in Barcelona

(Continued from Page 1) The government will not give in,"

Earlier, Spanish government sources had said the gunmen included as many as 13 members of the paramilitary Civil Guards force that seized the parliament Feb. 23 at the start of the abortive

oup.
One of the terrorists later partly confirmed that report, telling Spain's state radio in an interview: "Our coup failed and we want to leave Spain."

Officials confirmed that at least one Civil Guard was acting as sec-ond-in-command of the force, which stormed the bank with military precision and carried armytype food rations and other military equipment including subma-

Of the hostages released in several groups Saturday and Sunday, one had been shot in the leg and the others were mostly all suffering from shock.

Originally, the terrorists had been demanding the release of Lt. Col. Antonio Tejero Molina, Maj. Gen. Luis Torres Rojas and two

Col. Tejero, a Civil Guards commander, launched the first step in the attempted coup by storming Parliament and taking the entire government hostage. Torres was one of three generals later arrested for participating in the plot that failed when King Juan Carlos or-dered army units to ignore the plotters' orders.

But Col. Tejero and the others, in statements released by their lawyers, disassociated themselves from the siege.

The gunmen, who donned hoods immediately after entering the bank 10 minutes after it opened for business Saturday, acted in a military manner and called each other by numbers from 1 to 24 instead of using names.

They had originally called for the release of a jailed member of the paramilitary Civil Guard who led 288 guardsmen in an assault on the parliament on Feb. 23. The re-lease of three other military men accused of involvement in the plot was also first demanded.

The head of the Civil Guard, Maj. Gen. Pedro Aramburu, told reporters that if there were any Civil Guards in the bank, "they are now ex-guards."

Government Holding Out

Defense Minister Alberto Oliart said the government knew that a fugitive Civil Guard captain, Gil Sanchez Valiente, had returned to Spain. The defense milnister said be had advance knowledge that the captain was preparing some kind of anti-government action, but he refused to confirm press reports that Capt. Sanchez Valiente was among the gummen.

A government negotiator, Juan Rovira, and a high police official met for 30 minutes inside the bank Sunday with the gummen in the first official negotiations since the hostages were taken.

Mr. Rovira, the government's home-rule delegate to Barcelosa. said the government would not accede to any demand and was who was artested and impre

and release of the hostages unharmed. The defense minister is-

sued a similar statement. The gunmen's latest demand before the shooting broke out was addressed to the government and King Juan Carlos, whom Spanish rightists blame for crushing the February coup attempt.

The operation has failed and we only want to leave Spain," it quoted him as saying.

Earlier Sunday, the commander of the Civil Guard drove up to the bank in an armored car and demanded that the gunmen surrender. They threatened to blow up the bank and fired submachine guns from the besieged six-story building. No injuries were report-

"We will not surrender — go away," the gunmen said through loudspeakers in the bank. "We will not hesitate to blow up the building." The armored car pulled back.
Freed hostages said some of the
gunnen spent the night planting
explosives around the bank, according to Europa Press. Hostages
released earlier had reported the gunmen were armed with explosives as well as with automatic ri-

fles and submachine guns. The gummen demanded a plane to fly the four men to Argentina and a second plane for the gunmen themselves. They said they would

begin killing hostages if they did not get a response within 24 hours. Then the Argentine Foreign Ministry in Buenos Aires announced that it would not accept the group. A lawyer for Col. Tejero said his client had rejected the proposal and denounced the gunmen, and had no intention of fleeing the

Early Sunday the gunmen ex-tended their deadline to Tuesday morning and asked only for armored cars to take them to Barcelona's airport, with a hostage riding with each of the gunmen as a safeguard against a police rescue

Swede Charges **Bolivian Police** Beat Him in Jail

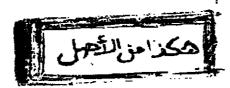
The Associated Press

LIMA — A Swedish journalist who was held in a Bolivian jail for a week says he was beaten by secret-police agents while blindfolded and handcuffed.

"It was a very astonishing scene," said Bjorn Westlund, a Lutheran priest who was on assign

theran priest who was on assignment in Bolivia for the Swedish Radio Co. when he was arrested May 15 at the 20th Century Mine, about 160 miles (256 kilometers) south of La Paz.

"I was taken to the secret service office, where they blindfolded me and handcuffed my bands behind my back," Mr. Westland said Fri-day, "They hit me in the stomach as music by the Swedish group Abba played in the background." Mr. Westland, arrived in Lima on Thursday night with Lennart Strandlund, also a Lutheran priest,



ardinal Wagan Considering ate of Policial and Plan Strang to a medical by age-Term Aid Plan To an intensive and later and intensive and in has been ill for the interest and a work times Service — President

Session Is Service McTon — President McTon in military as and Central America, and Central McMartin Military assistance to assessment of McMartin McMartin Military assistance to assessment of McMartin McM

Bombs Hill Find post countries to the find and were discussed

The Account of the interest in the region had in up and were discussed.

Danca with whom it wanty Council meeting that the policy is made publicating without in the policy is made publicating without in wasting to be in Washington and in which the policy is made publicating without in washington and in wasting to be a self-or a multinational effort a multination was said to be a multinational effort and the policy is made publication was said to be a multinational effort a multination was said to be a multinational effort a multination of the said to be a multination as tong been the stand of the strong communist influfort Communist min-fregion. In part, officials fort is designed to show the first amount of coursed that are a stantion focused to stantion focused to stantion focused that are a stantion focus of the stantion focus of

Rendered of grounds has been discussed from the region and the record respective formany, who proposed the group probable mangion last week his own

eported With Politery Compatible y of State Alexander M. ly of State resemble the

17, 42 termen of the mark at a news conference en be was asked to com-server and the Schmidt's proposal Ort 5 24 254 254 254 254 Charles I that Mr. Schmidt had

mpaible although I u to get ahead of reality with our thinking here in Department and in the immental deliberations on raphic region that have alten place and have been

"We will have something on this in the very near future, which will, again, show some convergence of attitude," Mr. Haig said.

The Marshall Plan named after George C. Marshall, secretary of state in the Truman administra-tion, provided billions of dollars in American aid beginning in 1947 for the European countries ra-vaged during World War II. It obliged the Europeans to determine their needs and then to work with the United States in putting American aid to work.

Some officials believe that if the Caribbean basin program should prove successful, it could become a model for other areas in the Third World,

Talks With Venezuela

A major problem facing the administration concerns its effort to hold down spending and the diffi-culty it would face in seeking addi-tional funds on Capitol Hill at a time when Congress is being asked to cut back on social programs at home. As a consequence, the regional and cooperative aspects of the Caribbean program will be stressed, officials said. No funds would be sought until the 1983 fiscal year, presuming that Mr.

Reagan approves the plan.

Last week, Mr. Haig discussed the projected ideas with Rafael Montes de Oca, Venezuela's interior minister, who is a senior political adviser to President Luis Her-rera Campins. Venezuela and Mexico, the two major oil producers in the Caribbean region, have been pushing for coordinated, multinational aid programs to boost democracy in the region. Mr. Montes de Oca said that

Mr. Haig "told us clearly that he coincided with the position of President Herrera, and he said that the policies of the United States in Latin America would be directed toward economic development with social instice.

The ideas will be discussed, officials said, when President Jose Lopez Portillo of Mexico visits Mr. Reagan next month in Washing-

Deputy Secretary of State Wilham P. Clark, who has headed the interagency task force on El Salvador, has been in overall charge of planning for the regional plan. But the task of pulling the program to-gether has been the responsibility of Thomas L. Enders, assistant ank in Bay for a period of about, I secretary of state-designate for inter-American affairs.



HIGH AND DRY — A seven-foot alligator in search of water during a drought wandered into a carport in Winter Haven, Fla., and became trapped. A resident of the bouse, Phil Davis, watched with his son. A state wildlife official captured the animal for release in a more suitable place.

Ouster of 2 Reported Tied To Holdridge Nomination

By Don Oberdorfer

officials of the State Department's East Asian bureau are being removed, apparently in a deal that obtained Sen. Jesse A. Helms' approval for the Senate confirmation their boss, Assistant Secretary of State John Holdridge. Congressional and State Depart-

The senator, a North Carolina Republican, had served notice that he wanted "a housecleaning in the Asia burean" to guarantee that President Reagan's commitments to Taiwan would be carried out.

tary of state.

Mr. Armacost and Mr. Lew were told, the sources said, that replacements would be taking their jobs soon. A spokesman for the East Asian

and Pacific affairs bureau, of which Mr. Holdridge is the chief, said it had long been planned to move the two men. Mr. Armacost. a veteran of the foreign service, was said to be under consideration for another high post. Mr. Lew, an appointee of the Carter administration, apparently will leave the State Department.

Sources close to Sen. Helms said on Tuesday that Mr. Armacost and Mr. Lew would be ousted in an understanding reached on Mr. Holdridge's confirmation and that they probably would be replaced by two Helms' choices.

The two reported choices were Carl Ford, a Democratic staff member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee who has worked for Sen. John H. Glenn, Democrat of Ohio, and Gaston J. Sigur, director of the Institute for Sino-Soviet Studies at George Washington University.

Mr. Holdridge informed Sen Helms by telephone last Tuesday that Mr. Ford and Mr. Sigur would be acceptable to him in senor posts, according to a State Department source. But Friday night both said they were were not inter- have the money to buy it. ested in the jobs.

to China

The Senate Foreign Relations Committee voted 11 to 1 on May 5 to approve the nomination of Mr. Holdridge. Sen. Helms, the dissenter, filed a report charging that in many ways Mr. Holdridge seems even more determined than the Carter administration's Asia strategists to push the United States rapidly and inexorably into the Peking camp."

An administration aide said the White House wanted to avoid a floor fight against Mr. Holdridge on the Taiwan-Peking issue, even though there was virtually no prospect that Sen. Helms would win.

Such a public row about highly sensitive issues was particularly unwelcome on the eve of Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr.'s trip to Peking scheduled for mid-

State Department sources said that Sen. Helms had sent a letter to Mr. Haig dealing with the Hol-dridge nomination. Exactly what he wrote has not been disclosed, and there was on comment from the senator. It is clear, however, that Mr. Holdrdige telephoned Mr. Helms on Tuesday and that appointments for persons recommended by the senator were dis-

tions with Moscow if they would lead to an "actu-

al reduction" in the number of nuclear weapons

on each side, so that the threat to each country is

SART, for Strategic Arms Reduction Talks, is a

tentative name that some administration officials

believe may be adopted to make this point offi-

The matter has not yet been discussed by the

official policy-making apparatus, and no decision

has been made. But officials say it is clear that the

SALT-2 treaty, signed by former President Jimmy

Carter but never ratified by Congress, will not be

ratified under the new administration and that a

The administration has not said officially what

it will propose instead of SALT-2, but it has given

strong indications that any proposals to resume

talks on strategic arms will involve major cuts in

At the White House on Friday, a senior admin-

istration official briefing reporters on Mr. Reagan's meeting with Chancellor Helmut Schmidt of West Germany used the term "arms

reduction talks" in summarizing Mr. Reagan's re-

new point of departure is needed.

weaponry

ior assistants to Mr. Holdridge -Michael A. Armacost and Ginger Lew, each a deputy assistant secre-

Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON — Two senior

ment sources described the changes as connected with Scn. Helms' surprising decision last Tuesday to drop his opposition to the nomination of Mr. Holdridge. He had been appointed to head the State Department's bureau of East Asian and Pacific affairs.

Those being removed from their jobs are two of the four most sen-

Poor Economy Jars Salvadoran Stability

By Warren Hoge New York Times Service

SAN SALVADOR - Political and military developments in El Salvador have reached a shaky equilibrium, but a plunging economy threatens to sunder even that relative stability.

"People haven't had jobs for many months, and they're getting desperate," said Julio Adolfo Rey Prendes, the mayor of San Salvador and deputy leader of the ruling Christian Democratic Party. "It's exactly what the left is hoping

A group of men who swarmed around an American in a square in central San Salvador did not want to talk about the guerrilla war, the army, Washington's aid to the junta headed by President Jose Napoleon Duarte, or even the astonishing violence in this tiny country. They talked about being out of

"If this continues for just a little more time, there's going to be cha-os," said a radio and television salesman who lost his job a year ago and said he had had to peddle all but the pants and shirt he was wearing to support himself. "Some of us will try wandering, but some of us will have no option but to

Goal of Guerrillas

The destruction of the economy is a primary guerrilla objective now that the armed conflict is producing inconclusive results and the military-civilian junta appears securely in power for the immediate future.

The guerrillas "are bombing bridges, knocking down power lines, setting factories on fire," and doing "everything they can to strangle the economy," said Col. Jose Guillermo Garcia, the defense minister, who is the most powerful member of the junta. He said that guarding the country's infrastructure had become as important to the army as waging the war.

The army, which held off the guerrillas' "final offensive" in January with its own resources, is now receiving new American weapons and training in small-unit tactics by teams of American advisers in two locations far from the combat areas. The first battles in what the guerrillas have vowed will be a new offensive to coincide with the beginning of the rainy season are taking place in three areas — the east-

ern mountains, a volcanic site north of the capital, and a prov-ince along the Honduran border.

The junta should hold together for a long time now," said a highlevel source, who reported that feuding between the junta's civilian and military members had almost brought about its dissolution last month. At issue was the pressure on the colonels to arrest suspects in the killing of three American nuns and a lay worker last December. Col. Garcia announced the detention of six officers in the case on May 9, and a

The economic crisis could have grave political implications. Salva-dorans, in their refusal to join January's offensive, generally showed that they were not disposed to violent revolution. The concern in

judge has been named to hear the

among U.S. diplomats is that the worsening economic conditions could make the populace more receptive to guerrilla persuasion.

In addition to attacking El Salvador's physical plant and its means of production, the guerrillas have been forcing owners and agricultural workers off their land.

In one maneuver, the guerrillas have been tving burning oil-soaked rags to the tails of cats and sending them scampering through dry sugar-cane fields, setting the crop ab-

The government response has been to rush in and harvest the charred stalks and have the crop delivered to refineries within the 48-hour period in which burned cane can be processed. The government is keeping two refineries in reserve for that purpose.

The government is also shipping cotton by truck rather than by rail to make it more difficult for the rebels to interdict large shipments. Increasingly large amounts of cof-fee. El Salvador's principal export, are being stored abroad, though the procedure is costly.

The United States is sending about \$126.5 million in economic aid this year, double the amount originally budgeted. The aid is designed to halt a precipitous slide brought about by a combination of factors, including the drying up of credit, the reluctance of investors to bank on El Salvador's future. the lowering of world coffee prices, and the violence that has sent thousands of the country's businessmen into exile.

But few people believe that the U.S. aid will be enough to offset those continuing conditions.

U.S. Advisory Panel Reportedly Backs Guest-Worker Plan, Amnesty for Aliens

By Robert Pear New York Tunes Service

WASHINGTON - A Cabinetlevel advisory committee has tentatively decided to recommend that President Reagan back a program of amnesty for about 1 million ille-

The committee also will recommend improving enforcement of the immigration laws, penalizing employers for hiring illegal aliens and permitting a limited number of Mexicans to work legally in the United States under an experimentai program.

Aides to the President's Task Force on Immigration and Refugee Policy said Friday that the panel agreed Thursday to include those proposals in a package to be submitted to Mr. Reagan this

Attorney General William French Smith is chairman of the panel, which includes seven other Cabinet members and the director of the Office of Management and Budget. The president established the panel Feb. 27 to help develop an immigration policy for the administration. White House officials said last week that Mr. Reagan had not made any decisions on the subject.

three bushels we grow, or the sur-pluses start building up. If the

Russian crop is bad again this fall,

they may have to buy some from us. But if we can't find other coun-

tries who want more American wheat, we'll be looking at some

\$3.50 prices this fall."

The advisory panel was said by last February. However, the resiits staff to have agreed on this twotier program for legalizing the status of illegal aliens:

• Those who were present in the United States before Jan. 1. 1980, and who have been "continually resident" in the United States for at least five years, could apply to the government to become permanent resident aliens. The panel estimated that there were 1.2 million persons in this category, although the estimate, like most counts of illegal aliens. had a large margin of error.

• Illegal aliens who have resided in the United States for three to five years would be eligible for temporary worker status. They could legally work in the United States and could convert their status to that of permanent resident aliens after tiving here for five years. It was estimated that there were 1.5 million aliens in this class.

Census Bureau researchers have estimated that there are 3.5 million to 6 million illegal aliens in the United States. Most studies suggest that Mexicans account for no more than half the total.

Proposals Similar

The amnesty proposal envi-sioned by the advisory panel resembles proposals made by for-mer President Jimmy Carter in 1977 and by another study group, the Select Commission on Immigration and Refugee Policy, headed by the Rev. Theodore M. Hesburgh, president of the University of Notre Dame, in its final report

U.S. Copter Crash Kills 2 The Associated Press

JACKSONVILLE, N.C. - Two Marine pilots from the New River Air Station were killed Friday when their helicopter crashed in the Atlantic Ocean, authorities

dence requirements in the proposal being submitted to Mr. Reagan appear more stringent than those in the earlier plans.

The legalization of illegal aliens, sanctions against employers' hiring undocumented workers and a guest-worker program would need the approval of Congress. The Immigration and Naturalization Service itself could step up enforcement at the border and inside the country, assuming that Congress would grant additional money and manpower for existing programs.

After much debate, the task force reportedly agreed to recom-mend a two-year pilot program under which 50,000 Mexicans could come to the United States as temporary workers.

As a presidential candidate, Mr. Reagan expressed support for a much larger guest-worker program. Since taking office, he has reaffirmed his interest in the idea. emphasizing the need to provide a safety valve for the Mexican econ-

Joan Little Wounded By Assailant in N.Y.

The Associated Press NEW YORK - Joan Little, who attracted national attention during a 1975 trial in which she was acquitted of killing a North Carolina jail guard who she said had tried to rape her, was reported in fair condition in a Brooklyn hospital after being shot in the chest.

Miss Little, 27, was shot a week

ago as she and a friend left a Brooklyn pizza parlor near her home, a detective said. He said no motive had been established and there were no suspects. She was released from a North Carolina prison in 1979 after serving terms for burglary and for a prison escape.

idents of a Small, Remote Utah Town nder How MX Will Affect Their Lives

Tork Times Service

Page II

2017-1-12

ود پاستان استانتان

0.25

r pari irrent

3.5

slicopter had left, Rusty slicopter had left, Rusty selection of West Desert High - went rabbit hunting.

was setting over the seek Range behind the add the rabbits began to that the dirt roads of the Utah desert. Rusty felt desert Rusty felt ser all, Gov. Scott M. had been here to deliver encement address to the seniors — both of

whose real name is Viviwhose real name is Vivi-his classmate. Susan lictorian of the class of y had asked Gov. Mathetheir guest because they rious about Air Force ... deploy the MX missile their town and through-- ireat Basin of Utah and

ear that in the name of decurity, the way of life in a just south of the old ress Route in an area 50 kilometers) from a paved relephone — may vanish it of the Old West did a ago Gov Matheson

Scausing the Area

are three classrooms and in the West Desert school in the West Desert school
and 57 students in kini through grade 12, and the east windows of the m where he addressed not of 150, the governor o the sites proposed for

stured toward an area 112,101 feet) to the north, othills of the Fish Spring the east to Community outh. A few hundred peo-Bull of this beautiful gray-green it Gov. Matheson dislikes isolation.

Bull bull of the second states in the not isolated insofar as the second states of t

restream of public decisiona this state is concerned," is listeners. "See that na-curity is served, but see, the multiple concerns of life are maintained."

A. Alder, 32, the school is, lives on the ranch where rought up, 5 miles to the c was away at the Univeritah in 1972 when electric ame to Partoun, Trout id other tiny settlements in airy, but he returned to says will always be home. decide how to solve our blems," he said. "The fame know there would be oney and advantages elsebut that is not their

Hoffman said: "I'm one ... w people out here who is

progress. The nearest hospital is in Delta 90 miles east. There are no this," she said. "There are cities gas stations. But I don't want anything to min my farm."

ern Utah State College in Cedar City, where he will study agricultural mechanics. Then he plans to return to the desert.

In Guatemala The Associated Press

Authorities in the town of Cuilapa, 39 miles (62 kilometers) outside the capital, said the bodies were found late Saturday and that all the victims appeared to have

The only body identified was that of Fluvio Alirio Mejia Milian, a journalist who worked out of the provincial capital of Baja Verapaz, about 90 miles north of here, until he was kidnaped on May i. On Thursday, unidentified gunnen in Quezaltenango shot to death Edgar Rolandon Castillo Rivera, the director of Radioperiodico

He has a scholarship to South-

As for Susan Douglass, she will go to Utah State University in Logan to study veterinary medicine; she, too, plans to return to Par-

15 Found Shot

GUATEMALA CITY - The bodies' of 15 persons, including that of the second journalist killed here last week, were discovered near a small town southeast of the canital according to judicial au-

been tortured before they were

America, a radio news station.

By Michael Getler

Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON - Will SALT, that well-

known collection of letters that has come to stand

for U.S.-Soviet arms control negotiations, turn

into SART, a newcomer among diplomatic buzz-

Administration officials are pondering this matter as they try to bring a clear, Reagan-admin-

istration touch to the world of arms control. The

aim would be to have the name for possible future

SALT, since 1969, has stood for Strategic Arms

Limitation Talks, the process by which the two

superpowers have sought to put limits on their

continent-spanning missiles, bombers and missile-

Mr. Reagan campaigned on the idea that the

first SALT agreement, reached with Moscow in

1972, and the second one, signed in 1979, have not limited nuclear weapons but rather have al-

lowed a mutual buildup more favorable to the Russians than to the United States.

The new president has said repeatedly that he is

willing to engage in "real" aring control negotia-

firing submarines.

talks match the views of the new administration.

for some industry. I've lived here for like to see some the land, ruin our life dirt roads. I've lived here for like to see some the land, ruin our life dirt roads. I've like to see some the land, ruin our life styles."

The life graduation of this graduation progress. The nearest hospital is in the land, ruin our life styles."

everywhere. You can move to a city if you want a city. I don't think the city should move here."

4,600 Concrete Shelters

The Air Force proposes to base 200 MX missiles in this desert, moving them in and among 4,600 concrete shelters, to frustrate detection by the Soviet Union and deter any attack.

In its draft report assessing the environmental impact of the MX deployment - which would probably be the world's largest public works project, at a cost critics have said would be more than \$100 billion over 10 years - the Air Force acknowledged that there would be social and environmental disruption, but it said the effect could be

Rusty and Susan, Mr. Alder, Gov. Matheson and many others in Partorn said they did not believe the ecology of the desert could withstand MX construction.

"If our resources were limitless," the governor declared, "we would not be forced to ask ourselves what economic and social opportunities are forgone by making massive investments in armaments. "But viewed in the context that

national security is defined by a strong national economy, stable energy markets, social well-being and military preparedness, perhaps we must conclude that the race against the Soviets to build and deploy gold-plated weaponry can be won only by starving other vital components of that national

SALT Could Turn Into SART

Reagan Prefers Arms 'Reduction' to 'Limitation'

U.S. Wheat Farmers Hope For New Sales to Russians back," Mr. Webber said. "We've By Seth S. King got to export two out of every

New York Times Service

HILLSDALE, Okla. - With another bumper crop of winter wheat nearing maturity, farmers in this region are anxiously listening to the market news and watching for reports of grain prospects in the Soviet Union.

While the Corn Belt states to the north and east were seriously short of moisture, timely rains here this month gave the wheat a big lift, indicating ample supplies of American bread grain for thos

But unless the Soviet Union de-Sen. Helms has campaigned vig-orously for the upgrading of U.S. wheat this fall, and America's reg-relations with Taiwan. He has charged that Mr. Holdridge has as usual, or more, wheat farmers moved American policy too close will be faced with another drop in income. Last fall, American farmers

planted 12 percent more land in

winter wheat, a crop that is sown

in autumn, lies dormant through the winter and is ready for harvest from mid-May through June and July. Winter wheat constitutes 75 percent of the total American The Agriculture Department and private forecasters are predicting a record 1981 winter-wheat

crop of more than 2 billion bushels - 10 percent larger than last season's record production.

Farmers' Views Ralph Ransom, who since 1937 has been raising winter wheat on his family's farm in north-central Oklahoma, said: "We got more than an inch of rain earlier this month, and it's made a big difference. But we started the season real dry, and about a third of my wheat looks great, a third is all

right, and a third is barely fair." About 100 miles (160 kilometers) to the north in Kansas, in the rich winter-wheat area just east of Wichita, Harlan C. Webber was expecting a big crop if his fields got an inch of rain in the next two

Mr. Webber was showing a visi-tor some plant heads he had just pulled off that morning. "Because it's been drier than usual this spring, this wheat is about three weeks ahead of its usual ripening time," he said. "That means it's almost as good now as it's going to

Last summer's drought in the Midwest came after most of America's wheat had matured and farmers throughout Kansas and Oklahoma brought in bumper yields.

Not as Good Abroad

But the same was not true in other major wheat-growing countries, including the Soviet Union. Even though the curtailment of grain sales to the Russians was still in effect, demand from other importing countries was strong, and this pushed the prices that Mr. Ransom and Mr. Webber received last fall and winter to as high as

\$4,25 a bushel. But when the 1981 wheat marketing year ends June 1, the United States is expected to have nearly 950 million bushels left over, or more than a year's domestic sup-

ply.
"I don't think we're ever going

SAIL TO NEW YORK. RETURN FREE.

It's the most civilised way to cross the Atlantic. And the cheapest way to come home.

Spend 5 days on the Queen Elizabeth 2 (to or from New York) and we will fly you free either to or from Frankfurt, Paris, Geneva, Zurich, Brussels, Amsterdam or London. On the QE2 your cabin will be air-conditioned with

its own bath (or shower), toilet, radio and telephone, and with a steward and stewardess on call. There are four restaurants with food, wine and service that put most first-class hotels to shame; seven bars, three dance floors, a nightclub, theatre, cinema and shopping

As well as four swimming pools, we have a sauna,

turkish baths, gymnasium and beauty salon. Less hectic diversions can be found in our lounges,

libraries and card room. Our offer applies to any of this year's sailings. Southampton to New York: May 31, June 18, July 12, 31, August 11, September 6, 17, October 3, 18, December 4. New York to Southampton: June 12, 23, July 25, August 5, 23,

September 11, 27, October 12, November 5. For further information on the above offer and other attractive alternative fares, contact your travel agent or Cunard office in the UK or Europe.



By William Chapman
Washington Post Service
TOKYO — The Japanese government, in an apparent policy shift, seems to be backing away from earlier assertions that it trusts the United States to carry out U.S.-Japanese accords barring storage of American nuclear weap-

ons in Japanese territory.
The government asked Saturday for clarification from Washington of the latest report — that a sign warning of nuclear contamination is still present at an ammunition dump - suggesting that American nuclear weapons may have been brought into Japan in violation of the agreements.

Faced with earlier claims that American nuclear devices have been present in Japan, the government had been saying only that it trusted that the United States has always honored its agreement.

The seeming change in policy follows a week of intense pressure on the government to answer questions about a series of allegations that nuclear weapons have either been stored in Japan or been brought into ports aboard American warships that call here.

The press and opposition members of the Diet (parliament) have demanded thorough investiga-tions, including responses from American officials. But the government so far has refused to respond to the substance of any of them.

The latest report surfaced in parliament Friday when an opposition member, Yanosuke Narazaki of the United Social Democratic Party, disclosed that a sign warning of possible nuclear contamination has been discovered at a former U.S. ammunition dump near the city of Kita-Kyushu. He said the sign was still present even though the ammunition dump was returned to Japanese control in

Clarification Confirmed

Mr. Narazaki also said he had evidence that U.S. nuclear weapons have been stored at U.S. ammunition dumps near the naval base at Yokosuka and at Kure, near Hiroshima in western Japan.

A Foreign Ministry spokesman confirmed Saturday that a request for clarification of the nuclear contamination sign had been forwarded to the U.S. Embassy in Tokyo, but there was no explanation for its being treated differently than the other cases.

The chief Cabinet secretary, Kiichi Miyazawa, reaffirmed Saturday that there would be no similar request to the United States for clarification of a claim by former U.S. officials that the U.S. Navy in 1961 stored atomic bombs on a landing ship anchored off Iwakuni, the site of a U.S. Marine Corps air station. He said the reports concerned matters that took place that took place many years ago and did not merit

The ship's presence was disclosed by a former Pentagon official, Daniel H. Ellsberg, and confirmed by two other former high-ranking U.S. officials.

The reports about nuclear arms began a week ago with the asser-tion by former U.S. Ambassador O. Reischauer that U.S. warships carrying nuclear weapons had been routinely allowed to dock in Japan and pass through Japanese waters.

Nuclear weaponry is an extremely sensitive issue in Japan, and governments for two decades have insisted that American nuclear arms were neither stored ashore nor carried into port on ships. The reports have placed the embattled government of Premier Zenko Suzuki in a delicate position.

A 1960 Japanese-U.S. agreement clearly promised that nuclear weapons would not be brought ashore. Any evidence proving conclusively that they were would amount to a violation of the agree-

The presence of shipborne nuclear weapons is a different matter. Japanese governments have claimed that the 1960 agreement also embraced ships carrying nu-clear weapons and that they could

Pact Reported Closer on U.S. Bases in Greece

New York Times Service ATHENS - Greek and American diplomats negotiating an accord on American bases and economic and military aid are approaching a compromise that may enable them to sign an agreement next month.

The Greek Defense Minister has warned the United States that restrictions on the operation of the bases would be imposed if the ac-cord was not ratified well before elections in November, according to sources close to the talks.

The compromise concerns the wording of U.S. pledges to maintain the balance of power between Greece and Turkey and to act to prevent war between the two NATO members. These issues have been the main obstacles in four months of negotiations, but a breakthrough came after talks between Foreign Minister Constan-tine Mitsotakis and Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. at the recent conference of NATO foreign ministers in Rome.

The IHT maintains

wouldn't you?

People who shape the world can't

That's why successful people in 143

Each day, the Trib carries over 40

analysis. Informed opinion spiced with

afford to see it from just one angle.

countries read the International

Herald Tribune each day. Printed in

Paris, London, Zurich and Hong Kong,

point... a world view that sheds new

light on distant events and places

national news in a global context.

international datelines. Rigorously objective fact balanced with astute

it has a uniquely international vantage

happening elsewhere.

Nor to let nearby events obscure what's

a sense of proportion.

You'd subscribe to that,

That interpretation is disputed by Mr. Reischauer and at least three former Japanese officials knowledgeable about the 1960 negotiations. They have said that the United States never agreed that nuclear weapons could not be car-

Reischauer's Memory Questioned TOKYO (LAT) — Cabinet Secretary Kiichi Miyazawa said Sunday that Mr. Reischauer may have made mistakes in recalling "events of long ago" because Mr. Reis-chauer had suffered a grave illness and had grown old. Mr. Reis-chauer, 70, was hospitalized for nearly a month in Boston last Aug-

Mr. Miyazawa said, "Because he wir. Miyazawa said, nectaise he suffered a grave illness and has grown old, and is speaking about events of long ago, I think he has made a few mistakes in his recol-

ust and earlier had suffered a heart

He said that in the April, 1960, parliamentary debate about the 1960 revision of the U.S.-Japanese security treaty, the Japanese de-fense agency director at the time had made it clear that port calls by U.S. Navy ships were included in a new treaty requirement for prior consultations with Japan before the United States introduced nuclear weapons into Japan.

He said a member of parliament had asked if the United States would be required to consult with Japan before American ships visit-ed the U.S. Navy base at Yokosuka, and the defense agency director had responded, "That would be subject to prior consultations."

That interchange is recorded in parliamentary records. There is no way of supposing the United States would not know this. And Mr. Reischauer came [to Japan as ambassador] one year after that," Mr. Miyazawa said.

Tokyo Reaffirms Position

TOKYO (Reuters) - The Japanese government has reaffirmed its contention that the United States has not violated the 1960 treaty provisions on nuclear weapons. A Foreign Ministry spokesman said Saturday the government firmly believed no nuclear weapons had been brought into Japan because the United States had sought no prior consultation.

He said there was no need for the government to seek official U.S. explanations beyond an assurance given by U.S. Ambassador Mike Mansfield to Foreign Minis-ter Sunao Sonoda last Wednesday.



AGROUND - Twenty-three crew members from the Japanese bulk steel carrier Pacific Charger were rescued after the vessel ran aground last week on its maiden voyage as it entered the harbor in Wellington, New Zealand. Three men stayed aboard the ship in order to protect the cargo.

Western Group Discusses New Namibia Initiatives

By Juan de Onis

New York Times Service WASHINGTON - The United States and four other Western countries have completed a new examination of ways to try to break the deadlock on talks on independence for South-West Africa (Namibia), the State Department has announced, without releasing

U.S. officials said South Africa had previously responded to pro-posals made in Washington this month to Foreign Minister R.F. Botha by Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. that suggested a new framework for the Namibia

Dean Fischer, the State Department spokesman, said Friday that "this is not the moment to make public" the content of the South African reply or of two days of subsequent discussions in Washington with representatives of Britain. France. West Germany and Canada - talks that Mr. Fischer characterized as an "extensive ex-

THESE ARE THE SPECIAL

OF THE INTRODUCTORY

DISCOUNT

amination of ways to move the negotiating process forward." Western diplomats said that the South African reply, as communicated by the United States to its

Contact Group

The so-called Western contact group promotes a United Nations plan for Namibian independence. in 1978 the UN Security Council unanimously adopted a resolution calling for a peacekeeping force to supervise a cease-fire and elec-

A senior State Department official who participated in the talks between Mr. Haig and Mr. Botha said the United States had pressed South Africa to provide a "definitive list" of its objections to the UN plan as a basis for finding a formula acceptable to both South Africa and the African countries that support guerrillas in Namibia.

described by Reagan administration officials as "constructive engagement" and is said to be less confrontational" than that followed by the Carter administra-

A study sponsored by the Rockefeller Foundation called Thursday for stronger restrictions on South Africa until blacks obtain power" there. Mr. Fischer said the report — "South Africa: Time Running Out" — would be "read with interest" by State Depart-ment officials, but he withheld comment on the recommenda-

6 Rebels Sentenced To Death in Angola

bers of a guerrilla organization seeking independence for the oilrich enclave of Cabinda, the Ango-

lan news agency reported.

The agency said Saturday that the six had been found guilty of bombing strategic economic targets, schools and hospitals in Cabinda. The coastal province, which accounts for most of Angola's oil production of 160,000 barrels a day, is separated from the rest of northern Angola by a 30-mile-wide (48-kilometer) corridor of Zairian

four partners, was "generally posi-

This approach to South Africa is

an effective share of political

LISBON - An Angolan court has sentenced to death six mem-

May Send Voters to Polls Again ously, with seven seats for the Free Democrats and nine for the Alternative List, a group that has refused cooperation with any other May 10 elections had been brought

New York Times Service

BERLIN - Two weeks after the West Berlin elections in which Chancellor Helmut Schmidt's Social Democrats were voted out of office, the city's political parties are finding themselves in a deadlock that may force them to call the electorate to the polls again.
With the Social Democratic Par-

ty falling below the 40-percent mark, the winners in the election were the conservative Christian Democrats, who received 47.9 percent of the vote but failed to win enough seats to form a majority

After a stormy session late Fri-day night, the liberal Free Demo-crats, who were expected to join the Christian Democrats in a new middle-right coalition, rejected the bid and said they would go into opposition along with the Social Democrats, their former partners in West Berlin and current allies in Mr. Schmidt's coalition government in Bonn.

"In view of the negative decision, I can no longer rule out the need to call new elections in the near future," Richard von Weizsaecker, the Christian Demo-cratic candidate for mayor, told a reporter. "Our first priority must be to get a workable government for this city."

Consensus Breaks Down

The election saw the breakdown of a consensus of left-liberal politi-cal forces that have held power in West Berlin for most of its postwar history. In a trend that could set the pattern for similar developments in West Germany, a large segment of young voters supported a new leftist pacifist group, the Al-ternative List, which polled 7.2 percent, while other discontented voters moved to the right, swelling the ranks of the Christian Demo-

Frequently in the past, political trends in West Germany have sur-faced first in West Berlin.

The leader of the Free Democrats in Bonn, Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher, had urged the Berlin chapter of his party to join the Christian Democrats or at least give Mr. von Weizsaecker tacit support, thus signaling a move away from Mr. Schmidt's Social Democrats, but the local party ignored the message. Mr. Genscher and other Free Democratic aides called the decision to stay out of the city government disappointing. **Final Results**

Final election results, published after a recount became necessary in several districts, gave the Social Democrats 51 seats, instead of the 52 seats that had been listed previ-

Peking Invites Dalai Lama to **Keturn to Tibet**

United Press Interno PEKING - On the 30th anniversary of the absorption of Tibet, China has reiterated an invitation to the Dalai Lama to return.

Li Weihan, who negotiated the inclusion of Tibet in 1951, said on the anniversary day Saturday: "We cannot but think of the Dalai Lama and the Tibetan compatriots overseas who live under another's roof and separate themselves from their motherland and its people." Mr. Li told a Peking raily that China's door is "wide open."

The Dalai Lama, spiritual and temporal leader of Tibetans, fled in 1959. He was allowed to visit Tibet in a private capacity early

Ngapoi Ngawang Jigme, the for-mer Tibetan official who is now a vice chairman of the National People's Congress, said that China plans ambitious development in the province. He expressed hope that "Tibet will put an end to its state of poverty within the next

political party.

The correction brought the total

West Berlin Political Deadlock

in the new house down to 132 seats, of which the Christian Democrats hold 65, two seats short of a majority. Without calling new elections, Mr. von Weizsaecker's only chance was seen in getting at least two or three Free Democrats to leave their group and join his par-

Observers said they would not rule out such temporary moves but added that they believed new elec-tions would eventually have to be called, at the latest by next spring.

forward two years after the last is city government fell in January d. amid charges of corruption and fi- in nancial scandals and a severe whousing shortage that crupted in ip

violent youth protests.

Hans-Jochen Vogel, the Social Democrat who has been serving as interim mayor, is scheduled to step down June 11, the day the city parada liament meets for the first time. Unless Mr. von Weizsaecker can win a majority and form a new city government, Mr. Vogel will be asked to continue as caretaker, a parliamentary aide said.

Turks Ask European Aid In Tracing Agca's Links

By Marvine Howe New York Times Service

ANKARA -- Former Premier Bulent Ecevit has urged foreign se-curity forces, particularly those of West Germany, to cooperate with Turkey in investigating the European connections of Mehmet Ali Agea, the young Turk accused of shooting Pope John Paul II.

"Who protected, fed and used Agca, in which European countries? Who filled his wallet with forcign exchange and gave him the gun? Who helped him in crossing borders freely?" Mr. Ecevit asked in an editorial Saturday in his

weekly newsmagazine. Arayis. Mr. Ecevit's comment undercored the widespread resentment in Turkish circles over what is perceived as the failure of security services in half a dozen European countries to establish the trail of the Turkish gunman and his possible accomplices.

Dimensions of Terrorism'

Leaders of the ruling military, starting with the head of state, Gen. Kenan Evren, have strongly criticized Turkey's allies in the North Atlantic Treaty Organization for a lack of cooperation in dealing with wanted Turkish terrorists who have escaped abroad.

"The attack on the pope showed the dimensions of international terrorism," Gen. Evren declared after the assassination attempt May 13. "We have been telling our European friends about this for a long time. Now I hope some of our European friends who are seemingly completely unaware of the scope of terrorism will realize the problem."

Mr. Ecevit and other voices in the Turkish independent and left-ist press are demanding investigations into Mr. Agea's case, his links with Turkey's neo-Fascist National Action Party, and the party's connections with organiza-

Mr. Ecevit's editorial pointed out that Mr. Agea's murder in 1979 of Abdi Ipekci, a prominent Turkish newspaperman, was one of the acts of terror listed in the indictment against the National Action Party. Mr. Ecevit said that the West German authorities

U.S. Navy Is Buying 6 New Missile Vessels The Associated Freis

WASHINGTON — The U.S. Navy has awarded more than \$500 million in contracts for six additional guided-missile frigates and says it plans to continue building the ships on both coasts "in the interest of national defense and industrial mobilization."

The contracts were awarded Friday to the Bath Iron Works Corp. of Bath, Me., which is to build three of the frigates for \$247 mil-tion, and to Todd Pacific Shipyards, which is to build two frigates at Los Angeles for \$181.9 million and a third at Seattle for \$93.6 million. The Navy hopes to build 51 of the Perry-class vessels

should be informed at the highest level about information on the party and its affiliated Idealists, included in the indictment.

Ankara's martial-law prosecutor has demanded the death sentence for the party leader, retired Col.
Alpaslan Turkes, and 219 of his associates on charges of trying to seize power by force under the "mask" of anti-Communism. On the other hand, the Turkish

authorities are now understood to be preparing new approaches to intelligence services in Europe that are believed to have information on Turkish fugitives from justice.

The complaint in Turkey's reling military circles is that the NATO allies tend to consider Turkish opposition figures, even convicted terrorists and murders like Mr. Agea, as dissidents or political refugees and therefore show them tolerance.

"We told our allies that they should help cooperate against ter-rorism, but they didn't take us seri-ously," a senior military officer said recently.

There is new hope in the Turkish military that in the wake of the attack on the pope, the Europeans will show more cooperation in their response to Turkey's lengthy list of wanted terrorists, of both the left and the right.

Labor Leaders Freed

ISTANBUL (AP) — Military authorities in Istanbul freed seven persons held in connection with a long investigation into the activities of the banned DISK labor confederation, sources reported

Among those released was Prof. Sadum Aren, a lecturer at the political science faculty in Ankara and one of the leftist unionists who set up the radical DISK (Confederation of Revolutionary Workers' Unions) in 1967.

Greek Cypriots Go to the Polls: Close Race Seen

NICOSIA — Greek Cypriots voted Sunday in parliamentary elections that could undermine the position of President Spyro Кургіапоц.

A pre-election poll showed his center-right Democratic Party trailing behind the Moscowaligned Communist Party Akel and the rightist Democratic Rally. Political observers believed the

election would be a close fight between the pro-Western Democratic Rally and Akel. Seven parties represented by 252 candidates, are contesting 35 seats. For the first time voting is com-

pulsory. Failure to vote can result Turkish Cypriots in the north of the island, which has been divided since Turkish troops invaded it 1974, will vote next month for their 48 seat legislative assembly.

POSITION	SALARY	EMPLOYER	LOCAT.	QUALIFICATIONS	CONTACT	Source
INT'L BANKING Spein & L. America, Fr. & Eng Sp. Africa		Major Brancial institution (Market Development).		Young, intelligent, exp. in in!! housing flood in relevant lang. 2 1st land way. of geographical area in question.	Nof. 8963/ET, P.J. Williamson A.Y.M.S., 7 Rolls Statistings, Federation London EE4A 1101, Tol.: 67-8317132	<u>iri</u> 145-51
DIRECTOR Mktg. & Strategic Analysis-Europe	-	let'i firm serving chemical industry.		Sound yes our either care staff positions or consultancy & prof. also in actual scales; chemical stagel; Eng. +	Managing Mirector, Bist & 1754, International Merall Tribuna, 92521 Meelily Codes, France.	CHT. 14-5-81
SALES ENGINEER Savdi Arabia		Fluid Systems Britisian of SOP Inc.	Eyadı	College/usiv. dag, in chanical mejawaing, nections of mejawaing at chanicity, SECORS, cales meanly, Eng. + Arabit,	Instant O. Abendinan, Fluid Systems Birtsion, U.S.P., Inc., P.O. Box 5847, Hijadis, Sand Arabia.	LRT. 145-81
MANAGING DIRECTOR		Hellezid Oce Reprey arbic.	Byañ .	position, lay, + min, 2 lang; protest cap, in ladas, mily, & sales,	LL'A. Piscount Oct-van der Grinten R.V. P.G. Box 187, 5000 MA Venin, Instand	Wall Street Journal 15-5-81
ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR		Scientific research & training org.	Bargladesh	Mic. 10 yes. Suster Mart. in large arg. v. arg. in develop. countries, knowl. ESP, left Pro- cussment & Personni, 1984, CL/CPA park.	Sirector, Int'l Contor for Simplement Disease Research, G.P.A. Day 128, Dacco-Z. Bangladicia.	LAT. 16-5-87
PROJECT MANAGER		NKF Rabel B.V. (cable Technology Department).	_	Tech add: feather's healt are received		iri 16-5-81
FINANCE MANAGER	la tee	Saudi Livestuck Transportation & Transport	Maria Santi Antia	14 by w becare First 70000 F	The Managing Myschel, Sand Linesteck Transportation & Trailing Co., P.B. Box N° 77363, Mysali.	Economist 16-5-81
INTERNATIONAL OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT		lotT management consulting firm.	Rossels	35-40; part petr day; ideally MAA, potent record of arthurnment in localizable rate, incl. consulting Eng., R. — Sur. & Buick.	The Proposed Manages, Action S. Little, Statistry Speam, Landon W12 APT	Economist 15-5-81
CONTROLLER		Int'l Accounting Firm	Paris, Optra	BESS or equivalent, flower English. A francis, capable of working in just a variable of the capable of the capa	Hrs. Ancellot. Past, Magnet, Mitchell & Co. 3 Non-Julius, 15000 Paris.	LH.T. 19-5-81
SALES & DISTRIBUTION MANAGER		Pressure sensitive films.	Assumed Europa	Not logal, salt extincts sittle estate saccess track record of saling presides quality pressure saccilies that systems.		INT. 19541

I want to receive the IHT □ home □ office address below for: ☐ 12 months (rates 6 months x 2)

Job title/profession Company activity **Nationality**

Herald-Tribune Incisive. In depth. International.

25-5-81

incisive humor. Plus sports and culture,

Compact and concise, quick and clear, the Trib is designed to suit the

lifestyle, fit the workstyle of today's

decision makers. People who give

People with a sense of proportion.

each thing the time it's worth.

features and funnies, puzzles and

personalities.

IMPORTANT: Payment must be enclosed with order to: IHT, 181 avenue Charles-de-Gaulle, 92521 Neuilly Cedex, France. Pro-forma invoices Rates valid through August 31, 1981.

THIS OFFER VALID FOR FIRST-TIME SUB-SCRIBERS ONLY.

Receive the IHT every day at your home or office. Take advantage of our special introductory discount: 25% off the regular subscription rate or up to 42% off the newsstand price, depending on your country of residence. Return the coupon today. Benefit from a broader viewpoint.

Pope Declared Out of Danger; **Doctors Tell Operation Details**

By Lawrence K. Altman, M.D. full neurological examination has New York Times Service ROME - Doctors treating Pope

John Paul II say that he is out of danger and should recover from his gunshot wounds within 60

Saturday's medical bulletin represented a relief to the doctors who have been treating the pope since he was shot on May 13. In interviews conducted with the Vatican's approval, they agreed in recent days to clarify confusion that resulted from early reports after the shooting and to recount the steps that they took to save the

pope's life.
At the time of the shooting, one of the chief surgeons of the Gemelli hospital, Dr. Giancarlo Castiglione, was at a medical meeting in Milan. He rushed back to Rome by air. In an interview he recalled how the first news reports had confused him.

Like millions of people, he heard that the pope had been hit in the pancreas. The report came over a radio aboard his flight to Rome. and until he entered the operating room, he feared for the pontiff's life. He knew that digestive enzymes produced by the pancreas could interfere with the healing process, creating a high probability that the wounds would be lethal. In fact, the bullet did not injure the pancreas, and the pope was in a different kind of danger. It has now become clear that the pope

only narrowly missed being para-Hole in Sacrum

One bullet severely damaged his intestines. The bullet left a hole as it passed directly through the left side of the sacrum, the bone at the bottom of the vertebral column that protects the spinal cord.

The injury to the sacrum caused severe bleeding during and after the operation on May 13. The pope received six pints of blood in the operation and four more pints during the first four days thereafter. In all, he had virtually his entire blood volume replaced by transfu-

Since his operation, he has walked around his hospital suite. The built apparently did not cause nerve damage, although no

U.K. Ford Strike Ends The Associated Press

HALEWOOD, England -Nearly 10,000 workers at Ford's largest auto plant in Britain decid-ed Saturday to end a 15-day strike and go back to work on Tuesday. The strike at the Halewood factory near Liverpool began after four men were suspended under the management's new disciplinary

been made so far. Many nerves pass through the sacrum on their way to the pelvis and legs. The doctors said it will be some time before they can determine whether the pontiff suffered damage to

The pope was like a moving target in a shooting gallery, slowly bending and turning his head as he the crowd in St. Peter's Square," Dr. Castiglione said in the interview. "It is a miracle. If you look at an anatomy book, you cannot find a space wide enough for a bullet to pass through and miss so many vital organs."

Steps to save the pope's life began almost immediately after the shooting when his personal doctor, Renato Buzzonetti, and others started resuscitation efforts in the ambulance that took him from the Vatican to the hospital. The trip ordinarily takes 30 minutes, but this time the ambulance, with a police escort, made it in half that time, arriving at 5:45 p.m.

Dr. Antonio G. Lucia, one of the doctors attached to the hospital, opened the rear door. The pope was on a stretcher. Fluids dripped through a tube into a vein in his left arm.

"Everything Is Organized"

The pope looked rather pale, but he nodded," Dr. Lucia recalled in an interview. "I told him not to worry. 'Everything is organized for your care,' I said."

The doctors began evaluating the extent of the mjuries. When they saw that one of the two bullet wounds was at the sacrum, they wondered whether the pope had been paralyzed. It was an anxious moment. But the tension eased when the pope moved his arms and legs on command. Still, Dr. Lucia said, the doctors were nervous about his condition.

The pope asked for medication to relieve his pain. He was cooperative, followed doctors' orders and talked with his aides in Polish.

Dr. Francesco Crucitti, who cal units, made a 13-inch incision the length of the abdomen, and only then were the doctors struck by the gravity of the injuries. The cavity was full of blood clots representing perhaps 40 percent of the total blood volume. It was evident that the large intestine had been

runtured in at least one place. Then the doctors saw that the bullet had torn the small intestine in five places. There were additional holes in the mesentery, the membrane that keeps the intestines in place and through which the blood vessels and nerves pass to the bowel.

Blood spurted from blood ves-sels. The first and most important goal was to stop the bleeding. A clamp was placed on an artery here, a vein there. But the bleeding continued.

The pope's blood pressure was dropping rapidly, but he was not in shock," Dr. Crucitti recalled. More transfusions were given.

In the first of five repairs to the small intestine. Dr. Crucitti said, he sewed shut a hole about an inch and a half wide that the bullet had made in the small intestine, opening into the large intestine. In the large intestine there was a

rent in the portion that ends in the rectum. The torn portion was stitched, finally restoring the entire intestinal tube.

When Dr. Castiglione examined the sacrum, he found he could put his finger through the hole the bul-let had left. The doctors packed the hole with wax to stop further bleeding.

Five tubes were placed into the abdominal cavity to drain whatever intestinal contents could not be washed out and any blood that accumulated after the operation. The last of the tubes was removed on Friday.

Pope Blesses Sick

VATICAN CITY (AP) - In a recorded message from the hospital, Pope John Paul II offered "comfort and hope" Sunday to those who, like himself, are ill.

The pontiff's voice sounded tired and weak as he made the three-minute statement in Italian. was broadcast worldwide by Vatican radio and relayed over loudspeakers set up in St. Peter's Square.

Three hundred pilgrims from Poland, the pope's native land, hoisted Polish flags as the pope's message began. They stood at the spot on the cobblestone square where the assassination attempt took place May 13.

"I want today to address myself in particular to all the sick, giving heads one of Gemelli's three surgi- to them, myself, sick like them, a word of comfort and hope," the pope said. He also thanked all those who had prayed for his re-

Soviet Dissident Jailed The Associated Press

MOSCOW - Kim Fridman, a Ukrainian Jewish activist, has been sentenced to one year in prison for "parasitism," or refusal to work, according to dissident sources. They said the charges were false and were part of a campaign against Ukrainian Jews seeking to emigrate.



Pope John Paul II chatted Sunday afternoon in his Rome hospital room with Mrs. Rose Hall, 21, who was wounded in the attempt on his life on May 13; her husband, Ken; and Mrs. Hall's mother, right. Mr. Hall, an American Protestant minister based in Wuerzburg, West Germany, told newsmen that the pope appeared "very weak, but was cordial" and "gave Rose his prayers."

David Lewis, 71, Canadian Socialist, Dies

From Agency Dispatches
OTTAWA — David Lewis, 71, a
former New Democratic Party leader and one of Canada's most prominent Socialists, died Satur-

In 1971, Mr. Lewis succeeded T.C. (Tommy) Douglas as party leader, and he took on his first national campaign against Prime Minister Pierre Elliot Trudeau in October, 1972. The election sent 31 NDP members to the Commons and gave Mr. Lewis the balance of power between Mr. Trudeau's 109 Liberals and Robert Stanfield's 107 Conservative parli-

amentary members. In the following two years, despite his party's comparatively small number of seats, its pressure on the government helped to produce a reform of federal election laws and the formation of the government oil concern, Petro-Canada, and the Foreign Investment Review Agency to monitor foreign takeovers of Canadian businesses.

In 1975, Mr. Lewis was replaced after the New Democrats lost support in the 1974 election. Mr. Lewis, who was a Rhodes scholar at Oxford University, was the son of a Polish immigrant who came to Canada in 1921.

Boris Sagal

PORTLAND, Ore. (AP) - Boris Sagal, who directed the American television series "Masada," was killed when he accidentally walked into a spinning helicopter rotor during the filming of a television movie.

Maria Caetano Freire

LISBON (Reuters) - Maria Caetano Freire, the most powerful woman in Portugal during the 36 vears in which the former dictator, Antonio de Oliveira Salazar, ruled

OBITUARIES

the country, died Sunday in Lisbon. She was in her 80s.

Known throughout Portugal as "Dona Maria," she was Mr. Salazar's lifelong companion and housekeeper, guarding access to his presence, keeping him abreast of popular gossip and acting as a personal confidant to the premier, who was not married.

Randolph T. Blackwell ATLANTA (AP) - Dr. Randolph T. Blackwell, 53, an associ-

ate of the late Martin Luther King Jr. and founder of Southern Rural Action, Inc., died Thursday. Mr. Blackwell founded Southern Rural Action in 1966 as a nonpro-

Deaths in Ugandan Lake The Associated Press

NAIROBI - An overloaded water taxi capsized on Lake Mobutu Sese Seko in northwestern Uganda, and 65 passengers were believed drowned, Ugandan radio reported Saturday.

years as program director for the Southern Christian Leadership

Former Minister Challenges Benn

LONDON — The power strug-gle in Britain's Labor Party intensified Sunday when former Agriculture Minister John Silkin announced he would challenge Tony Benn for the post of deputy party

Mr. Silkin, although also in the

Political sources said Mr. Sil-

30 percent.

biggest problem was unemployment and that he supported increased public investment, import controls and withdrawal from the European Economic Community.

fit organization promoting smallbusiness ownership in southern communities. He served for two

party's left wing, is viewed as more moderate than Mr. Benn, whose bid for the deputy leadership has deepened the party's ideological divisions.

kin's move would split the left wing when the party votes for a deputy leader in the autumn. Under reforms instituted earlier

this year, the leader and his deputy are chosen by an electoral college giving trade unions 40 percent of the vote, Labor members of Parliament 30 percent and party workers

Mr. Silkin said that Britain's

no advance.

Food Experts Pursue Plan

To Ease Risks of Famine

By Louis B. Fleming Los Angeles Times Service

ROME — In a summerlong se-

ries of meetings beginning Mon-

day, world food experts are trying to piece together a new interna-

the 1974 simation are there now

and could lead to another world

food crisis," said Maurice J. Wil-

liams, executive director of the

tion is dangerous for several rea-

• World wheat consumption has exceeded production for two

consecutive years, according to the International Wheat Council in

• Global food stocks have re-

None of the emergency food

cently fallen to dangerously low levels, the World Food Council

aid and reserve targets have been met. The World Food Program re-

ported earlier this month: "We

must face a leveling off of our re-source availabilities at a time when

our activities show a high degree of

accomplishment and where there is

a very clear and growing need for

problem depends primarily on what the Reagan administration

decides to do, according to the ex-

The administration has out off

until September its response to

proposals before a continuing con-

ference between industrial and raw

material-producing nations, the so-

called North-South dialogue, of which food supplies is an agenda

A first test will come at the an-

nual ministerial meeting of the World Food Council, which opens

on Monday in Novy Sad, Yugoslavia. John Block, the U.S. secretary

of agriculture, is among 34 agricul-

tural ministers who have accepted

invitations. It will be his first ma-

jor international food meeting

Food as an element of develop-

ment also will be on the agenda of

an economic summit meeting of

Western leaders in Ottawa this

July, which President Reagan is

expected to attend. The topic also

will figure in a North-South sum-

Broad Outlines Drawn

strategy have been drafted by Mr.

Williams and his staff at the World

The council was created at a

1974 world food conference in

Rome to try to coordinate secure

world food supplies to avoid a rep-

The broad outlines of the new

mit in Mexico in October.

Food Council.

since taking over the department.

An effective response to the

Experts consider that the situa-

famine in the 1980s.

World Food Council.

London

has reported.

project food aid."

nal strategy to ease the risks of

"All of the elements that led to

appointing.
The world is not doing as well as it should be doing in food and hunger strategy." Mr. Williams said.

etition of critical shortages and dislocations that occurred that year. But the results have been dis-

Aid to agriculture and related projects doubled between 1973 and 1978, only to decline in 1979. The figures for 1980 are not yet in, but indications are that there was

Encouraging Signs'

But the global information system run by the UN Food and Agriculture Organization has reported "encouraging signs" for 1981 wheat and coarse-grain crops. And the International Wheat Council reported that "there are reasonably good prospects" for a substantial increase in production for the five major wheat exporters: the United States, Canada, the European Economic Community, Argentina and Australia. They provide almost all the wheat in world trade.

There is no guarantee that the expansion in production will be maintained, however, and the World Food Council will be pushing at Novy Sad for agreement on a package of responses to the problem.

Perhaps the most controversial proposal, according to experts in Rome, is one dealing with food trade, seeking to eliminate protectionism that often handicaps poor nations in finding markets for their crops, while also developing mechanisms to assure a supply of basic food requirements in emer-

Man Sentenced In U.S. Murder

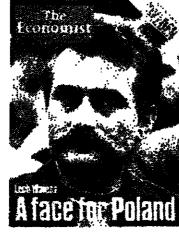
WASHINGTON - Convicted murderer and master thief Bernard Welch has been sentenced to a minimum of 143 years in prison for the murder last Dec. 5 of Dr. Michael Halberstam and four bur-

The sentence was banded down Friday by Chief Superior Court Judge H. Carl Moultrie, who presided at the 11-day trial in April in which Mr. Welch was convicted of shooting Dr. Halberstam during a burglary in the cardiologist's Washington home.

Mr. Welch was called a master

thief by police, who estimated that he stole at least \$3 million in valuables from homes since coming to the Washington area in 1974 after escaping from a New York state prison. After Mr. Welch was arrested for the Halberstam killing, revelations about his plush lifestyle attracted national attention.







Why Italy is the centre of the world's attention this week

The Economist is read by many of the most able and powerful people in the world.

Their influence is so great that it has been estimated they control virtually half the world's gross national product.

But there is a special reason for anyone who needs to know what is really happening in Italy to read the issue of The Economist which appears this week.

In this issue The Economist includes a major survey on The Italian Economy which is being read in more than 160 countries.

The survey examines Italy's strengths set against its structural

economic problems of public spending, inflation and energy.

It looks at the dangers and implications of the scala mobile and asks whether the big private firms can get back into markets and technology where they have fallen behind. It also looks at the state of Italy's public sector industries.

And it concludes by suggesting that Italy's future looks surprisingly good if its political problems can be

Don't forget to buy your copy of the May 23rd issue of The Economist. Or, better still, join its readers around the world and make sure you order your copy every week.



THE WORLD'S WEEKLY NEWSPAPER

Madrid, June 10-11, 1981

FOREIGN COMPANIES IN SPAIN

an international conference organized by Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York Instituto de Empresa International Herald Tribune

What is the political outlook? How will EEC membership affect the domestic economy? What developments are expected in the areas of labor relations, management practices and fiscal legis-An international conference to be held June 10 and 11 in

The questions facing foreign companies in Spain today are vital.

Modrid will focus on these and other issues of importance not only to foreign companies in Spain, but also to Spanish companies and to international companies doing business in Spain.

Organized by Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, the Instituto de Empresa and the International Herald Tribune. the conference will cover four major subject areas, with presentations by the following key political and business leaders.

On the economic situation:

- Jaime Garcia Anoveros, Minister of the Treasury; -Rimmer de Vries, Senior Vice President and International Economist, Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York; Enrique Puig, Director General of Foreign Exchange Control,
- Carlos Munoz-Betemps, Director General for EEC Affairs, Spanish Foreign Office; Emilio Fontela, Professor, University of Geneva, Battelle
- Memorial Institutes Carlos Espinosa de los Monteros, Vice President of Instituto

Nacional de Industria. On labor relations and policies:

- Manuel Nutiez, Secretary of State for Employment and Labor Relations; - Jose Barea, Secretary of State for Social Security; — Juan Linz, Sociologist, Professor at Yale University; Nicolas Sartorius, Assistant Secretary, Comisiones Obreros
- (Communist National Labor Union); Jeronimo Saavedra, Congressman and member of the executive committee of the UGT (Socialist National Labor Union);

- Rodolfo Martin Villa, Minister of Territorial Administra-
- -Miguel Herrero de Miñon, Spokesman for the Union de Centro Democratico Parliamentary caucus; Antonio Garrigues Walker, Chairman of APD (Management
- Development Association); -Alfonso Guerra, Vice Secretary General of PSOE (Socialist

On logal, financial and management problems:

--- Mariano Rubio, Vice-Governor, Bank of Spain; -Edward Hodge, Personnel and labor relations manager of

General Motors Spain; Gerardo Seeliger, General Manager-Spain, Russell Reynolds

Diego del Alcazar, Director, Instituto de Empresa;

-Manuel Soto, Managing Partner, Arthur Andersen & Co.

— Luis Vafio, General Manager, Aresbank; — Gonzalo de las Heras, Vice-President and General Manager; Morgan Bank in Spain.

The chairmen of this two-day conference will be Eduardo Merigo, Chairman of VISA-Spain, and Manuel Guasch, Managing Director of the Council of Spanish Chambers of

Attendance will be limited in order to allow mater tion by the dudience and simultaneous Spanish-English translation will be provided at all times.

To insure that your company is represented at this timely international conference, return the registration form today to Maria-Marsans, Instituto de Empresa, Maria de Molina, 13 y 15,

Madrid-6, Tel.: 262 81 00.

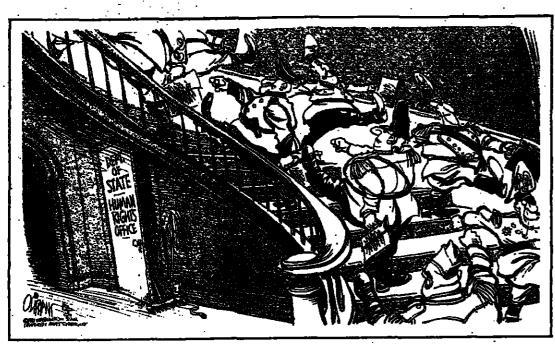
Hotel room: Please reserve for the nights of June 9 and 10 the Please enroll the following participant for the conference on "Foreign Companies in Spain," June 10 & 11 in Madrid. accommodation checked: Hotel Villamogna P.º de la Castellana, nº 22 Calle Velazquez, n° 62 Modrid 1. Madrid-1 ☐ Single (per night) 6,000 Pts. ☐ Single (per night) 1,155 Pts. ☐ Double (per night) 3,000 Pts. ☐ Double (per night) 3,310 Pts.

Conference participation fee: 65,000 Pts. or equivalent in other currency, payable in advance of the conference. Please make check payable to the Instituto de Empreso. Fees will not be returned for concellations received after June 2.

First name

Соптрану

Page 6 Monday, May 25, 1981



Semantics and Human Rights

If you can't argue the law, argue the evidence, and if that won't work, invoke God and motherhood. That old legal adage describes the Reagan administration's shameful squirming on human rights. Facing a law it dislikes and evidence it finds embarrassing, it is reduced to arguing that torture in Christian societies is less dreadful than in Marxist

But the human rights argument turns not on religious doctrine, free elections or political liberties. It turns on a transcendent regard for human life. The point needs stressing, because it is being insistently distorted by Ernest Lefever, the president's unworthy nominee to run human rights policy. His grudging testimony implies that Jimmy Carter somehow lost ground to the Russians by trying to foist the U.S. Constitution on friendly countries with different traditions.

Concern for basic human rights is a global cause. There is nothing uniquely American or Western in denouncing imprisonment without trial, government-sponsored torture and political, religious or ethnic massacres. Abhorrence for these outrages is so widespread that even governments that permit them are ashamed to confess it.

To its lasting credit, the Carter administration reaffirmed America's dedication to human rights. Even before Mr. Carter came to office, Congress ordered annual evaluations of human rights conditions abroad from the State Department. What Congress intended was accurately expressed by Secretary of State Haig in January: "I do not believe we should, other than in the most exceptional circumstances, provide aid to any country which consistently and in the harshest manner violates the human rights of its citizens.

Mr. Haig also held that public censure of offending regimes was often unproductive. He said he preferred quiet but firm diplomacy on the issue. But what might have been a prudent and quietly effective diplomacy now bodes to be neither.

The nomination of Mr. Lefever was the worst possible signal. He is much too worshipful of governments that profess anti-Communism and clearly intends to acquiesce in their abuses of human rights. Now the administration wants to sell arms to Argentina and Guatemala, the hemisphere's main delinquents in respect for human rights.

Unmistakably, the Reagan team aims to remove the restraints of conscience from collaborations with "friendly" dictatorships. Favored tyrannies are thus described as merely "authoritarian" whereas Marxist ones are branded "totalitarian." But however much national security requires collaborating with tyranny, this distinction obscures the essence of human rights.

The real world is not neatly divided into free-market or God-fearing friends and Marxist enemies. There is more respect for human life in Communist Yugoslavia than in Christian Argentina. And why is Poland's externally imposed totalitarianism more hateful than South Korea's home-bred authoritarianism?

As the Carter team discovered, the United States will occasionally find itself sacrificing concern for human rights to some overriding strategic ambition. But inconstancy does not invalidate the cause or diminish its achieve-

For the Reagan administration to excuse the abuse of basic human rights - in merely "authoritarian" societies - violates a cherished American faith. Not so incidentally, it also weakens the effort to counter Soviet influence. President Reagan needs urgently to reassert the nation's ideals and to prove he means it by withdrawing the Lefever nomi-

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

The High-Wage Countries

The average U.S. manufacturing worker's hourly pay was lower in 1980 than his counterparts' in four European countries. The four high-wage countries were, in descending order, Belgium, Sweden, the Netherlands and West Germany. The United States now stands a little above the average among the 10 rich countries, ranked by average compensation - with Great Britain and Japan at the

High wage rate does not necessarily mean an unusually strong economy, any more than a low wage rate - for example, Japan's -

Hourly Compensation Production Workers in Manufacturing (Figures are in dollars)

1975

U.S	4.18	6.35	9.92
Canada	3.46	6.1.1	9.06
Јарап	0.99	3.05	5.88
Belgium	2.07	6.60	13.18
France	. 1.74	4.63	9.46
Germany	2.35	6.24	11.94
Italy	1.76	4.65	9.01
Netherlands	- 2.14	6.60	12.18
Sweden	2.93	7.18	12:60
Great Britain	1.48	3.27	7.07

means a weak or unstable one. But these changes in the standings in recent years reflect long, powerful trends in the international economy that deserve attention. U.S. pay scales were at the top of the list through the early 1970s. But in 1975 three of the European countries went higher, and the gaps have widened since then.

The change reflects, among other things, higher productivity growth abroad. The tablecomes from the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, which cautions that the figures are not, and cannot be, precise. They represent total

hourly compensation — cash pay plus fringes

— for production workers in manufacturing. The measurement of the fringes is a prolific source of statistical uncertainty. How do you compare the United States, where fringes commonly include health insurance, with Britain and Canada, where the taxpayer provides it? The foreign wages are converted here to dollars at market exchange rates, another source of distortion. Conventional exchange rates are not always reliable guides to purchasing power at home. The Japanese worker lives at a higher standard than this table might suggest, while the West German, despite his high wage, still does not live quite as well as the American. But as a general guide the figures outline an interesting pat-

During the inflationary 1970s, wages rose faster in most other countries than they did in the United States. Translated into U.S. dollars, they rose particularly rapidly in Europe — and that's one key reason for the increasing strength of protectionism there. The Europeans now regard Americans, with their lower labor costs, to be dangerously competitive - and, from their perspective, they are quite right. The lamentation in the United States over the alleged loss of the U.S. ability to compete is being grossly overdone, with much of the worst exaggeration coming, incidentally, from industries that want tax breaks from Congress.

Higher wages abroad are no threat to U.S. prosperity. If anything, they give the United States an advantage. U.S. prosperity is manufactured in the country, and depends on the rate at which U.S. productivity rises. Unfortunately, that rate has been roughly zero for the past three years.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago May 25, 1906

ST. PETERSBURG - The police are sorting out the politcal prisoners into categories: those who can be released and those who cannot. The prefect of St. Petersburg yesterday forbade a meeting of the members of the Democratic Constitutional Party. In general the attitude of the authorities and the measures taken seem to be an indication of the new and rapid move taken in governmental circles toward a reactionary policy, from which they seemed at one miniment disposed to depart. The leaders of the reactionary parties are supporting this change of attitude in the capital and the provinces by meetings and other methods of propaganda, as well as by inFifty Years Ago May 25, 1931

BERLIN - Throngs of unemployed noted today in many parts of Germany, but most of the disturbances were confined to the Ruhr district. Here some of the demands of the crowds received recognition from the authorities. The most serious demonstrations took place in Essen, when the jobless built barricades across the streets and showered paving stones and missiles upon the police sent to disperse them. In the rioting that followed shop windows were broken. Finally the police were compelled to fire on the crowd. One man, said to be a Communist, was killed. In Wehofen, in the Ruhr district, the unemployed elected a committee that negotiated successfully for an increase in the dole.

Puritan Mentality And U.S. Politics

By Anthony Lewis

NEW YORK -- One of the important elements in Ronald Reagan's election was rightist fervor on social and religious issues. The Moral Majority and other groups roused a lot of voters with their calls to end abortion, put prayer back in the schools and resist the women's movement as a threat to the family.

Since Jan. 20 the Reagan admin-istration has done its best to keep those questions on the back burner in Congress.' It did not want its economic program obstructed by an emotional fight over social is-

But now the fight is on. And we can already see that it represents a danger to the president — not to his economic package, which is on its way, but more deeply to the political climate in the country.

Strict Rider

Abortion, that most divisive of issues, has led the way. Sen. Jesse Helms and others have been press-ing for action on a bill to get around the Supreme Court's decision that it is unconstitutional to make early abortions a crime by a "simple" declaration that human life begins at conception.

Then last week the Senate, by a vote of 52-43, attached to an appropriation bill the strictest antiabortion rider it has ever ap-proved. The language forbids the use of federal funds to pay for a poor woman's abortion unless the pregnancy threatens her life. It rules out abortions under Medicaid even in cases of rape or incest.
In the debate on the rider, the

issues were ones not of party but of faith — really of religious belief. The chief debaters were all Republicans: on one side Sen. Helms, on the other Bob Packwood and Lowell Weicker.

Sen. Heims specifically rejected appeals for the approximately 15,000 women who become preg-nant as the result of rape each year. Under existing law they are eligible for Medicaid abortions if they are poor and have reported the rape within 72 hours. But Sen. Helms spoke of "a red bering whereby people come up four months later and say, 'Oh, by the way, I was raped four months

'So Be It'

Sen. Packwood said: "There is growing in this country a Cotton Mather mentality ... narrow, un-forgiving." He spoke of "a feeling that God speaks to me. I will tell you what He says. Tough luck if you're not on the same wavelength.'"

Sen. Helms answered: "We're talking about the deliberate termination of human life. If that's a Cotton Mather mentality, so be it. There is a set of instructions that came down from Mount Sinai try.

Disarmament

Re: Europe's new ban-the-bomb movement, three articles on May

The reader must have the im-

pression that only disarmament ac-

tivists reject deterrence arguments.

It should be noted in addition that

the final document of the special

session on disarmament of the United Nations in 1978 which had

been agreed also by the NATO

governments, stated in art. 13:

Enduring international peace and

security cannot be built on the ac-

cumulation of weaponry by mili-

tary alliances nor be sustained by a precious balance of deterrence or

doctrines of strategic superiority."
Furthermore the "Comprehen-

sive study on nuclear weapons" of

the UN secretary-general from September 12, 1980 (A/35/392) comes to the conclusion (page

157): "If nuclear disarmament is

to become a reality, the commit-

ment to mutual deterrence through

a balance of terror must be dis-

carded. The concept of the maintenance of world peace, stability and

balance through the process of de-terrence is perhaps the most dan-

gerous collective fallacy that ex-

We would be glad if this information could be brought to the at-

Secretary-General of the International Peace Bureau.

Irreversible Presence

A Renters dispatch (IHT, May 13) reports a Cambodian "baby boom" that began in 1980. A large number of reliable sources in the

region following the Khmer Ronge

overthrow in January, 1979, con-

firmed that the Pol Pot regime de-cimated the Cambodian male pop-

ulation, wantonly executing boys

and men from every level of the

citizenry, students and teachers, all the ex-Lon Noi soldiers plus gov-

The identity of the fathers re-

ponsible for the current (and bi-

zarre) population explosion is,

therefore, quite plain. It is those

gallant liberators, the Vietnamese

Army. The number of Vietnamese

military currently occupying Cam-bodia is in excess of 200,000 men.

These Vietnamese soldiers are

spread throughout the country and can rape Khmer women at will

without restraint ...or buy their

In most conquered countries

such a situation would only be

depressing, in Cambodia it is tragic. Vietnam continues to state offi-

cially that its presence in Cambo-

dia is "irreversible." Not content

with forcible subjugation, they

have been continuing Pol Pot's

bodies for a cup or so of rice.

ernment workers at every level.

GERD GREUNE

tention of your readers.

Letters-

survived.

That drew from Sen. Weicker: "We're not running this country from divine commandments or instructions from Mount Sinai.

My guess is that most Americans do not want this country run by divine commandments - or, rather, by politicians who claim exclusive knowledge of those commandments. The intolerance that motivated Cotton Mather in the Salem witch trials is not the basis of the U.S. political system.

Fundamentalist religion is gain-ing strength in the United States. But I do not believe it follows that religious Americans want a theocracy as their form of government. Many, even of the strongest per-sonal beliefs, would hold to the country's tradition of diversity in faith and separation of religion

from government.
It happens also that a guarantee of diversity — a prohibition on the mixing of church and state — is written into the Constitution. And most Americans, when they think about it, are not likely to favor radical change in that aspect of our fundamental law.

Radical Zealots

Then there is the place of the Supreme Court in our system. Americans rallied in 1937 to protect a court whose decisions they did not like against the court-pack-ing plan of a highly popular presi-dent. I think the feeling for the court as an institution, as a safeguard, is just as strong today. Most Americans will feel uneasy about changing the court's reading of the Constitution by simple legislation.

The public, then, may come to see those who raise the social issues not as "conservatives" but as radical zealots. And the mood of friendly tolerance for conservative experiment in Washington could

In the same week that the antiabortionists were pushing to the extreme in Washington, Italians by a 2-to-1 margin rejected a tightening of their moderate abortion law
— and did so despite the emotional circumstance of the attack on the pope. It would be ironic if a country with a First Amendment were to let religion command politics more than it does in Rome. Another irony is that some of

the same men who talk about translating the word of God into U.S. legislation show little concern for the godless cruelties of other governments. Sen. Helms indicates no desire to have the United States speak out against torture in Uru-guay or official anti-Semitism in Argentina.

There again I doubt that the rightist zealots speak for America. The more the extreme right sets the pace, the more danger there is that Ronald Reagan's Washington will lose its rapport with the coun-

01981, The New York Times.

of those few male Khmers who

bodian women the Vietnamese are

quietly and insidiously crasing

Khmers from the face of the earth.

One recalls the outcry from so-

called liberals over the courage of

the "plucky Viet Cong" - what

dupes those American and Euro-

pean idealists were. Today, even

President Reagan dares not give

more than "moral support" to Khmers fighting the Vietnamese

occupiers Why not? Is it because

the West is too embarrassed to ad-

mit its Asian betrayal? Do people

We have brown faces so the peo-

ple of the West ignore our agony.

What a cry would erupt if a similar

racial obliteration were to happen

Unlike the imperialist history of

countries such as these, Cambodia

has been innocent of territorial ex-

pansionism. Quite the opposite.

After all, Bangkok, Vientiane and Saigon were all once part of Cambodia. Imperialism seems to pay

big dividends. Any pirate-nation needs only to declare its brutality

dress himself to rising life expect-ancy and what it implies for popu-lation growth. In India alone, life

expectancy rose from 32.4 years in the 1945-50 period to 41.4 years in

1955-60, and projections assume 56 years in 1981-86.

berg's glib attempt at discrediting

legitimate forecasting and imply-

ing that all's well in this world, the May 6 edition of IHT carried an-

other headline: "Extra 12 Million Shocks India Census Takers." In-

deed, the birthrate that Mr. Wat-

tenberg used for India (35 per

1,000 population, down from 45

recorded 20 years earlier) proved

to be extremely optimistic and

"contrary to expectations virtually

no progress has been made toward

stemming population growth..."
the article stated. India, with an area one third of the U.S. and

three times its population in 1980 will most likely have one billion

people by the year 2000. Estimates of populations remain

speculative at best in most Asian

countries and in Africa. It is more

than likely that Mr. Wattenberg's

As if to countervail Mr. Watten-

KOY MEAN.

to be "irreversible."

Britain, France or Germany.

still listen to the Jane Fondas?

By impregnating helpless Cam-

Leaders and Impatient Voters'

By Stephen Klaidman

PARIS — There is a carrious tension in France these days between the joy and the fear of having elected a Socialist president. The popular surge of emotion sparked by Francois Miner-rand's victory was spontaneous and genuine. But so is the apprehensiveness — sometimes in the same people who exuberantly througed the Boulevard Saint Germain Thursday night - about the fate of the franc and the nation.

France has obviously had its fill of Valery Giscard d'Estaing. Otherwise so many conservative Frenchmen would not have voted for a Socialist who for seven years was considered a has-been. The French clearly voted for change. But no one knows precisely what kind of change Mr. Mitterrand's pragmatic approach to Socialism will

CROSSCURRENTS

bring; and that has produced an unsettling blend of expectation and nervousness.

The feeling is similar to the one generated in the United States by Ronald Reagan's election as president last November. Mr. Reagan, like Mr. Mitterrand, promised a dramatic change of direc-tion for the country. He was elected in large part because the American people were fed up with his predecessor, Jimmy Carter. And his election simultaneously produced real enthusiasm and jittery stomachs.

But an even more interesting similarity between the Reagan and Mitterrand victories is that a year ago few people would have bet a bloated dollar that either one of them would win. And it would have been hard to find one person in a thousand to take the longest odds that they both would be

Three Years Ago

To carry the thought a bit further, three years ago, who would have said that Margaret Thatcher would be prime minister of Britain? And just a year ago, how many people outside of Japan had

heard of Zenko Suzuki?

The only leader of the five major allied powers who was a key figure on the international scene three years ago was West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt, and he is in such serious political trouble now that he has hinted publicly that he might resign and he had to do what a year ago would have been unthinkable — ask a U.S. presi-

dent to help shore up his position at home.

Mrs. Thatcher and Mr. Suzuki also have their hands full. Almost two and a half million Britons

are mempleyed. If the Buttish economy has bor tomed out, the voters don't know about it yet. There is sharp opposition to the prime minister military priorities, even in her own party, Mr. Suzuki is under heavy life on a range of military.

issues and for general competence.

Mr. Reagan has been in office only four mainly and Mr. Mitterand only four days, so it is too soon to make sweeping judgments about the truly bles they may face. But if they prove anything list their face of their face and their demants. their foreign counterparts and their domestive predecessors, they will find it almost impossible to please their electorates.

No Commanding Figure

There have certainly been other periods of per lineal instability. In France, the revolving doc Fourth Republic is the most recent example. Bu rarely, if ever in the 20th century has leadership in five of the world's sutnigest economic power seemed so tennous. There is no commanding figure to impose his or her vision and as a result; in

ure to impose his or her vision and as a result in problems appear intractable.

It is true, of course, that those problems in genninely awesome. The Soviet Union has his come a nuclear colossus with global reach an ambitions. The United States has failed to keep pace with Soviet military growth. Western economies have reached a plateau and are plagned in inflation and unemployment. An energy shortage threatens the industrial nanous economies and it potential solutions threaten their environment. The litting is familiar.

It is also a truism of international politica that problems don't get solved, they just evolve to the

problems don't get solved, they just evolve to the next stage. The traditional role of leaders has been to persuade the public that under them the evolution will be progressive—that increased and that it guality of life will be enhanced, not degraded.

Today's leaders don't seem able to do that. The electorates have wrown increased of the life of the solution of the will be enhanced.

Today's leaders don't seem able to do that 'By' electorates have grown increasingly impatien with them. Perhaps the real failure is that voter have not been taught to adjust their expectations in the form have not been taught to adjust their expectations in the spectacular economic growth—to today's most assert realities.

President Reagan rejects the need to encourage actual average such moderation of aspirations. Prime Ministers But in the Thatcher has alienated the British people rather made in them of it.

than convincing them of it.

It is too soon to say how President Mitterian, and 115 cd will face this challenge. But his success may do no record T

pend upon it.
0)981, International Herald Tribine.

Modern Fears of Yellow Peril and the location in the location in the location is the location in the location in the location is the location in the location in the location in the location is the location in the location

By William Pfaff

was true in its dealings with ancient China, and later with the ГОКҮО — Robert Shaplen wrote recently that the Japanese today remain for the most part "as isolated and apart — The results sometimes have been confusing, even grotesque to the outside eye. In the late 19th centuother-planetary, one might say — and as static in their psychological and emotional condition" as durry, when Japanese delegations were traveling the world to learn ing the hermit years of the Tokuabout steam engines, parliaments, and navies, a Samurai (according to the historian George Sansom) might wear a European frock-coat over a divided skirt, with the tradigawa shogunate, 1603-1868. This is a remarkable judgment, essential to keep in mind when regarding the outward face of contemporary Japan, which is of super-moderni-

Japan has throughout its history opened itself repeatedly to the foreign world, accepting from it what: seemed of value, then closed back upon itself, adapting what it has

only in the memory of his pocket

calculator. The reality remains

grim: food for the populations of

the year 2000 will be in short sup-

Democracy's Defense

It will soon be 100 days since

Spanish democracy suffered a se-vere setback from an attempted

coup d'etat. As terrorism continues-

unabated, there are increasing

signs that members of the military

are unwilling to accept the authori-

ty of the government in handling

The visit to Spain by Secretary

of State Haig last month stirred simmering dissatisfaction in the

Spanish press over the weak sup-port for democracy the U.S. ad-ministration offered publicly dur-

ing the tense hours of the coup last

It is the responsibility of the

democratic nations of the West to

state unequivocally that a totalitar-

ian regime would not be welcome

in either NATO or the EEC.

Doesn't this risk the estrangement

of the strategically important Iberian peninsula? One must ask what

this situation.

February

- MARY MAUKSCHL

tional long and short swords in his sash. Europeans found this ridicolous. They learned not to laugh, at Port Arthur and the Battle of Tsushima in 1904. For the Japanese also spring sur-prises on the world. Japan's "ridiolearned to Japanese purposes. This naval status and empire shattered

czarist Russia, and 36 years later, in 1940-1941, chased from the western Pacific the three major naval powers of the period — the United States, Britain and the Netherlands. Since 1945, the same national

energy and capacity for surprise has, of course, been turned to industrial and commercial growth, so as to produce a result which would in the 1940s have seemed preposterous — an economic world rank for Japan second only to that of the United States, soon to become (according to Japan's enthusiastic American boosters): number one.

Yet the emotional and intelled tual isolation persists. The Japa-nese are proud of themselves but also convinced that they are misunderstood and ill-regarded There is a second element in the recurrent pattern of Japan's history of adaptation to foreign influence: A foreign model, faithfully emulated, humiliatingly rejects la-

A Pacific Power

Early in this century, Japan had modeled its politics upon liberal Britain and made an alliance with that country. The geopolitical role Japan had embarked upon fol-lowed British notions of a civilizing imperialism. Japan's claims to extraterritorial privileges in China were exactly those the Europeans already enjoyed. The Japanese wanted equal status. When the 1914 war broke out, they farthfully followed their alliance, and Japanese warships patrolled the Medi-But when the war was over. Brit-

ain joined the United States in rejecting a Japanese request for a declaration in the League of Na-tions charter against racialism. The two moved to block Japan's impe-rial and commercial expansion in Asia, and to prevent naval parity. The eventual outcome of this rejection of Japan was Pearl Harbor.

Japan today is unquestionably the most pacific of all the major powers, its warrior tradition firmly subordinated to its merchant tradition. But merchants can be humiliated as readily as warriors, and the treatment Japan has begun to

al powers risks provoking in Her miresting the old sense of rejection.

The Japanese today can rea

ably ask what the world want or of the big them. They were told to const. mon of one sa a democratic and prosperous the or or dustrial nation, like those of N

America and Western Em They have done so superlating They are congratualted by ing I ists for their achievements. But the European and U.S. W. Archson ernments, their trade unionists

business executives, tell Japan the same time to stop comps—like suche so well to hold its industries \$2 U.S. eccent to yield markets to inefficient it wer. The Copetitors. Implicit in this top \$2 - the brows a hint of the old Western passic food. So ulous" pretensions to great-power dice a modernized and come that every cialized version of the fear of a menti rate vellow peril. भूगे शील व दुव्यंत

Evident Bitterness wat well beig

Lam writing of something as nnarticulated in Japan, and the are prediction mercifully far from becoming ad in at or belo cisive factor in what happens. In of the rest of rescontinent exists. A certain bits at still rising ness is evident in some Japa nodistant par reactions to the freatment Japan see But the receives these days from Angaing cans and West Europeans.

This is disguised in the Unit Heller, chair pan are largely in the hands of hadens Kenn because its relations without of Economic Estates because its relations without of Economic States because its relations without of Economic States because its relations began in hadens Kenn participation.

postwar occupation. These per learning to consider inventors, of modern Japan, an responsible for Japan to the side world They faithfully smooth

tions, sometimes at the expens truth. It is not unknown for a Hington Embassy translations of Japan press comment to be censored by internations fore transmission to Washing them from it fore transmission to Washing a mercation so as to remove harshness along from it might be misunderstood a larger diet. It is dangerous to smooth to diet note issue conflicting interests and gaths to dieting the resentments. If these are brokeness 5240 minor the open, it is possible dieting came is something can be done a something the west Europeans and to place the compliance will continue in the lapanese expersing the severand to yield whenever Western 160 m.

complacence, implicitly pairs to sectioned in the Japanese, expecting a complete whenever Western in Warburg to yield whenever Western in warburg the Japanese sense of isolation and Hiras From such situations come to affect the prises of the kind none of the latest to affer by afford to afford the latest the manager of the latest the l

The International Herald bane velcomes letters from relational company of the subject to touchersal to the subject to touchersal to touchersal to touchersal to touchersal to touchersal to touchersal touchersal

Herald Tribune

Chairman .

Katharine Graham Arthur Ochs Sulzbe Co-Chairmen International Hernid Telbune, S.A. for control in, 1,200,000 W. H.C. Puris No. 73 B 2112, 179/181, nov. Chiefus de Ganlle, 12521 Menille, nov-Seine, 7st. 367-1245. Toleus 612718 Hernid, Parls Chiefus Brands, Parls, Discience de la publication: Wales N. Theper, U.S. subscription price 3233, yearly, Second claus postage paid at Long Idand Cloy. N. Y. 11101 G 1991 International Hernid Telbune, All rights interved, Commission Parlsins 160-54 231.

General Manager, Ann: Alak Lecour. 24-34 Hemothy Road, Rooms 1801, Hong Kong, Tet 3-26 56 1879. Teler 61 170 (HTHERE).

Philip M. Foldie

Walter N. Wells

Robert & McCabe

للكذامن الاجل

we are defending if not democracy itself. Population Growth "Missing: 300 Million People," read the headline on the editorial page of the IHT, May 2-3.
Great exception must be taken to that statement. The 300 million DAVID D. GREEN. Santiago de Compostela, Spain. **Moral Case** people are not missing by any In relation to Mr. Begin's attack means. The birthrate projection on Mr. Schmidt personally, let me state that Mr. Begin's moral case would have been much more conmay have been exaggerated somewhat in the past, and at present there are slightly fewer newborn, but Mr. Wattenberg did not advincing had he not had on his own

> President Sadat's courage and faith in reconizing the rights of the Jewish people in the state of Israel must bring about Prime Minister Menachem Begin's recogniton of the rights of the Palestinian peo-ple. What is sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander.

hands the innocent blood of the

ADAN GRAETZ.

receive from the Western industri-

to the editor.

raised th

Publisher Executive Editor

Edio Deputy Editor Chief Editorial Write

INTERNATIONAL

Monday, May 25, 1981

incomplosed if the local court in the local court i on to make successful to the may face but to the may face but to the may face but to the major t sase their electionals and the same their electionals and their electionals are the electionals are their electionals are the electionals are their electionals are their electionals are the electional are the election are the electional are their electionals are the electional are the election are the Some Big Bets Coming to Market No Commandi **Potential** There have corrainly bear march Republic is the march as Market* Company Reduces risk of second ACT TO SECURITY IS THE BEAUTY OF THE PARTY O \$500 to live of the words p heart attack \$1,000 oblems amoral and SmithKline \$250 Oral dosage of gold for objects appear interpretations

it is true, of course validans

minely average. The tuman rheumatoid arthritis money rescent Its tumes and a michael colors and included and i Pfizer \$200 Treatment of arthritis \$200 Treatment of diabetes: first big product from genetic engineering Mential solutions (beauty) apoten \$200 Treatment of hyperthe states is summer.

It is also a summer of the states o tension locor Expected to replace digi-\$200 talis in treating conges-

Fresident Rengan from YORK — Warner-Lambert, a major resident Rengan from beautical concern, carned 13.3 percent that the moderation of appendical concern, carned 13.3 percent has not reasonable below the national average for manufacture for the control of all stripes. But in the exceptionally flat that that challeng his pharmaceutical industry, it was an arrived upon it.

a Piafi

water to the

a. Par-Lings

द्वारा कर महादूर

serge Sanson. Mad. In Chapter

with the main

質ができると

gast tole marse

Bath to leave at

फेल नेजांड हो

A Property Control

spele statistical Property and

the court

الشرافة أبراج الإ

ಜ್ಞಾಗ ಆರಂಗು ಮೇ

and North 4400

tog to deposit

General Processes

there is not the

ಜಾತ, ನಿರ್ವಹಣ

AL A TEXTON

Market Comments

জন্ম ক্রিকা 🔄

State State State

50 Lynn 300

THE STREET STREET

W. W. Cale

STANGE IN IT

1

(a)

Assessed No.

4

 $\chi_{\mathfrak{p}^{-1}} = \chi_{\mathfrak{p}^{-1}}$

Les is size

paths of 1988

Marie Well

Robert & their

March State State

Se - VCI

73.025

1 h

PORE

3377 E

er-Lambeit and its fellow also-two-

search in the biological sciences. e factors will make the 1980s a golden in the 1980s than any decade within

then less the industry of the big breakthrough the industry of the production of one successful production of one success

ing speedier government testing, are lobbying for extension of drug patents. And virtually all

are planning higher outlays for research.

In the 1970s, companies such as Warner-Lambert were slow to commit funds to aggressive research. "We have not had the most productive history in developing new com-pounds," acknowledged Donald E. O'Neill, president of Warner's Parke-Davis pharmaceu-

This year, though, reflecting an outlook that has become close to gospel in the pharmacentical business, Warner allocated about \$80 million of its \$120 million research budget to Parke-Davis. The 20-percent increase is typical of big and small companies slike.

Best-selling drugs such as Tagamet can tally \$5 billion in sales in 10 years on an investment of roughly \$40 million.

ting the big product to come along and have an important effect on sales and earnings," said Neil P. Sweig, health care analyst with

Restrictions by the FDA have continually narrowed the number of new drugs approved each year. Under the Reagan administration, a general move toward deregulation is expected. No one, however, is predicting a return to the days before 1963 when drug manufacturers had only to establish that a new drug was safe. Now manufacturers also have to prove that drugs actually work. From a high of 65 new drug introductions in 1959, the figure dropped

"People have seen the importance of new products and their specific, positive effect on human health," said Dr. P. Roy Vagelos, a physician who heads Merck's research arm,

The drug companies were once tight-lipped about the compounds they were testing. Today they are more eager to discuss the potential of new drugs. The bidding on Wall Street for

Saudis Pressed to Lift Oil Price, Cut Output as OPEC Convenes

By Robert McCartney The Associated Press

GENEVA - Saudi Arabia came under increasing pressure to raise its oil price and cut production as OPEC oil ministers gathered Sunday for their semiannual pricing

Iraqi Oil Minister Tayeh Abdul Karim and Indonesian Oil Minister Subroto said they hoped the Saudis would increase their price to \$36 a barrel from \$32. Saudi Oil Minister Sheikh Ahmed Zaki Yamani has pledged to resist an increase and has predicted that oil prices will be frozen at least

through the end of this year. The United Arab Emirates' oil minister, Mana Said al-Otaiba, joined Sunday in Mr. Yamani's prediction. "I am sure we will get a

freeze," he told reporters.

But Mr. Subroto indicated other members would freeze their prices only if Saudi Arabia raises its price to \$36. "We suggest if we freeze prices, then everyone will adjust their price to \$36," he said.

The ministers spoke to reporters in the lobby of the Geneva hotel where the OPEC meeting begins

Monday. OPEC last met in December in Bali, Indonesia, and raised its prices by 10 percent to an average of slightly more than \$35 for a 42-gal-

At \$32, Saudi Arabia has the lowest oil price in OPEC. If it raises its price by \$4 a barrel, it would add about \$1.60 — or about 4.5 percent - to the average OPEC oil

Saudi Arabia also has the highest output of any OPEC nation, about 10.3 million barrels a day, or more than 40 percent of OPEC's total production. The Saudis are producing at that level in hopes of maintaining the current glut on the oil market and keeping prices

OPEC ministers estimate the oversupply of oil at between 2 million and 3 million barrels a day. Mr. Karim and Libyan Oil Secretary Abdessalam Zagaar both said they will press the Saudis to

trim their output. "The most important thing is how to avoid the glut," Mr. Karim said. "Until we decide about programming production, we cannot

decide on a treeze or prices." Algeria, in a commentary published by its official news agency, said it opposes a price freeze. "A price freeze would not reflect in any way the reality of the market." Instead, it proposed "progressive increases" in prices that would be "easily supportable for the con-

Most OPEC prices are currently grouped around \$36, although Li-bya, which ships much of its highquality crude to the United States, charges the OPEC high of \$41.

By John Tagliabue

With orders for the A-310 Europe-

an Airbus continuing to grow, sup-

pliers to the European aircraft in-

dustry are gearing up for better

the Airbus's good fortunes is Kai-

ser Aluminum & Chemical. Its Eu-

ropean unit plans to invest nearly

\$83 million in West Germany over

the next four years to become one

of the prime suppliers of the spe-

cial heavy aluminum plate used to

build the skin for the wide-bodied

One company that hopes to ride

New York Times Service
COBLENZ, West Germany

Agreement on pricing and production, the key issues facing the OPEC ministers, is far from as-

OPEC Secretary-General Rene Ortiz said ministers might only be able to reach accord on less important matters — for example, the outlook for the oil market for the rest of the year.

"The meeting will come up with an agreement, but not necessarily on the price," he said.

The Saudis say they have delibcrately created the oil glut because they think higher oil prices would hurt the world economy. They are also concern that price increases would hasten the development of



persuade the public land of the

with the expectation of increasing dom a host of new drugs for an aging
on, early signals that the Reagan adtion will relax regulatory requireind such dramatic advances as inter-

make a faltering company whole or Amenca :

"The name of the game continues to be get-

erck Sharp & Dohme Research Laborator-

(Continued on Page 9, Col. 3)

"We're aiming at delivering about 10,000 tons a year to the air-craft industry," said Rolf Wiesinger, spokesman for the managing board of the Duesseldorf-based Kaiser Aluminum Europe. "That will cover about a third of de-Despite Kaiser's enthusiasm, aluminum industry analysts say the expansion has its risks. High

costs of energy and labor in West Germany are driving aluminum users to purchase larger amounts more cheaply overseas. Last year, aluminum imports jumped 19 per-cent, to 610,000 tons, while exports dropped 10 percent, to 223,700

Kaiser Aluminum Hopes to Ride Airbus

To Better Fortunes in European Market

'Prime Metal'

"Aluminum is the prime metal for the aircraft industry," said an analyst at the Deutsche Bank in Frankfurt. "But we're living in a land with expensive energy."

Since high energy costs and a dwindling volume caused one of West Germany's biggest aluminum producers, Vereinigte Aluminium Verke, to shut down its plant in Hannover six years ago, the country has been without a maker of heavy aircraft plate.

Kaiser executives in West Germany, encouraged by Airbus sales, studied the market and tested demand with a small pilot plant in 1979. When Kaiser's efforts to find a partner for a more ambitious project failed, it chose to enter the

market alone by starting a project to develop capacity for 45,000 tons of plate at its Cobleaz works.

"The first question was, how big is the market," Mr. Wiesinger said.
"An additional factor was technology. There was a technological breakthrough in the 1970s to cut wind resistance by reducing the use of rivets, and Airbus adopted

that technology."

Kaiser will be able to transplant the technology it uses at two plants in the United States, in Trentwood, Wash, and Ravenswood, W. Va., from which it supplies the U.S. aircraft industry. It will also install highly sophisticated testing

that they are not relying on air-craft sales alone to support the ex-year before.

pansion. Present projections foresee supplying about one-third of the additional production to aircraft builders. The rest will go to meet the rising demand for aluminum in Europe's auto industry to build lighter, more fuel-efficient cars, in the electrical industry and in the transport and construction industries.

Kaiser began exporting aluminum to Europe through its trading division's European offices after World War II. Trading success prompted it in 1964 to build its first plant, for sheet, plate and structural products, in the Rhine Valley north of Coblenz. Further sales successes led Kai-

ser in the early 1970s to build smelters in Anglesey, Wales, with Rio Tinto-Zinc, and in Voerde, West Germany, with the metals company Preussag. Kaiser bought out the Preussag share in 1975. Kaiser Aluminum Europe also

operates a cable plant in West Berlin, owns 40 percent of a West German factory that makes aluminum cans, and operates plants in Belgium and Switzerland that make aluminum foil products from sheet that is processed at Coblenz. The parent company will not

say what sales or earnings at the European unit are, but the smelters at Voerde and Anglesey together account for roughly 14 percent of Kaiser's worldwide aluminum production, and in its report to shareholders for 1980, the company said the European unit posted "significant earnings in-

The parent reported net earnings last year of \$247.6 million, af-ter \$232.2 million the year before, on world sales totaling \$3.2 billion, compared with \$2.9 billion the

owing U.S. Inflation Cheers Analysts, But Their Doubts Persist together," agreed Kenneth a year. Some economists think the percent. If there is really going to cent. Short-term rates historically would earn if inflation were zero.) Froewiss, vice president and econopportunity is there. But for the be improvement in the longer run, have been, and are expected to be, past 15 years, the economy has there has to be give there, too." shown itself incapable of "I am hopeful we will turn the transforming its cyclical downtons in inflation into lasting ream also realistic. We are trying to volatile, a reflection of Federal Re-"People are saying that they expect omist at Morgan Guaranty Trust, inflation to continue to run at

Karen W. Arenson When York Times Service YORK - Luck is sudden-N to bang on the U.S. economy. to visit sin is edging lower. The Con-rents leftice. Index — the broad is a mick of prices for food, clothin implier, and other everyday and rate of . ent in April after a gain of ent in March, well below Interpercent-plus' figures of

last year index will run at or below Prices are still rising at the not-too-distant past

anacceptable rate. But the case to be abating.

The is a definite hall in inflament Walter Heller, chairthe Council of Economic under Presidents Kenne-

It's a real change from the view just a month or two ago."

"I'm dropping my estimates al-most daily," said Donald Ra-tajzak, director of the economic forecasting project at Georgia State University. "I feel really good about the situation."

Not Surprising

prepared to say that inflation has been delivered a body blow. Each time the economy slows, each time it is wring out by recession, prices soften and inflation subsides. So the current letup, though greater than many anticapated, is not viewed in economic circles as surprising or dramatically different.

What is less clear is whether the slowdown in price increases will slackening. So we are still talking of an underlying rate of close to 10

Few economists are prepared to say that inflation has been delivered a body blow.

tion rate. After each respite, inflation flared up again, with new peaks higher than the last.

"To some extent, the improvement in the CPI is kind of misleading," said E. Gerald Corrigan, sident of the Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis. "We still don't have any hard evidence that labor costs across the board are

But few economists, if any, are ductions in the underlying infla-deal with a phenomenon that has accumulated over 15 years. It is going to be a tough, tough job. But if we continue to be lucky, we may

make it work." One good reason for doubt is interest rates, which have soared despite several months of good news about the CPL. The problem is not so much that the banks' prime lending rate has hit 20.5 percent, or that three-month Treasury bills serve moves and current loan demand rather than of expectations about inflation. The incredulity over the good news about inflation remains deep-

ly embedded in long-term interest rates, which are widely viewed as a purpose of its economic program barometer of inflationary expectations. There, the signals are not opment incentives -- is to bring inflatimistic. In the past year, longtion down. The administration may be able to bask a little in the four percentage points, as long-term Treasury bonds shot up from slow-up in consumer price inflaabout 9.5 percent to 13.5 percent.

"We have never had inflation premiums at the level they are now." said the economist Alan Greenspan, a close adviser to the Reagan administration. (The inflation "premium" is usually considered to be the long-term interest

But as its own spokesmen have said, the first evidence of any real success in fighting long-term inflation should show up in the bond markets and long-term interest rates - and they have been notably unresponsive. Scattered victories in the war against inflation will not be a

rates of roughly 10 percent. Only if

our economic policies create real

change will those inflation premi-

That is what the Reagan admin-

tax cuts, budget cuts, invest-

istration is counting on. The whole

panacea even in the short run. Furthermore, even if the underlying inflation rate were cut by one-fifth - from 10 to 8 percent - it would leave rates of inflation that were unheard-of only a decade ago.
"Any outlook for reduced infla-

(Continued on Page 9, Col. 1)



ebt Market Has Trouble Digesting Even Meager Diet credit squeeze to protect the 13 percent but final terms and is-

William Ellington

AP-Dow Jones arket is suffering from in-despite a meager diet. beduled for offering this case of the offerings came to an SVI smillion

an \$50 million. an \$50 million.

The the low volume unass were unable to place the s completely. In some casper listance, S.G. Warburg &

imager of a \$50 million, ir note issue of Hiram Holdings, raised the int to 16 percent to attract d that the issue would be

this week at a slight disissue is guaranteed by
Home Oil, an oil company
a become a major part of adian distiller's operations.

Export Credit Corp. paid cent for a \$50-million, five

... ite issue, priced at 99.5 bear-

0.3771

7.200 £3315

, Beat 1.200 trians

Swedish Credit evision in terms came after slipped in premarket trading to 98.25 to yield 16.29 percent. This left the yields of some of

EUROBONDS

the other offerings looking rather skimpy. Among them is a \$25-million, five-year note issue of the Bank of Nova Scotia. Managed by Morgan Stanley International, the issue has been priced at 99.5 bearing 15.5 percent to yield 15.65 per-

Wood Gundy scheduled a \$40million, seven-year note offering of the city of Winnepeg. The issue has an indicated 15.75 percent coupon. Its price will be fixed this week.

Also in the market is a \$25-million, five-year note issue of Tor-dom, a mortgage lending affiliate of the Toronto Dominion Bank. The syndicate manager, Morgan Stanley International, has priced the issue at par bearing 15.5 per-

In addition, GIE Finance, an

ing 15.75 percent. The agency is 50 indirect subsidiary of General percent owned by the Swedish government and the remainder by 12 what is called a "fixed-to-fixed" Swedish banks. Its U.S. debt has convertible issue via Orion Bank the highest rating. Yet, despite its and its associates. The \$50-million, prime credit standing the issue slipped in premarket trading to be priced at par bearing 15.63 percent, is convertible twice a year into GTE Finance's 14-percent coupon bonds of 1996. The response was weak. Bankers said the issue was being made available to large investors at 97.88 instead of

the issue price of par. This would raise the yield to 16.28 percent. Dealers said that investors generally were not willing to commit fresh money to the bond market when much higher yields were obtainable with short-term invest-ments. At the end of the week, three-month dollar deposits in London were yielding 19.5 percent

Franc Note Market

One of the casualties of France's political turn to the left has been the Eurofrench franc note market. This market is composed of a relatively small number of French in-stitutions that place French trancdenominated notes with nonresidents. In recent years, a considerable amount of the paper has been placed in the Middle East.

However, French dealers in the paper were either unwilling to pro-vide quotes for much of this week or they widened the spread be-tween their bids and offers to such a large extent that business ground

The main problem was the reintroduction of exchange controls in France and the accompanying

2.153 N.A. 03.59 72.50

French franc in the foreign ex- sue price will be fixed later. The ECU's value is equal to the market value of fixed amounts of

change market. Interest rates for French franc deposits outside France rose drastically, with three-month rates climbing to 24.25 percent offered Friday from 19.88 percent the week before and 13.88 percent two

While investors were scrambling to sell their notes and place the proceeds in deposits or elsewhere, dealers became reluctant to purchase the notes when the financing cost had become so huge. Conse-quently, the market has virtually disappeared for the time being. bankêrs say.

The introduction of the devisetitre, which effectively imposes a surcharge on purchases of foreign currency securities by French residents, reduced the possibility that French financial institutions will become buyers of last resort, bankers noted.

However, some analysts say that the French franc is devalued or is allowed to float independently from other European currencies, exchange controls could be relaxed and the market might return to normal.

So far this year, eight Eu-rofrench franc issues totaling 2.59 billion franca, or about \$463 mil-lion, were floated.

In Luxembourg, a syndicate led by Kredicibank S.A. Luxembourgeoise is floating an eight-year note issue for the European Invest-ment Bank dominated in ECUs, the bookeeping unit of the Europe-an Economic Community. The notes are expected to bear

Week Ended May 22 (U.S. Dollars) International institu-Industrials, long term.... Industrials, medium term Canadian dollars, medi-

the EEC currencies. The Brussels

commission publishes ECU rates

daily. Based on current rates, the

offering is equivalent to about \$44.2 million.

Enrobond Yields*

15.09 %

16,51 %

10.60 % Unit of acc. long term
Colculated by Luxermoours Str Market Turnover Week Ended May 22 (Millions of U.S. Dolldra) Tetol Deller Equivolant 1,106.2 821.1 205.1

3,156.8 2,826.0 330.8

Eurock.

DOLDER GRAND HOTEL ZURICH A house of tradition an outstanding reputation for

the very highest

Requi de Gendre, Dir. trasse 65, CH-8032 Zurich aphone 01/251 62 31----

standard

8058 Zurich Airport Tel. 1 - 814 20 02 24 hrs. Telex 59 820 pjet ch

Pechiney Ugine Kuhlmann SDR 50,000,000 1981-1988 Floating Rate Notes Krediethank International Group Banque de l'Indochine et de Suez Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. Banque Nationale de Paris Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas Barclays Bank Group Continental Illinois Limited Crédit Chimique Crédit Commercial de France Crédit Lyomain Dillon, Read Overseas Corporation LTCB International Limited Morgan Guaranty Ltd Orion Bank Limited Société Générale Société Générale de Banque S.A.

CURRENCY RATES

k exchange rates for May 22, 1981, excluding bank service charges.

1.151.95 2361.60 20.275 2,535 4,1971 1,250.56 2,5136 47,2612 2,36142 Dollar Values Singular Sin Carrelor U.S.S Regelv. Corrector U.S.S.
0.944 Percell sheket 10.57
0.0045 Jopenness von 22275
1.745 Corrector character 2.7221.745 Name of the control of

Data/Word Processing Managers

T.D.T. has software personnel of all levels available now. WORD PROCESSING ANALYSIS If you need help in any of these areas please call us at:

CICS TOTAL ENVIRON/1 MARK IV VSAM IMS BASIC Wordplex/ASAP 526,29.74, Paris. Teles: 280 244 F. 2, Place Estienno-Torves, 75009 PARIS.

له كذا من الاصل

1/2 154 70.16 16.77 15 1/7 16.50 16.28 16 1/2 16.50 16.28 16 1/2 16.50 16.28 16 1/2 16.50 16.28 16 1/2 16.50 16.28 16 1/2 16.50 16.50 16 1/2 16.50 16 1/2 16.50 16.50 16 1/2 16.50 16.50 16 1/2 16.50 16.50 16 1/2 16.50 16.50 16 1/2 16.50 16.50 16 1/2 16.50 16.50 16 1/2 16.50 16.50 16.50 16 1/2 16.50 16.50 16.50 16 1/2 16.50

tion, after all, is still for inflation which by any historical measures would be deemed incredibly high, Mr. Proewiss said.

For the moment, business executives and consumers alike are being jerked about by conflicting signals: interest rates that seem to fly higher by the day, an economy more robust than anyone imagined, consumer prices more docile than the most optimistic predic-

Early last week, the Commerce Department reported that gross national product had grown at a startling 8.4 percent in the first quarter, rather than the still-strong 6.5 percent reported earlier. It also said that the GNP deflator, a measure sometimes used as a proxy for the underlying inflation rate, had risen at a 10-percent pace in the first quarter, rather than the 7.8 percent reported earlier.

Yet, for all this conflicting evidence, the skeptics cannot argue with the favorable trend in prices in several areas. Oil prices, the value of the dollar, and food and housing prices, which in the past have worked together to push inflation up, are now holding it down. While any of these factors could once again spurt skyward, many economists are optimistic about continued restraint on all these fronts for the near term at

Also contributing to lower inflation is slightly improved produc-tivity. Productivity increases averaged less than I percent a year be-tween 1973 and 1980, and that sluggishness is widely believed to have been one of the root causes of high inflation. Improvement now is viewed as mostly a cyclical phenomenon. "Productivity usually goes up rapidly whenever the economy is in the first year or two of a observed Gregory recovery,' Kipnis, chief economist at ACLI International Commodity Services.

Real improvement in productivity is one of several key factors that will determine whether the better inflation outlook is termporary or longer-lasting. Some economists hope that Reagan administration policies to spur business investment will result in surges in

productivity. Two other factors also viewed as criticial are wage settlements and government policy. It is possible that both could work against inflation, economists say, but they add

Olympic Airways Strike The Associated Press

that it is simply too early to tell.

ATHENS — The technical staff of Greece's national carrier, Olympic Airways, on Sunday extended for four more days a strike that has affected 40 percent of the company's domestic and international flights. Wage settlements are so important in determining inflation that they are often regarded as reflect-ing the underlying inflation rate. That is somewhat ironic, since,

as Audrey Freedman, a labor economist with The Conference Board, pointed out, wage settlements tend to follow inflation, rather than lead it. But because labor costs account on average for nearly three-quarters of the final prices of goods and services, prices annot come down and stay down if labor costs are soaring.

Although wages are not expected to decline outright - even in the face of high unemployment a shrinkage of wage increases would provide a lower base for inflation. And on this basis, economists hold out some hope. If the Consumer Price Index comes in at 7 or 8 percent this year, rather than 10 or 12 percent, workers may be satisfied with wage increases totaling perhaps 7 percent, rather than 10 percent.

Automatic Indexing

Another positive step might come from contracts tied to the cost of living index. Many economists and others have railed against indexing as a direct path to higher and higher inflation. But it is also automatic on the downward side, and some of that benefit may be about to accrue: As the index declines, employers will not be locked into fixed wages at higher

As for government policy, many economists think that has been the main culprit. One argument goes: When the economy has stalled in a weak phase, government leaders grow uncomfortable with the low levels of production and high levels of unemployment. They use their various powers to stimulate the economy. Just as the economy is picking up steam, then, it gets another jolt from the government, and it begins to overheat, sending

up inflation. We have moved to higher and higher levels of inflation, but we have never really been serious about inflation," said Robert Ortner, senior vice president and economist at the Bank of New York. "Whether we are serious now remains to be seen."

The current administration says it is indeed serious. The Federal Reserve Board has vowed to keep tight control of the money supply. The White House has promised to cut government spending and the budget deficit. If both are successful, it could have an anti-inflation-

But translating theory into practice is a harder task. Many economists contend that the proposed tax cuts and the plans for defense spending will be highly inflationary. Supply-side economists defend the program. The debate will be solved only as the months go by and statistics tell the story.



Walter Heller 'A definite hull'

Economic Problems Imperil Swedish Welfare State By Leonard Downie Jr. Washington Post Service
STOCKHOLM — After decades

as an envied model of prosperity. stability and social innovation. Sweden is faced with serious economic and political problems that threaten the future of its rich, egalitarian, welfare-state society.

Despite one of the world's highest tax rates, Sweden's economy no longer produces enough money for the generous social welfare benefits and large government bureaucracy, which consume two-thirds of its annual national income. Its budget deficit and foreign debt are growing at what bankers fear is a Bickering over what to do about

this has broken up the three-party, right-of-center government that had cautiously ruled with a singlevote majority. The Conservative Party, the largest in the coalition, pulled out because of lack of sup-port for its plan to stimulate the economy with radical income tax cuts over the next three years.

The farmer-based Center Party Premier Thorbjorn Falldin and the Liberals agreed with the oposition left-of-center Social Democrats that the tax cuts should be elayed and modified to keep the budget deficit from growing even larger.

Minority Government

Mr. Falldin has put together a minority government to try to tide the country over until next year's scheduled national election. The Social Democrats, who ruled Sweden for 44 years until 1976, have pushed for an immediate election, which opinion polls suggest they would win.

Either way, it appears the gov-ernment will be unable for some

Dr. Sidney Wolfe, who heads

the health care unit of Public Citi-

zen, a consumer lobbying group in

Washington, contends that Ameri-

cans have paid too high a price for

prescription drugs. The United States is one of the few countries

in which the government does not

Dr. Wolfe attacked efforts by

pharmaceutical companies to con-

vince Congress to extend drug pat-

ents. The manufacturers argue that

they are increasingly less able to

recoup their research costs, be-

cause of the dwindling patent life.

In brief, the debate is over how

much profit is enough, given the

risks drug manufacturers assume.

They do not publish profit mar-kups on the drugs they sell. But Dr. Wolfe contends that it is not

unusual for pioneering drugs to

sell at wholesale for seven times

the price of generic copies.

control the price of drugs.

economists believe necessary to stem the worsening economic cri-

"It's a biological problem of a mature welfare state," said Nils Lundgren, chief economist for a large Swedish bank and an adviser to the Social Democrats. public sector can be financed this way only until it grows to a certain size. We've reached the stage where we don't dare tax people enough to cover public costs."

Suffering from low investment, high wages and stagnant produc-tivity, Swedish industry is adjusting more slowly and painfully to changing economic conditions than in the past. Some parts of traditional industries such as shipbuilding and steelmaking have been kept alive only by govern-ment takeovers and transfusions of taxpavers' money.

The Pharmaceutical Manufacturers Association puts the average cost of marketing new drugs at \$70 million, including the average ex-pense of laboratory failures. The risks of unforeseen side effects and

add to a drug company's expenses. Still, pharmaceutical companies earned the fourth highest return on equity in U.S. industry last year, at 20.5 percent, fanking behind oil services, energy companies and to-

related vulnerabilities to lawsuits

Breakthrough drugs contribute most of the profits. Four out of five drugs available never cross the threshold of sales of \$20 million a year. The huge investments and long seed time necessary to execute a successful research program have caused some companies to back away from drugs. In the main, however, drug company executives are going with the scientists, putting more money into research.

This had not previously been part of Sweden's "middle way" model of financing government social welfare and income redistribution programs with a robust private sector.

"We are traveling in the direc-tion of countries like Denmark and Britain, and we must stop that," warned Ingvar Carlsson, an influential Social Democratic member of parliament. He is supervising an economic crisis plan for his party, still Sweden's largest, should invegain power.

All five major political parties agree that something must be done, but they disagree over who should bear the burden of sacrifice. For example, there is wide agreement with Conservative Party leader Gosta Bohman that the time has come to reduce Sweden's marginal income tax rates of up to percent, because they discourage working overtime or seeking promotions for more pay.

But the Social Democrats want to couple a reduction in the mar-ginal rates — down to a maximum f 50 percent for most taxpayers with a crackdown on deductions used by upper-income Swedes to avoid paying taxes. Otherwise, Mr. Carlsson contended, Mr. Bohman's plan would help only the

The Social Democrats also are preparing a program of curbing government spending, freezing wages and taking other steps that would hold down the Swedes' standard of living for several years while shifting money away from wage earners and the welfare state into investment in industry.

"The problem is serious in Sweden and we need to prepare our people for the long hanl," said for-mer Premier Olof Palme, the Social Democratic leader. If the Social Democrats regained control of the government, he claimed, "we would be tough on spending. At the least, there would be no crease in private consumption. But

at the same time, the industrial economy must grow."

Mr. Paime suggested that the Social Democrats also could be tougher, with their labor union support, about withdrawing subsi-dies from failing industries, even if this increased unemployment. Mr. Lunderen said Swedish memployment could be allowed to rise to a postwar record of 4 percent. It is now kept near 2 percent by government subsidies and make work

training programs.

The Social Democrats would try to keep labor unions happy with a plan for profit sharing in big in-dustries that would enable union funds to buy shares in businesse This would help provide needed new capital, but business leaders fear it would lead to union control

of industry. Economists and politicians in Sweden stressed that the country still has a strong economic foundation. They also denied that the welfare state itself was to blame for Sweden's economic problems.

"We face our problems with a very high standard of living," said Lars Kalderen, who supervises the government's borrowing, "Techni-cally, no great difficulties stand in the way of making the problems more manageable. It's a matter of adjusting one's expectations.
"We don't want to change

course drastically," he added. "I don't see us as being ready yet for Mrs. Thatcher or Mr. Reagan."

Banking Daily Drops B of A to No. 2 Spot The Associated Press

to

hat

jon

rk-

ihe

ans

NEW YORK - France's Banque Nationale de Paris has dis-placed San Francisco's Bank of America as the largest commercial bank in the world, according to the trade paper American Banker. BNP, B of A and three other French banks — Credit Lyonnais, Credit Agricole-Mutuel and Societe Generale - make up the top -five for 1980.

For the first time since American Banker began keeping track of such things 17 years ago, B of A slipped to No. 2 among interna-tional banks. Government-owned BNP took over the top place with 1980 deposits of \$93.6 billion, or \$4.3 billion more than B of A.

Gold Options (prices in \$/02.)					
Prices	Aug	Nov.	Option for		
55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	18.00-21.00 2.00-11.00 5.00- 8.00 2.00- 4.00 1.00- 2.00	22.00-36.00 16.00-30.00 11.00-15.00 7.00-19.00	feb. 82 start on Aug. 3; 1981		
Gald 448.50-470.50					

Valeurs White Weld S.A.

'Golden Age' Seen for U.S. Drug Industry

(Continued from Page 7)

pharmaceutical shares is closely tied to the promise of drugs in the

Merck created a stir April I when it announced that a new drug, Timolol, reduced by 39 percent deaths among 186 patients who had suffered recent heart at-The company's shares jumped 4%, to 89%, that day, and subsequently reached 96%.

Timolol has completed pre-market tests. Merck hopes to manufacture it for sale next year if the FDA approves. Merck is spending \$280 million on research this year, more than any other U.S. pharmaceutical manufacturer.

A company never knows when research will be successful. "But. as these biological processes are elucidated better and better," said Marsha H. Fanucci of Arthur D. Little, a consulting concern, "it will allow companies to be more technologically and philosophically sophisticated."

The main impact of the new biology is making itself felt now at earlier stages of investigation for new compounds," said Dr. Barry M. Bloom, head of research at Pfizer. He said Pfizer researchers used gene-splicing methods to quickly identify a drug that appears to sharply reduce deterioration of the nervous sytem suffered by people with severe cases of dia-

It took Pfizer three years to identify the compound and two years for preliminary tests in humans, "I wouldn't want to guess how long it would have taken by random, non-rational searching," Dr. Bloom said. The drug, Sorbinil, was patented in December, 1978. Pfizer must complete another study on patients before it can apply for FDA approval.

At the end of 1980, it took a drug manufacturer an average of 33 months to obtain approval from the FDA to begin selling a new drug. Pfizer has been waiting since March, 1978, for approval of Feldene. a treatment for arthritis that has been a success in Europe. Analysts expect that Feldene's worldwide sales could eventually top \$200 million a year after it is approved in the United States.

The FDA, a unit of the Department of Health and Human Services, has come under fire from drug manufacturers, who contend that the agency too often drags its feet before completing review of a new drug application. But the long and expensive path to marketing a drug cuts both ways. Companies with FDA approval to sell a drug have a strong edge over competitors seeking to sell a copy or a slight variation of the drug.

Critics of the pharmaceutical research companies say that this keeps drug prices artificially high and unjustly inflates profits. In response to those pressures, the Reagan administration last month opened the door for the FDA to allow so-called "me-too" manufacturers to cite published tests of the pioneering research companies in compiling their applications, rather than being forced to repli-

cate the costly experiments.

Richard S. Schweiker, secretary of health and human services, is expected to trim the lag at the FDA. The new head of the FDA. Dr. Arthur Hull Hayes Jr., a physician from Pennsylvania, was chosen by Mr. Schweiker. Members of the Reagan administration are well-acquainted with the drug manufacturers' laments. Mr. Schweiker was an active author of legislation to ease drug regulations when he was a Republican senator from Pennsylvania.

Drug manufacturers are also seeking extension of patent laws that would guarantee them more years of exclusive manufacturing and marketing rights for the drues they develop.

Accord in Drug Antitrust Case Reported Washington, and that he had Similar antitrust actions were

WASHINGTON — Tentative asked the chancellor not to bring agreement has been reached between West Germany and five major U.S. drug companies to end a seven-year-old German antitrust suit alleging that the companies monopolized the worldwide antibiotic drug market, an attorney for the Bonn government said Friday.

The lawyer, Paul C. Sprenger of Minneapolis, a registered agent for West Germany on the case, refused to disclose the terms. Mr. Sprenger said that the two sides had reached an oral agreement as Chancellor Helmut Schmidt was visiting President paid for those drugs by West Ger-Reagan and other officials in

discussions. "We thought it would be better

now not to make an issue out of it," Mr. Sprenger said. The suit is scheduled to go to court June 1, but Mr. Sprenger said he expected the agreement to be put into writing by then.

The case involves the 30-year old development, marketing and licensing of certain broad-spectrum antibiotics, such as aureomycin and tetracycline, by U.S. manufacturers and allegedly inflated prices man consumers.

brought against the companies by India, Colombia and the Philippines, all of which settled their cases, Mr. Sprenger said.

The companies -- Pfizer, American Cyanamid, Bristol-Myers, Upjohn and Squibb — have vigor-ously denied the allegations.

The settlement throws into question the status of legislation now in Congress that would severely restrict the ability of a foreign government to bring an antitrust case in a U.S. court, something now guaranteed under a 1978 Supreme Court raling.

i. Quai du Mont-Blanc 1211 Geneva 1, Switzerland Tei. 316251 - Telex 28365

All of these Securities have been sold. This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

ACAPIAL SHOCE



We have been established locally since 1919 and are a founding member of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. With their competence, financial flair and international expertise, the people of Banque Generale du Luxembourg have contributed in the creation of this strong financial center, and have continually participated in its development.

Our services range from opening a simple account to the management of your portfolio - and include all securities and foreign exchange operations as well as deposits of Euro-currencies. We also participate in the issuing of Euro-bonds and the granting of Euro-credits.

Banque Générale du Luxembourg is also ready to assist in the incorporation of holding companies and to perform all duties in connection with their registration, domicile and administration. In choosing Banque Génerale du Luxembourg, you participate in all the advantages deriving from a

Luxembourg banking location and you benefit from

the services of one of the most important Luxembourg

A strong bank in a strong location.



Banque Générale du Luxembourg

27, avenue Monterey L-2163 Luxembourg Tel. 47 99 1 Telex 3401 bgl lu - 2742 bglex lu (Arbitrage, Euro-currencies) 2471 bglbo lu (Securities Trading) (Incorporated under the laws of Canada)

U.S. \$50,000,000

14½% Debentures due April 15, 1991

Société Générale de Banque S.A.

Orion Bank Limited

Generale Bankmaatschappij N.V.

Crédit Commercial de France

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited

Kredietbank International Group Salomon Brothers International

Swiss Bank Corporation International

Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

Limited S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale

Wood Gundy Limited

Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A.

Générale da Luxembourg S.A.

Bayerische Landesbank Girozontrale

Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank Nederland N.V.

Kidder, Peabody International Limited

Dillon, Read Overseas Corporation

Banque de Luxembourg S.A.

Cificorp International Group

Creditanstalt Bankverein

Financière Dewany S.A.

Greenshields Incorporated

Mitsubishi Bank (Europe) S.A.

Morgan Stanley International

Société Générale

Merrill Lynch International & Co.

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. Alahli Bank of Kuwait (K.S.C.) Banca Commerciale Italiana Bank Gutzwiller, Kurz, Bungener (Overseas) Limited Banque Degroof S. en C.S. Banque de l'Indochine et de Suez Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas Baring Brothers & Co., Limited Berliner Handels-und Frankfurter Bank Compagnie de Banque et d'Investis Crédit Industriel d'Alsace et de Lorraine Richard Dans & Co. Bankiers **Dominion Securities Limited** Fuii International Finance Limited Handelsbank N.W. (Overseas) Limited Kleinwort, Benson Limited Manufacturers Hanover Limited Samuel Montagu & Co. Limited Nesbitt. Thomson Limited J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited

Svenska Handelsbanker

Banque Française du Commerce Extérieur Banque Internationale à Luxembourg S.A. Banque Privée de Gestion Financière Bayerische Hypotheken-und Wechsel-Bank Aktie Christiania Bank og Kreditkasse CIBC Limited Crédit Industriei et Commercial

Crédit Lyonnais DG BANK Deutsche Genossenschaftsbank **European Banking Company Limited** Girozentrale und Bank der Österreichischen Snarkes Kuhn Loeb Lehman Brothers International, Inc.

Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd.

Kawait International Investment Co., s.a.k. McLeod Young Weir International Limited Morgan Guaranty Ltd. Nippon European Bank S.A.:

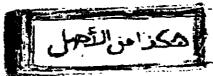
Nomura Europe N.V. Peterbroeck, Van Campenhout & Cie S.C.S. Pierson, Heldring & Pierson N.V. Rabobank Nederland The Royal Bank of Canada (London) Limited Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co. Incorporated Vereins and Westhank, Aktiengeselischeft

J. Vontobel & Co., Bankiers

Date of the second seco

	IBUNE, MONDAY, MAY 25, 1981 NEW YORK (AP)-Weakly Over the Counter	cles in N of
International Bond Prices—Week of May 21	NEW YORK (AP)-Weakly Over the Counter stocks giving the high, low, and lost aid prices for the week with the net change from the previous week's lost bid prices. All quotations supplied by the National Association of Securities Degrees, inc. are not actual transactions but are	100s High Love Lost Ch 2019 20% 20% 322 17% 17 17% 17% 1 504 173 51% 17%
Provided by White Weld Securities, London; a Division of Financiere Credit Suisse - First Boston Corr. Co	representative interdeoler prices at which these securities could have been sold. Prices do not include retail markup, morkdown or commission. Sales supplied by NASD. APPOINTED BY NASD. APPOINTED BY NASD. APPOINTED BY NASD. Sales supplied by NASD. APPOINTED BY NASD. APPOINTED BY NASD. Sales supplied by NASD. APPOINTED BY NASD. Sales supplied by NASD. APPOINTED BY NASD. APPOINTED BY NASD. Sales supplied by NASD. APPOINTED BY NASD	629 17 16% 1677 18 169 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17
(Continued from page 8) \$25	Attachment 5 total 1991 1991 1991 1991 1991 1991 1991 19	27 64 54 44 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Off 100 Verbissueld 7 TS Oct 95 1/7 9.15 load 7.25 cm 100 Verbissueld 7 TS Oct 95 1/7 9.15 load 7.25 cm 100 Verbissueld 6 7 TS Oct 95 1/7 9.15 load 7.25 cm 100 Verbissueld 6 7 TS Oct 95 1/7 9.15 load 7.25 cm 100 Verbissueld 6 1/2 The load 7 1/4 load 100 Verbissueld 6 1/2 The load 7 1/4 load 100 Verbissueld 9 1/4 TS Oct 95 1/7 9.15 load 7 1/4 load 100 Verbissueld 9 1/4 TS Oct 95 1/7 load 100 Verbissueld 9 1/4 TS Oct 95 1/7 load 100 Verbissueld 9 1/4 TS Oct 95 1/7 load 100 Verbissueld 9 1/4 TS Oct 95 1/7 load 100 Verbissueld 9 1/4 TS Oct 95 1/7 load 100 Verbissueld 9 1/4 load 100 Ver	Accepting to the property of t	227 15 1474 1474 1 18 394 34 194 1 20 4194 4894 4894 1 20 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 11
dm 150 Contra Enerra Sua Pouto 7 37 Mov & 9.97 11.51 8.14 dm 70 Contra Vola Do Rio Doco 9 74 Feb 98 1/4 9.55 9.77 9.11 \$180 Ministrativi El Works, 100 Minis	Advisors 15 44 44 44 5 - 4 April 12 2 54 254 254 4 4 4 5 - 4 April 2 2 2 54 2 54 2 54 4 4 4 5 - 4 April 2 2 2 54 2 54 2 54 4 4 5 - 4 April 2 2 2 54 2 54 2 54 2 54 2 54 2 54 2 54	1715 16% 15% 15% 1715 25% 25 25 277 37% 37% 37% 37% 265 26% 25 27% 152 18: 15% 17 47433-14 5% 5%
6m 197 Light-Services Broad) 4 2/4 16 May 76 1/4 13.45 5.65 1 1.50 5.40 Millsubjish Corp 1 1.40 77 year 425.10-11 12 Light-Services Broad) 4 1/4 16 May 76 1/4 13.65 1 1.50 5.60 Millsubjish Corp 1 1.40 77 year 425.10-11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1	AdvRoss 155 446 5 - 4 AdvMASY 359 696 616 656 - 66 794 54 AdvMASY 359 670 60 794 54 AdvMASY 359 670 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794	22 - 25% 5 5% 5 5% 5 5% 5 5% 5 5% 5 5% 5
dm 200 Spoin 6 1/4 84 Apg 86 12.16 7.55 6 78 Millsubject Gos Chern 1 1/4 1/7 year 272.20 - 4 1/4 5 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4		200 146 242 446 5 577 15 14 146 2 279 179 119 119 146 2 20 56 56 56 59 59 59 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 11
SWEDEN 4 1/2 94 May 90 1/4 19.42 7.20 340 Nilspino larel Corp 77 1/2 22 May 91 378 - 5 % 1980 Oct 121 motherity \$29 8/9 483 A3 1994 Nay 71 1/2 22 May 91 1/4 19.42 7.20 5 % 1980 Oct 121 motherity \$29 8/9 483 A3 1994 Nay 71 1/2 22 May 91 1/4 19.42 7.20 5 % 1994 Nay 71 1/2 22 May 91 1/4 19.42 7.20 7.20 7.20 7.20 7.20 7.20 7.20 7.2	AirFice p22.0 379 344 354 344 344 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34	350 374 374 374 374 375 375 375 375 375 375 375 375 375 375
dm 200 Sweden 9 2/4 17 Apr 99 1/2 924 9.80 15 6 1992 Sen 115 27 Sen 17 17 Sen 17 18 Sweden 19 1/2 14.69 9.41 18.50 18.50 19.50	Allocation: 25e 42 City 73 79-79-79 Allocation: 25e 42 City 73 79-79-79 Allocation: 25e 42 City 73 79-79-79 Allocation: 25e 79 79-79-79-79 Allocation: 25e 79-79-79-79-79-79-79-79-79-79-79-79-79-7	200 10
den 100 Fortsmorks Kreiffer Ab 8 1/4 \$1 Jul 95 18.0 \$13.0 8.0 den 105 Fortsmorks Kreiffer Ab 9 7/4 \$1 Jul 95 18.0 \$13.0 8.0 den 105 Fortsmorks Kreiffer Ab 9 7/4 \$1 Jul 90 \$1 8.0 \$1 8.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1	Stringer, at my true form black. Str mile 6. 0 - 10 Complete the string and also mile.	ed on Page 11)
dm M0 Post-Och Kredilthonken 5 34 18 Mary 79 1/4 9,96 11,34 726 of m 75 Sonb-Scomb 1,00 14 1,00 14 12 14 12 14 10,75 24 18,75 24	Cotton & price Lyon See Dags Amoux 35 1797g 0 5 5404 Amoux 40 135 0 5 5404 Amoux 40 135 0 5 5404 Amoux 40 135 0 5 5404 Amoux 40 137 1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	70 25 5% 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
deri 100 Swertjest Invest Bonk	Amon: 35 1992 a b 54% Amon: 40 15 a b 54% Amon: 50 6% 1974 21-16 54% Amon: 50 6% 1974 21-16 54% Amon: 50 6% 1974 1274 54% Amon: 50 15-16 3 3% 54% Pfizer 50 11% 3% 5 49% Bourston 40 3% 54% a 4356 Amon: 50 6% 1974 1274 1274 1274 1274 1274 1274 1274 12	9 - 576 1 + 16 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
	Assertic 32 17th 74 5 42h Phillips 42 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5 % 19613345 5 % 0 5 5 5 0 6 6 5 0 6 1 36 36 6
of 100 Intl.Commercial Bank 6 1/4 33 Jun 92 1124 1544 73 Jun 192 1124 1545 73 Jun 192 1244 1545 73 Jun 192 1244 1545 74 Jun 192 1245	Asserco S 36 14, 356 475, Printto 336 151/2 b b 474, Digita p 70 1-16 a b 16376 Printey 30 116 a a 2756 Lapton 50 a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	100 a
dm 125 Stondord Chartered BB, 6 1/2 181 Jun 2 10.22 10.22 10.00 10	Semilary 25 144 4 5 35/4 Primac 33 14/4 16 17 47/4 Digital 110 8 18/4 18/5 17/5 18	0 0 172 704 20 0 174 30 5 174 175
## 20 Ibm World Frode 9 55 Apr 102 12 134 934 935 934 935 934 935 934 935 934 935 934 935 934 935 934 935 934 935 934 935 934 935 935 934 935	Choise 45 0 0 5 56 474 576 576 576 576 576 576 576 576 576 576	776 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
CONVERTIBLE BONDS 5 19 190 Sape 66 1/2 methyrity \$22 1/4 42.55 \$2.69 \$15 Same includible 66.67 \$2 methyrity \$2.00 \$2.50 \$2.50 \$3.50 \$3.50 \$4.50 \$2.50 \$3.50 \$3.50 \$4.50 \$2.50 \$3.50 \$3.50 \$4.50 \$2.50 \$3.50 \$3.50 \$4.50 \$3.50 \$3.50 \$4.50 \$3.50 \$3.50 \$4.50 \$4.50	Constil 30 1-16 34 446 51001 25 54 796 4476 51001 25 54 796 26 27 27 28 27 28 28 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29	25 194 294 294 295 295 295 295 295 295 295 295 295 295
## EUROPE \$25 Beatrice Foods 43.72 1 Mar 72 \$15 Sectric-Private 23.37 15 Dec.79 \$144 1997 Aug 97 1/2 motherly 5 327 76 27 47 5 \$1 1997 Aug 97 1/2 motherly 5 327 76 27 47 5 \$1 1997 Aug 97 1/2 motherly 5 327 76 27 47 5 \$1 1997 Aug 97 1/2 motherly 5 327 76 27 47 5 \$1 1997 Aug 97 1/2 motherly 5 327 1/2	Constit 50 % 3% 5% b 44% SICol 55 a % b 3777 PsiCh 20 % % 1% 13-16 15 Textoco 45 % 16 16 5 5% Penney 30 Constit 50 % 5% b 44% SICol 55 a % b 3777 PsiCh 20 % 18 13-16 15 Textoco 45 % 18 16 b 3776 Penney 30 Constit 5 % 5 % 18 6 b 44% SICol 55 a % b 3777 PsiCh 20 6 5% a 5% a 18 13-16 15 Textoco 45 16 % 5 35% Penney 30 Constit 5 % 5 % 18 6 a 17% Textoco 45 1-16 % 5 35% Penney 40 Desire 40 a 5% a 45% SICOl 20 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	26 36 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
43/4 1987 Jon 73 1/2 moturity Mil 90 26 199.21 5.5 Page 8 15/4 199.21 10 Jun 31 15/4 199	GTol 25 314 324 a 2744 SIOOh 50 1-16 19 25-14 48% Gerrhad 20 13-16 196 214 1996 UCarby 66 4 a a 35 Phillips 35 GTol 30 12 14 196 2745 SIOOh 60 1716 1714 a 484 GulfO 30 15-16 1996 USSE'P 30 16 134 17-16 20 Phillips 45 GulfO 30 275 a a 2744 SIOOh 70 11-16 a b 484 GulfO 30 a 13-16 76 33 USSE'P 30 16 134 17-16 20 Phillips 45 GulfO 30 a 13-16 76 33 USSE'P 30 16 196 176 176 176 176 176 176 176 176 176 17	20 30 50 30 50 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
4 1/4 % 1990 Dec 45 contactly \$200 3/8 15.15 5.00 \$50 Charter int Fin 28.51 10c179 510 Townsient 19.55 1 Feb 69	Giller P 30 14 a a 32% Telepr P 35 72 a a 34% Guillo 48 314 % b 33 USSIP 48 7 a a 32% Philipp 35 Guillo 48 314 % b 33 USSIP 48 7 a a 32% Guillo 48 314 % b 33 USSIP 48 7 a a 32% Guillo 45 1146 34 b 33 What.m 23 44 48 a 22% Philipp 48 Guillo 45 1146 34 b 33 What.m P 30 a 244 a 22% Philipp 48 Guillo 45 1146 34 b 33 What.m P 30 a 244 a 22% Philipp 48 Guillo 45 1146 a 32% What.m P 30 a 244 a 22% Philipp 48 Guillo 45 1146 a 32% What.m P 30 a 244 a 22% Philipp 48 Guillo 45 1146 a 3 32% What.m P 30 a 244 a 22% Philipp 48 Guillo 45 1146 a 3 32% What.m P 30 a 244 a 22% Philipp 48 Guillo 45 1146 a 3 32% What.m P 30 a 244 a 22% Philipp 48 Guillo 45 1146 a 3 32% What.m P 30 a 244 a 22% Philipp 48 Guillo 45 1146 a 3 32% What.m P 30 a 244 a 22% Philipp 48 Guillo 45 1146 a 3 32% What.m P 30 a 244 a 24% B 32 Secrite 30 What.m P 30 346 44% 5 24% 5 24%	76 60 77 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
51/2 % 1980 Oct 155 motority 351/5 5.18-5.29 \$12 Charaktrough-Pon 48/22 1 Nov 49 51/5 5.97 Cito-Galayr Overs 2000 1 Sep 79 42/4 (1983 Over 120 motority 5241/2 5.92-4.42 5 % 1984 May 81 motority 3411/2 5.92-1.05 % 1984 May 81 motority 3411/2 5.92-	Komeb 20 14 11-16 2 2116 Volero 30 17 372 472 3416 Hutton p 20 0 1-16 b 4255 Meeting p 25 375 0 0 22 Shorts 25 Komeb 25 3-16 13-16 2 2116 Volero 35 1 3 376 3416 Hutton p 30 134 1376 1476 22 216 Volero 35 17-16 2 2116 Volero 35 18-16 25 18-1	15-16 The 27-16 3" 32 g 44 g 2: 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
20 Elsevier-indu 7.87 1 Morro in 1820 5 1 190 Feb 48 motivity \$42 344.22 417.25 190 Feb 48 34.45 190 Feb 58 141.25 141.25 190 Feb 58 141.2	LTV 22 4% 5% 6 25% Whister p 45 46 0 0 47% Hullion p 43113-16 336 5% 65% ASA #8 13% 15-16 19% 5 25% LTV p 25 14 2% 15 15 15 15 15 15 16 17% 50 4 3% 48 47% Hullion p 43113-16 36 5% 65% ASA #8 13% 15-16 15 5% 15-16 17% 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	11-16 1/2 2/4 (34 h) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
# 180 General Denotes 45 123 motherly \$ 161 5/8 246 5.68 125 motherly \$ 161 5/8 126 5/8 127 motherly \$ 161 5/8	MorOll p 50 39% 646 p 50 Aemo	76 76 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
\$100 told in Fig. 25.77 18cy 70 public	NLTP 30 46 16 2 346 AmExp 40 516 a 134 3377 Merril p 40 36 46 a 374 Axed p 30 386 b 5 577 Tosco 35 161. To 35 27-16 5 66 346 Amexp 40 516 a 872 4586 Merril p 45 776 a a 374 Axed p 35 1-16 a b 5677 Tosco 35 161. To 3 2 5-16 4 47 346 Amexp 50 16 a a 4576 Merril p 45 776 a a 374 Axed p 35 1-16 a b 5677 Tosco 35 161. To 40 46 40 346 Amexp 50 16 a a 4576 Merril p 45 776 a a 374 Axed p 35 1-16 a b 5677 Tosco 35 161. To 40 46 a a 374 Axed p 35 1-16 a b 5677 Tosco 35 161. Tosco 35	Man D Description
5.24 Internition Overy 5.00 (2.4 m) 75 (2.4	Networks 30 3-14 7% 25% 25% Amilians 30 Nr. 46 a 34% Messapi 30 7% 27% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25	SAIL Open Interest
575 Famile Chromothari 6846 16 Febr 74 palls 77,46 SSI 515 EL Internal 25 10 Cet 73 10 Cet 74 10 Cet 74 10 Cet 74 10 Cet 75 10	Chicago Exchange Options Control 2 1	Chi 20-16 392 E
54 4 1972 Jun 71 meturity p 111 22,14 4.86 512 Sender Newscore 545 512/5 1785 Dec 61 meturity p 5311/2 302,70 Sender Newscore 545 512/5 1785 Dec 61 meturity p 5311/2 302,70 Sender Newscore 152,74 1982 Dec 61 meturity p 5311/2 302,74 Sender 152,74	## 27 146 178 2 22/2 For the Week Ending May 22, 1981 GaDyn. 46 gaDyn. 46 gaDyn. 45 gaDyn. 46 gaDyn. 46 gaDyn. 45 gaDyn. 45 gaDyn. 45 gaDyn. 45 gaDyn. 46 gaDyn. 45 gaDyn. 46 gaDyn. 45 gaDyn. 4	10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
7 % 1985 Mory 75 anotherity \$441/2 7.28 9.94 5175 Swiss Blonk Corp 1 5ep 81 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	Trighty 60 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	196 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
11/2 % 1992 May 12h emburity \$1978 4.06-2172 \$75 Ford letters Fig 17.79 20 Apr 74	THE D 4	2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
A 1/4 ML 3000 Com 1979 1 E Com 60 100 9/4 A 9/4 199	SINGES P 20 1-16 1/2 0 25%. Review 40 144 344 0 41 Fluor 50 14 116 26 39 Southb 36 772 84% 0 37 Household Till Singles 25 4 2 3 25%. Review 40 144 344 0 41 Fluor 50 164 146 0 39 Southb 36 772 84% 0 37 Household Till Singles 25 4 2 3 25%. Review 40 146 146 0 41 Fluor 50 1-16 146 0 39 Southb 36 772 84% 0 37 Household Till Singles 30 1-16 16 16 25% 146 176 176 176 176 176 176 176 176 176 17	57 20 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 11
\$ Cornon lac. \$ Cornon lac. \$ Cornon lac. \$ Cornon lac. \$ Subset 1	PROCESS 24 37 37 324 Rectives 45 2 24 44 49 Healthin p 45 45 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	11-14 11-15
5.30 Hitschi Ltd	marked 16 a 24 574 Sears 20 15 114 24 1994 Homstk 50 16 1212 1315 5816 Titler 1324 48 3 2 2 3 Mathip 45	
5.50 6 % 1972 Aug 6 2 1803 1/5 524 1/7	rd p 30 % 9-16 % 22 Supoli y 18 6 77 20 Housek 90 % b 586 Tiding 144% 35 0 566 NSemi p 35 15 rd 32 1-16 p 27 14 7-16 p 27 140 p 27 15	44
Hons. supplied by the Notional Association of Security 2018 NL Strate TX 2019 Closing Prices May 22, 1961 Security 22, 49 NL Graft 15.28 16.26 Sin3ol 13.87 NL For National Association of Securities Declara. Bell Ask Usin TX 25.77 NL Strate T	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	A CONTRACTOR
	Addicts 444 3-16 194 a 374 3-16 194 a 374 3 1379 a 3779 HOUSelf 60 a 19 b 2796 Equation 110 317 514 a 1227 Coci of a 1227	
Description	45 54 79 5 314 Alcoo 30 78 472 5 3144 18M 25 544 116 2 3514 174 2 7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Paragrams Property Pr
Able 24.73 NL Acorn F 24.28 NL Acorn F 2	A 60 15 17-16 285 336 AmTel 50 7 746 8 53 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
A Still 2/3 (9.4) A Mich 2/4 (12.4) A Mich 12.4 (12.4) Borss 11.2 (12.3) Borss 11.3 (12.4) Borss 11.3 (12.4) Borss 11.4 (12.4) Borss 11.5 (12.4) Borss 12.5 (12.4) Borss 12.7 (12.4) Borss	98 Tip 90 12 1244 a 778 ARR P 50 344 a 4 4796 105 Per 9 50 11-14 179 211-16 4534 Arriva	Partie and American Street, and
CAMP F a	THE C 25 30% O D SSM, ANDT 45 W 11-16 11 27% John. J 34% O 175-16 O 38% Studen 38 6 74 0 36% Studen 38 74 13-14-217-45 59% Studen 38 74 13-14-217-4	A STATE OF THE STA
Ventr 229 34.5 Cont Mot 7.40 NL Cry Cap 16.72 18.27 Tax Ex 7.57 2.59 Grawth 11.25 12.56 MSB Fd 18.80 NL Pittind 15.05 16.44 Cry Cap 16.72 18.27 ANNEX 9.79 18.59 Grawth 11.25 12.56 MSB Fd 18.80 NL Pittind 15.05 16.44 Some Funds; Capit 17.42 19.99 ExBst 45.15 NL Kan Capit 17.42 19.99 ExBst 46.15 NL Kan Capit	THE STATE OF	
Provid 4.01 4.22 Delto 9.92 10.84 Multipl 9.51 NL HI Vid 5.5 8.55 Arear 9.69 NL Tx Fire 1.07 NL Security 1.00 Tx Fire 1.00 NL	The property of the property o	
A MINITOR 1420 17270 ABB FOR 1222 N.L. LIMPS A 174 422 CAS K1 427 N.L. Mod Ind. 15.44 N.L. Conty 13.45 14.75 Dissers 5.92 5.92 Mod	mo p dette 190 5 m dette 70 9% 12% 0 m dette 70 9% 12% 12% 12% 12% 12% 12% 12% 12% 12% 12	
Compt 11.17 14.62 Comp Feb 17.18 18.58 Feb 11.18 17.18 1	Service 15 74 - 0 a 22th Aven	
NeDec 15.81 14.95 Spect 14.39 15.51 Gen Sec 72.42 NL Grow 11.88 NL Growth 14.67 22.25 Softeo Securit 10.90 NL Stella Role 765: Geven 76.27 NL Woods Struttmers: New Number 10.00 NL Stella Role 765: Geven 76.27 NL Woods Stella Role 765: Geven 76.27 NL Words Role 765: Geven 765: Geven 765: Geven 765: Geven 765: Geven 765: Geven 765: NL New 15.18 NL New 15.1	27 7-14 11-16 196 2715 28 7-15 11-16 196 2715 28 7-1	
	Jey Ciolista	100

ptions



Over-the-Counter

Messery & Add Restrict & Add Restric

Consolidated Trading Consolidated Trading Issues Trades in: 2136

Treasury Bills **Financing Deal** On Oil Pipeline Resters

WASHINGTON — A U.S.Canadian pipeline consortium has reached agreement with oil companies on financing a long-delayed natural gas pipeline from Alaska to the United States through Canada according to a U.S. energy offida, according to a U.S. energy offi-

Of AMEX Listings

Of NYSE Listings

The pipeline firms and oil comname producing Prudhoe Bay natural gas have been stalemated since 1977 over financing the pro-posed 4.800-mile pipeline. Its cost has been estimated at \$15 billion to \$25 billion, which would be the largest private financing deal ever

made.
An Energy Department source said Saturday that Congress would have to approve any equity arrangement.

Tel: 212-838-802

& 212-753-1864.

INTERNATIONAL

ESCORT SERVICE

AND PROMOTIONS
NY-U.S.A.
Travel anywhere with
mobilingual experts.
Major Coeffic Cards Accepted.
212-748-7996 or 765-7754.
330 W. Sóh St., NY-JNY, 10019.
International Experts needed

Easler and Perez Lead Pirates To 3-1 Victory Over the Phillies

From Agence Dispetition
PITTSBURGH -- Mike Easter drove in one run and scored two others Friday night and Pasqual Perez pitched a six-hitter for his first major-league victory to lead the Pittsburgh Pirates to a 3-1 triumph over the Philadelphia Phil-

game, tripled and scored on Phil

FRIDAY BASEBALL

Garner's sacrifice fly off starter Larry Christenson (1-4) for a 1-0 lead in the fifth. He then singled in a run and scored on Omar Moreno's single in a two-run seventh. 67 at-bats.

Expos 6, Cabs 3

In Chicago, the Cubs marked Herman Franks' debut as acting general manager by dropping their season record to 6-28 with a 6-3 loss to Montreal. Franks replaced Bob Kennedy, who resigned Friday. Charlie Lea, who hurled a no-

hitter over San Francisco two weeks ago, stretched his scoreless string to 28 1/3 innings by shutting out the Cubs on four hits through the first seven innines The right-hander had to leave after aggravating a blister on his throw-

Padres 5, Braves 2

In Atlanta, Terry Kennedy doubled in two runs and Juan Eichelberger earned his fourth victory against two losses as Atlanta downed San Diego, 5-2. Tommy Boggs (1-7) took the loss despite a two-rum homer by Claudell Wash-

Dodgers 4, Reds 2

In Cincinnati, Dusty Baker's bases-loaded single in the 12th snapped a 2-2 tie and gave Los Angeles a 4-2 victory over Cincinnati. Reliever Doug Bair (1-1) took the loss as Dave Stewart (2-0), who hasn't given up a run in six appearances this season, pitched two innings for the victory.

Mets 9, Cardinals 3 In St. Louis, Joel Youngblood

Chicage
Colifornia 000 100 (31—3 to Burns, Hoyt (4), Hickey (7), Farmer (7) and Fisk: Fersch, Sanchez (8), Hessier (7) and Downing, Wi-Burns, 4-2 L. Prosch, 4-2 HRs—1 misski 2 (8), Colifornia, Baylor (7). and John Stearns drove in two runs each to back the five-hit pitching of Pat Zachry for a 9-3 victory by New York over St. Louis. The Mets, winning their second in a row after having lost nine straight, rallied from a 2-0 deficit with a run in the second on an RBI single by Zachry and four runs in the third

Houston, Darrell Evans keyed a three-run 15th with a twoout, bases-loaded single that helped San Francisco to a 6-3 victory over Houston. Johnnie LeMaster led off the 15th with a walk off Joaquin Andujar (1-3). After Enos Cabell singled and Jack Clark walked to load the bases, Bobby Sprowl replaced Andujar and Evans punched a bloop single to right-center. Twins 7, Royals 0

In the American League, in Bloomington, Minn., Billy Gardner's managerial debut was a successful one as the Minnesota Twins shut out the Kansas City Royals, 7-0. John Castino and Sal Butera drove in three runs each to back the six-hit pitching of Jerry Koosman, breaking an eight-game Minnesota losing streak. Indians 7, Yankees 3

In New York, Joe Charboneau hit a three-run homer and Bo Diaz drove in three runs with a sacrifice fly and a single to help Bert Biyleven to his sixth straight victo-ry, a 7-3 Cleveland victory over the New York Yankees. Charboneau homered off loser Tommy John (5-4) in the fourth.

> More Sports On Page 13



Orioles 4, Tigers 2

In Detroit, Ken Singleton drove in two runs, one with a tie-break-ing homer in the eighth inning, to lead Baltimore to a 4-2 victory over Detroit. Scott McGregor (5-1) pitched a seven-hitter over eight innings for the victory and Milt Wilcox (5-4) took the loss.

Red Sox 7, Brewers 3

In Milwaukee, Jim Rice and

(9) and Graie W—Koesman, 24. Texas 914 000 001—6 18 0 Sectile 000 001—2 4 1 Dorwin and Sundbers; F. Bonnister, Clay (3), Gesatan (7), Drace (9) and Narren, W—Darwin, 5—3, L.— F. Bonnister, 6—4. HRs—Texas, B. Bell 2 (6), Sectile, Burroughs (5).

Chicago, Luzinski 2 (8), Colifornia, Bavlor (7).
Toronto 10 600 000—2 8 0
Ookkand 902 900 04x—4 6 1
Stieb, Todd (8) and B.Martinez; Langford and
Heath, W.—Langford, 5-4. L.—Stieb. 3-5.
MATIONAL L.FAGUE
San Francisco 101 000 000 013—6 19 0
Houston 900 011 000 000 013—6 11 0

Houston Goo 017 000 000 018—3 11 0
D.Alexander, Breining (9), Holland (11), Minton (14) and Sodek and May (10); Knepber, LoCorte (9), Sombito (10), D.Smith (13), Andujor
(15), Sprowi (15) and Ashby, W.—Minton, 2—2.

L—Anchylor, 1—1.

New York 514 300 100—9 10 0

51, Louis 218 000 800—3 5 1

Zathry and Stearns; Martinez, Otten (3), Lintell (5), Edelen (8) and Sanchez, W—Zachry, 4-5.

L—Mortinez, 1-3.

Monireal 030 830 000—6 11 0

Chicago 100 000 021—3 9 2

Lea, Soso (8), Lee (9) and Carter; Krukow,

McGlatthen (5), Krovec (7), Casilla (9) and

Blockwell, W—Lea, 3-1, L—Krukow, 1-5, HRs—

Montreal, Davison (11), Chicago, Blockwell (1).

Major League

Standings

AMERICAN LEAGUE

NATIONAL LEAGUE

011 010 024-0 15 3 000 100 021-5 10 3

Dwight Evans each hit two-run homers, enabling Boston to score a 7-3 victory over Milwaukee. John Tudor got the victory with relief help from Bill Campbell to snap the Brewers' six-game winning

Rangers 6, Mariners 2

In Seattle, Buddy Bell drove in four runs with two homers and Danny Darwin (5-3) tossed a fourhitter to lead Texas to 6-2 victory over Seattle, despite a triple play by the Mariners. It was the American League's second triple play of the season.

A's 6, Blue Jays 2

In Oakland, Dwayne Murphy lined a two-out, tie-breaking single to score Rickey Henderson from second base and trigger a four-run eighth inning, enabling the A's to break an eight-game losing streak with a 6-2 defeat of Toronto. Rick

Langford (5-4) got the victory.

White Sox 9, Angels 5 At Anaheim, Calif., Greg Luzinski hit his seventh and eighth homers of the year to drive in four runs and Mike Squires added a pair of run-producing singles to lead the Chicago White Sox to a 9-5 victory over California.

Major League Line Scores

Philoceiphio 000 000 100-1 6 0 Pilisburgh 000 610 20x-3 4 3 Christenson, Reed 17), Lyte 61 and Boone: Perez and Nicosla, W—Perez, 1-0, L—Christen AMÉRICAN LÉAGUE Bivieven and Diaz; John, Bird (6). Castro (8). LaRache (8) and Foote. W— Bivieven, 5-1. L— John. 5-4. HRs— Cleveland. Charbonosu (3). Monnins (1).

Boston 230 200 000—7 10 0

Alliwaykee 010 200 209—3 B 2

Tudor, Compbell (7) and Gedman: Hoos.
Cleveland (2). Augustine (4). Keetan (8) and

Simmans. W—Tudor, 2-1. L—Hoos. 3-3. HRS—
Baston, Rice (4). Evans (10). Milwaykee, Bando Reuss. Home (8). Stewart (11) and Sciescia. Yeaper (11). LaCoss. Hume (8). Price (9). Botr (12) and O'Berry. W.—Stewart, 2-0. L.—Bair. 1-1. HR—Los Angeles. Batter (3).

Saturday

NATIONAL LEAGUE 231 000 000 00--- 16 (000 041 010 01---7 13 San Diego 231 000 000 00-0-6 0 0 Atlanto 000 031 010 01-7 13 1 Welsh Urreo (6). Loilor (7). Littleffeld (8). Lucas (10) and Y. Kennedy: Perrv. Manietusc (3). Hanna (6). Mahler (7). Camp (9) and Benedict. W.—Carre. +1. L.—Lucas, 3-5. HRs.—San Diego. Richards (1). Atlanta. Linares (2). New York 310 000 100-2 9 2 St. Louis 312 000 20x-8 12 1 Folcone. Housman (2). Lynch (3). Miller (7) and Stearns; Fersch. Kada (7) and Tenace. W.—Forsch. 4-2. L.—Folcone, 1-2. Philiodelphila 000 102 100-4 15 19 111 sharrsh 000 102 100-4 14 0

Forsch. 4-2. L.—Folcone, 1-2
Philodetphilo
002 000 031—6 15 J
Pirisbursh
000 102 100—4 14 0
Espinosa, Lyle (6). Proly (7), Reed (8) and
B.Boone: Soloman. Romp (7), Tekuhre (8), Jackson (5) and Sciescia. W— Proly. 1-0. L.—Tekuhve.
0-2. MRs.—Philodelphila. Schmidt (14). Pilisbursh (14).

Burris, Frymen (?). Beirnsen (8) and Corter: Reuschel, Tidraw (8) and Blackwell, Davis (8). W.—Reuschel, 2-5. L.—Burris, 2-4. HR.—Manfreol. Raines (3).

Control 137.

Os Angeles 000 112 001 4—9 14 3
Cacinnoti 000 030 110 1—6 10 0
Valenzuciu, Stewart (9), Farster (10), Castilla (18) and Sciescia. Yeoper (9); Sota, Hume (8), Maskau (19), Combe (10) and O'Berry, Molan (9), W-Steuch; Jo. L.-Maskau, 1-1, HRS-Los, Angeles, Gorvey (4), Thomas (1), Cey (9), John-

Whitson, Motitit (5), Lavelle (6), Breining (8)

W—Righterii, 14. L—Weijis, 42. HR.—New York, Winfleid (4).

Toronto 000 000 002 000 000—2 9 8 Oakland 110 000 000 000 000 001—3 11 1 Bambock, Willis (8), J.McLaughlin (9), Leaf (12) and Whiff: Keough, Owchinko (9), J.Jones (9) and Heath, W—Jones, 3-1. L—Leaf, 2-5. HR.—Oakland, Heath (3).

Bottimore 120 111 220—9 15 Detroit 001 000 018—2 9 0 Fisnogon, Stewart (6) and Demissey; Razemia, Bailey (6), Loses (7) and Porrish, W—Fisnogon, 6-1. L—Rozema, 2-4. HRs.—Battimore, DecCinces 2 (2), Murray (4), Detroit, Kemp (3).

Boston 121 200 020—8 15 0 Milwourkee 000 000 100—1 8 2 Torrez, Clear (6) and Schmidt: Lerch, Keston

2 (2). Marray (4). Detroit. Kemp (3).
Boston
121 200 029—6 15 0
Mitworkee 000 000 100—1 8 2
Torrez. Clear (6) and Schmidt: Lerch. Keston
(4). Cleveland (8). Easterly (9) and Moore. W—
Torrez. 4-2 L—Lerch, 2-4 HR—Boston, Schmidti
(2).
Chicago
California 180 240 503—15 17 6
California 200 000 200—4 15 3
Boumporten. Lorrep (7) and Fisk, Ession (7);
Renko. Jefferson (5). D'Acquisto (5). Sanchez
(9) and Downing. W—Baumporten, 4-4 L— Renko, 3-2.
Texas 000 000 004 00—6 6 2
Seottle 100 200 010 000 —4 10 1
Haneycutt. Babcock (6). Camer (9). Johnson (12) and Sundsere; Clark. L. Anderson (9). Rawley (9). Dropa (12) and Bulling, Narron (7). W—
Camer. 3-1. L—Rawley, 0-1. HRS—Seattle. Gray 2
(8).
Minnesota 200 000 000 000 001—1 11 0
Erickson. Carbett 100, Capper (12) and Bulera; Seltitorti. Mortin (12) and Wothon. W—
Martin, 1-2. L—Cooper, 6-3.

ESCORTS & GUIDES

LONDON

Portman Escort Agency 67 Chilteen Street, Loodon W1 TEL: 486 3724 or 486 1158

GENEVA

Charlene Guide Service

TEL: 20 39 35.

LONDON

BELGRAVIA

LONDON

Classics Escort Service

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS **ESCORTS & GUIDES REGENCY - USA** (Continued from Back Page) ESCORTS & GUIDES **ESCORTS & GUIDES ESCORTS & GUIDES** NEW YORK CITY

 CONTACTA INTERNATIONAL
 Excert Service in Europe.
GENARY: 05103-86122
Franklate: - Wiesbesten - Maint: Calogne - Benn - Desmeder! Serlin - Menich - Hemberty.
NYIZERIARD: 0049-6103-86122
Zutch - Bussi - Lucture - Berne Luctures - Geneve.
ELGRIM: 0049-6103-86122
Brussein + major cities. Te± 231 1159 or 231 8819. ZURICH

LONDON CONTACT Excert Serv Tel. 01-402 4000, 01-402 4008 OR 01-402 0282.

LONDON - CHRISEA GHE, Except Service, 51 Beauchtonip Place, London SW3. Tel: 01 584 6513/2749, 4-12 par.

amsterdam TRESON ESCORT SERVICE Phone : 186164 CANDIS ESCORT AGENCY Talephone 01/241 11 12

CAPRICE ESCORT SERVICE IN NEW YORK

CACHET U.S.A. Facor Service New York 212-322-0838 212-372-1310 Micros, Ro. 305-425-1722 P. Londerdoin, Ro. 305-942-5477

TEL: 212-737 3291.

LONDON 'Gris About Town' Steet Service. (01) 804 3216 Noos-Midnight. CHANTELE ESCORT SERVICE, Lon-don 221 1198 or 221 8218. LONDON MARKE CLARE Except Ser-vice. Tet 01 225 1863.

LONDON **ESCORT AGENCY**

AMSTERDAM ESCORT GUIDE SERVICE Tel: 247731. ULTIMA NEW YORK ESCORT SERVICE Reservations 212-772-3510

GENEVA - JADE Escort Service - Tel: 022/31 95 09. LONDON TOWN

BETSAUR: 0007-9143-86122
Brussels + major cities. 8-142-86122
Amsterdam Hogue Botterdam.
BNOLAND: 01-628 7969
L O N D O M.
CITIES ESC CAPITALS
Tol: Gentseny 0-6103-86122

Tel: 242 85 10.

ROME EUROPE Scort & Guide Service. Tel: 04/5872604 - 589 1146 10 cm. - 10 pm.

LONDON KARENA & AMANDA Scort Service. 787-9875 or B76-5099.

VENNA - HARMONY Scort Service. 787-9875 or B76-5099.

VENNA - HARMONY Scort Service.

Tel: 63 89 05 or 02244/2418.

ZURCH - Tel: 0049-6103-82048.

Omega Scort Service/Germony.

DUSSIEDORF: BARCONESS ENGLISH Scort Service. Tel: 0811-383141.

FRANKULET - JENNY Scort Service.

Tel: 0811-395046. ESCORTS, N.Y. EYERYWHERE, U.S.A. ESCORT SERVICE, EVERYWHERE YOU GO, AMERICAI

212-359-6273

GENEVA - EVE

Escort Service. Tel: 022/32 09 03

HEATHNOW ESCORT SERVICE, London and Gatwick. Tek 0452 23146, 12 - 12 p.m. LOUISA BECORT SERVICE Heathnow, Surray & London Arest, Tek 01 390 4699 12 - 10 pm.

AMSTERDAM-T. 0949-4-103-62048
Omega Escort Service/Germany.
DUESSED-DORF ESCORT SERVICE. Tel:
0211-492605. 212-961 1945/461 2421 PRANKFURT - WESBADEN - MAINTZ VIT-Scort Service 06121/802965. PRANKFURT EPCONT AGENCY. Tel-0611 - 691653.

PEANIGUET - WISSEADEN - MAINZ SHRILEY Escort Service 0611/28/2728. MUNICH: Stor-Service Female or mole. Tel. (1897) 311 79 00. PEANIGUET - KAREN Escort Service. Tel. 0611-881662. LONDON - JACOURINE Escort Service. wice. Tel: 402 7949; EMMANUELLE ESCORT SIRVICE, mul-tilingual, Tel: London 730 1840; ZOE LONDON & HEATHROW Export Agency. Tel: 579 6444.

AMSTERDAM HONESTY ESCORT SERVICE. TEL: 233143.

ZURICH

LONDON 437 4741/2

ARISTOCATS

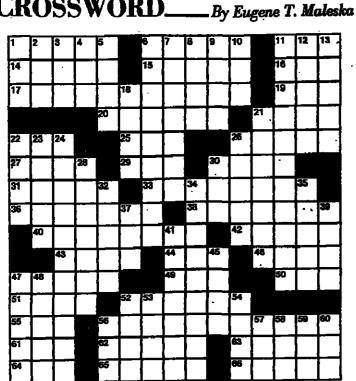
ptions

| The color of the

October 2 48
Ottel. on PZ.44
O

2004年,1950年

Todama Technon 1.28
Tolema Technon 1.28
Tolema Technon 1.28
Tolema Telecon 1
Tolema 1.22
Tolema 1.23
Tolema 1.23
Tolema 1.23
Tolema 1.23
Tolema 1.23
Tolema 1.24
Tolema 1.25
Tolema 1.25
Tolema 1.27
Tolema 1.26
Tolema 1.27
Tolema 1.



ACROSS

1 Preminger's "In —

11 "Madama

Butterfly prop 14 Polished 15 Spinet worker

16 Comedian Olsen 17 Leadoff batter

19 Ruckus 20 White-(belugas) 21 Part of Ali's

22 Articles before vowels 25 Verse for Horace

26 Grating 27 Virgo's mo., mainly 29 Newt 30 Year in

31 Land's end 33 Does some paving 36 Cressida's

Trajan's reign

seducer 38 Allowances **46** Hardy's "-Greenwood

Tree' 42 Smith's item

ALGARVE AMSTERDAM ANKARA ATHENS AUCKLAND BANGKOK BEIRUT BELGRADE BEDITA

多色化儿科

BRUSSELS

CAIRO CASABLANCA CHICAGO COPENHAGEN

COSTA DEL SOL DUBLIM

EDIMBURGH FLORENCE FRAMKFURT GENEVA HELSINKI H.C. MINH CITY

HONG KONG

ISTANBUL IAKARTA

EDIMBURCH

EYER HAPPY STOA

WEATHER

43 Brain scans for short 44 Mountain road Kick..."

47 Worker in a sideshow: Slang 49 Perfect, to Armstrong

52 Sabotage an

iron borse

Abbr. 56 Forming an

61 Out-of-this-

62 Up-

angle, as a car

and a trailer

world item

(cornered)

(French

queen)

64 Jan.-Dec.

periods

— Thérèse

Formed a coil

66 A day's march

DOWN

1 He defeated

2 Predecessor of

mode or king

4 Torme or Tillis

MANILA

MEXICO CITY

MONTREAL

NEW FORK NICE OSLO

TAIPEI TEHRAN TEL AVIV TOKYO

TUNIS VENICE

VIENNA WARSAW

VOICE OF AMERICA

The Voice of America broadcasts world news in Eastish on the hour and at 28 minutes after the hou during varying periods to different regions.

Western Europe: Kitz 15,245, 7,225, 6,840, 5,926, 3,980, 1,197, 792, 11,240, 9,760, 1,296 in the 19,7, 41.1, 49,5. 50,4,75,7, 251 (medium wave), 379 (medium wave), 25.5, 30,7 and 232 (medium wave) meter bands.

East Asia and Pacific: KHz 17.820, 17.740, 15.290, 11.760, 9.776, 24,000, 4.110 and 1,575 on the 14, 14.9, 19.4,

BBC WORLD SERVICE

Broadcasts of 6000, 0200, 0300, 0400, 0502, 8600, 0700, 6600, 0700, 1100, 1300, 1600, 1700, 1800, 2000, 2200, 2300 (All Nimes GANT).

Western Europe: 445KHz and 443M Medium Wove. 5,575, 4,650, 7,120, 7,165, 7,256. 9,410, 9,750, 12,875 and 15,670 KHz in the 47,41,31, 25 and 19 mater bonds.

Sect Africa : 1413KHz and 212M Medium Wave, 25,650, 21,640, 17,865, 15,630, 12,895, 11,820, 9,590, 7,720 and 6,850 KHz in Re 11, 12, 16, 19, 24, 25, 31, 42 and 49 meter bands.

North and North West Africa: 25,450, 21,470, 15,070, 11,730, 9,410, 7,136 and £975 KHz in the 11, 13, 17, 25, 31, 42 and 50 meter bands.

Southern Adrica: 25,650, 21,660, 17,800, 15,600, 11,820, 9,710, 7,165 and 6,005 KHz in the 11, 13, 16, 19, 25,31,31

Middle East: 1323KHz and 227M Medium Wave. 25,650, 21,710, 17,770, 15,310, 11,760, 9,710, 7,140, 4,120 and 3,970 KHz in the 11, 13, 14, 19, 25, 31, 42, 49 and 75 meter bands.

Southern Asia: 1413KHz and 212M Medium Wave. 2569, 71,890, 17,770, 18,318, 11,750, 9,600, 7,186 and 6,195 KHz in the 11, 12, 16, 19, 25, 71,41 and 48 meter bands.

East and South Sept Asia: 25,65, 17,790, 15,310, 11,865, 9,570, 4,715 and \$\text{2715 KHz in the 11, 16, 19, 25, 31, 46} and 76 mater bands. Also for Stasopers only: 89,990 KHz VHF.

ASK FOR IT EVERY DAY.

EVERYWHERE YOU GO.

International Herald Tribune

We've get news for you.

Middle Eggt; KHz 15,205, 11,915, 9,760, 7,280, 6,040, 1,260 in the 197, 252, 30,7,41,7, 497, 238 mater bands.

South Asia: KHz 21,540, 17,740, 15,205, 11,515, 9,760, 7,105 on the 11.9, 14.9, 19.7, 25.2, 39.7 and 42.2 may Africa: K:Hz 26,845, 21,660, 17,678, 15,238, 11,975, 9,240,7,280, 4,125,5,975, 1,990 on the 11,5, 13,6, 19,4, 25,2, 30,3, 41,2,49,50, 75,2 meter bands.

16 61 Cloudy
12 54 Cloudy
16 61 Stormy
7 45 Overcost
13 55 Foir
8 46 Cloudy
9 48 Roin

9 48 Roin 15 59 Overcost 13 55 Cloudy 10 50 Overcost 7 45 Fair — N.A. 24 75 Overcost 24 75 Feir 10 59 Feir 10 50 Cloudy — N.A.

10 50 Cloudy
-- - N.A.
17 43 Foir
12 55 Foir
13 55 Foir
7 45 Showers

RADIO NEWSCASTS.

T.E.D.

3 Graycoat

50 Alphabetic trio 13 Full of current 51 Inch or ounce 18 Sabot or 55 Some linemen:

21 Private eye's activity
22 Deputy: Abbr. 23 India's

5 Swerve 6 Loyal 7 Meat slices

10 Stray

loot

info

brogan

8 Hand price

I1 Delivers the

12 Knocked for

9 F.F.V. group

Jawaharial 24 Transpositions like "It is

kisstomary to cuss the bride" 28 Poseidon's

weapon 30 Part of a dance 32 Gray's "churchyard"

poem, e.g. 34 Ready for the washer 35 Stews 37 Speakers'

hesitations 39 Lath 41 Attend 45 Flay 47 "Oklahoma!"

hero 48 Wrath **52 M**alayan headman 53 Beige

54 Kind of light or 56 Mandible 57 Avoirdupois

58 Belfast org. 59 Tippler's temptation 60 Take a right

LOW C F 19 44 Fair 18 59 Fair 24 75 Fair 12 54 Fair 15 59 Overca 16 50 Fair 11 52 Cloudy

Cloudy

There are seven continents; Africa, Asia, Australia,

LAST

0

D





NEVER GET A scholarship to a big EASTERN COLLEGE WITH YOU BOTHERING ME!







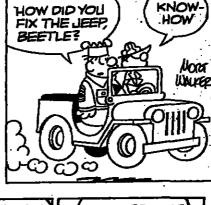


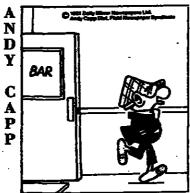
































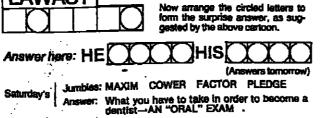


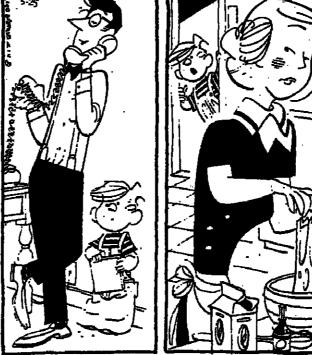
DENNIS THE MENACE





HETIL RYPTAN WHAT HAPPENED WHEN HIS UGGAGE TURNED UP MISSING? LAWASY





"OKAY, JIM I'LL BUY YOUR

INTO THE MAN RHEINFER?

BOOKS

BASIN AND RANGE:

By John McPhee, Farrar, Straus & Giroix. 215 pp. \$10.95

Reviewed by Christopher Lehmann-Haupt

THOUGH it has never actually come about, John McPhee, in the writing of his 14 previous books, has sometimes seemed close to biting offless, instead of more, than he can chew. This is scarcely a threat in his latest book, which, like all his other works, made its initial appearance in The New Yorker. The subject of "Basin and Range" is nothing less than the crust of the planet Earth and approximately 5 billion years of its istory to date.

In fact, if anything, the topic is too big for a book of only 215 pages, or maybe just too bewildering. I've al-ways found it so; although perhaps the space of the treatment is irrelevant, since I've found myself puzzled by geology whether it's treated in a few paragraphs or in a thick volume. I have trouble visualizing the formation of mountains and plains. I have trouble getting the big picture.

Bewilderment Explained

The first appealing thing about Basin and Range is that McPhee has some explanations for my bewilderment. Part of it is the language of geology, he says, which can be attrac-tively descriptive with its "festooned crossbeds and limestone sinks, pillow lavas and petrified trees, incised meanders and defeated streams." But it can also be numbing. To anyone with a smoothly functioning bifocal mind, there was no lack of clarity about Iowa in the Pennsylvanian. Missouri in the Mississippian, Nevada in the Nebraskan," and so forth. "Meteoric water, with study, turned out to be rain. It ran downhill in consequent, subsequent, obsequent, resequent, and not a few insequent

Another part of my problem is that not even geologists really get the Pic-ture, as they like to call it. The foremost problem with the Picture is that 99 percent of it is missing — melted or dissolved, torn down, washed away, broken to bits, to become something else in the Picture." Another problem is that "numbers do not seem to work well with regard to deep time." Geologists are like the blind men feeling the elephant, except the elephant left the scene a billion years ago. No wonder I can't feel geology. But McPhee makes. me feel much better.

He also offers a solution to my bewilderment — a solution typical of this always graceful and interesting reporter. He builds a word machine designed to instruct in a lucid and effortless way. He sets it in motion by announcing his intention to learn what he has missed since studying the Old Geology in high school.

He accelerates it by finding the perfect instructor and traveling companion — one Kenneth Deffeyes, a senior geology at Princeton, and who has been described by a colleague as "an been described by a coneagne as an intellectual roving shortstop, with more ideas per square meter than anyone else in the department — they just

Deffeyes (his name rhyme the maze) is headed out We two objectives in mind, first to science's wealth by learning about how the terrain from , Utah to eastern Californic formed, the basin and ran-McPhee's fitle; and second to Deffeyes' wealth by exploring of Nevada's abandoned silver for leitovers. McPhee goes alc the ride, as well as to do some d

ana

The ideas do tumble out about how ranges and basin-formed about the difference of old mountains and new ones how silver got deposited in the Great Salt Lake came to be bot and great. These ideas are ear-ing enough in themselves and wonderful variety to McPice's a

But the best thing about t that they beg the big questions did the science of geology evole did that confusing system of ancient eras and periods come and what exactly did that realist of the 1950s and 1960s involve Earth's crustal plates signify? sooner do these questions occur than McPhee is supplying answer For one of the most spectaci

amples in a book that is no good ones: "When two cours nasses happen to move on a co course, they gradually close dis-sea between them — bargin; trenches, shutting them off when they hit they drive their bear had said the edges together as a high and so welt, resulting in a new and continental mass. The Urals and the 1855 welt. So is the Himalays Himalaya is the crowning a ment of the vigorous Australian of which India is the northernm tremity. India in the Oligocene pleting its long northward jo crashed head-on into Tibet, hard that it not only folded an kled the plate boundaries bu plowed in under the newly creat bétan plateau and drove the Hir 51/2 miles into the sky. The mou are in some trouble. India ha stopped pushing them, and the still going up. Their height an ume are already so great they a ginning to melt in their owi merated radioactive heat. Wh climbers in 1953 planted their fi the highest mountain, they set the snow over the skeletons of cre that had lived in the warm clear that India, moving north, bl out. Possibly as much as 20,00 below the seafloor, the skelet mains had formed into rock. Tr fact is a treatise in itself on the ments of the surface of the Ea by some fiat I had to restrict a writing to one sentence, this is the would choose. The summ

Christopher_Lehmann-Haupt the staff of The New York Times.

CHESS.

THE very talented crop of young-American hopefuls was disappointed in failing to achieve any

grandmaster norms in the Louis Stratham International Tournament in Lone Pine, Calif. Indeed, the only players who hit the requisite score for a leg toward being awarded grand-master rank were those who already had the title. Inconsistency and periodic stagna tion on a plateau are to be expected of players on the way up; they do not.

mean that a player has gone as far as he can. One strong indication of the bright future of these young players is their brilliant performance in individual games.

For example, Joel Benjamin, a 17year-old New York international mas-

ter, ran 44th out of 61 entrants (that still put him ahead of three grandmasters), but created one of the sharpest games of the event against David Strauss, a master from Dana Point,

Calif.

The transaction with 9 P-Q4, PxP, 10 NxP brought about the Maroczy bind (White's KP and QBP facing Black's QP on the third rank). Along with the QP, Benjamin's three other pawn moves constitute the hippoporamms formation: the KP disputes con-trol of Q4; the QNP made possible the fianchetto of the QB; the QRP prevents any attack on the QP by N/4-N5 at an inopportune moment.
On the one hand, Strauss' 16 P-KB5.
and 17 PxP hopes to make possible pressure against Black's K3 square, but on the other, it concedes Black's.

K4 square as a knight outpost. Benjamin struck a sharp blow at the

White center with 20. P-Q4!, revealing the latent dynamism of the hippopotamus. A routine attempt to escape by dissolving the center with 21 KPxP, PxP; 22 NxP would have been torpedoed by 22 N-Q61, winning material no matter what the Thus, to keep the central files from

crupting and his KRI-QR8 diagonal closed. Stranss gave two minor pieces for a rook and two pawas with 21 NxP/6, RxN; 22 BxR, QxB, However, he now had to avoid 23 KPxP? because of the sensational 23 N-Q6!; 24 R/2-K2, NxP!; 25 PxN, BxPch; 26 NxB, QxNch; 27 K-NI, B-B4ch; 28 R-K3, NxR; 29 QxN, Q-Q71; 30 QxQ, RxQ, winning a mole.

Benjamin launched a new combine. Benjamin launched a new combination with 23 N/4-N51, which 11 could have led to 24 NxNch, PxN, 25 11 QxR, NxRch, 26 K-N1 (26 K-N2 14 NxP, 27 B-R3, N-B4ch; 28 K-BZ, Q 18 B4ch; 29 K-KZ, N-KJ!; 30 Q-N8, Q 17 QB7ch; 31 K-K3, Q-B6ch; 32 K-KZ, N-Q5ch forces mate), N-R6ch; 22 K-KZ, B1 (27 K-N2, BxPch); 28 Res 22 QxRch; 29 KxN, Q-B4ch!; 30 K-R3, 22 QxRch; 20 KxN, Q-B4ch!; 30 KxN, Q-B4

Q-K7ch wins a piece), BxP; 28 Q-B4ch; 29 K-K2, Q-B7ch; 30 Q-B7mate:

Ingeniously producing a contion for every occasion. Ben kept his attack going with 25 N/N5-B7ch!, the point being the N/N3-B/ch!, the point being th RxN? was to be slanghtered 1. NxRch; 27 QxN, RxN!; 1. NI (28 RxQ, R-Q8mate or 28 QxPch; 29 K-NI, Q-R8mate); 8 29 RxQ, R-Q8ch; 30 R-K1, RxRl In the face of such high-pot annumition, Strauss managed to his head, carefully avoiding 26 KQ-R6ch; 27 K-NI, B-B4; 28 N-R KB1; 29 Q-N2 QxQch; 30 Nx

42 RxR, KxR.
Finally, Strauss made things for Benjamin with 46 B-Q2?—
46 BxB; 47 RxB; N/4-1 there was no avoiding 48 K-R.
B7ch; 49 RxN [49 K-R2, N-F.
RxR; 50 P-KN4, R-B6ch; 51] 42 RxR, KxR.

PxP. Accordingly, Strauss gave u ENGLISH OPENING



"DID YOU KNOW DAD'S GOIN"

"Registered as a newspaper at the Post Office"

NAPOLIS - Bobby e pole sitter and race fanday outducted Gordon and Mano Andretti to He thus counled the feat wher, Al, who also has e races bere.

the pace in the as books has to bring off them he can threat in his all his other appearance.

ppearance in

s subject of

net Earth and

jests of its

215 pages, or ring I've al-man perhaps tent is trefe-well purple.

iviell puzzled

ucated in a

tick volume I

the lemation

i have trou-

thing about that McPhee

or my bewild.

targuage of

can be attrac-

sanks, pillos

rem maised

streams " But

ica of carry

COURT VARIATION

True Verada

ad to forth

study turned

annel in con-

Sequent rese-

ew meetinesi

Paten to my

함께 하는데 내

Mary Taring

ತಿಸಿಯ ಕೊಡ್ಡು ಪ್ರ

se territor by

Same : CIT

CONTRACTOR OF

Bill with the

deager as inc

State of the same

SELECT CORPORATION

ರ್ಷ-- De ರೀ

Service Confe

for Land Strain

(44) (A. C.)

100 CT CT

医外胚 化甲基苯

BERTH STATE

gus a til

William History

ेक्ट अवस्थिति स

3 30 30 30

8 mg 2 2 2 2

Acres 6 . Tr

Aug to serve

The Paris

character and

ميتان رياس مروي

المثيرة والمساوريج

ारक द्वान

of the marries

g James France

A RUSE PAR

The State of

فيحود يوسه

100 to 200 to 100

1 miles

HAR.

68 8

W. 3 . C .

pr.

BURE TAKEN

man.

-

366 A

The said

المتحدد والمدادية الدادة

3-1 m

A STATE OF THE STA

20 PM

700-14

13

#5×

arter in

"To anyone

was marred by injuries Ongais and 1979 winner s, one incident occuring led in linears was listed in fair of the with multiple fractures, and second in the suffered first burns around the face

who previously won in Bu 1975, gunned a new baths is sworth into the lead on it the sup when Johncock, lead-id the sup when Johncock, lead-id the sup pitted for 12 secdid the time, pitted for 12 sec-ancies of up his fuel tank. Unser-ancies of the four laps earlier for fuel of the take him the remaining the take him the remaining Early, thout another stop. Loses Power

than he was still at its peak for the 13d lap when Johncock, ample a winner here, suddenly good out in the third turn and assistance. Course the the 1969 champion on the patrick Wildeat, was a render large the course the cours

bind at the end and the the delicar on the winner's lap-dies band started from the 32d act, and d at one point was leade when he took com-"d 5 the 142d to the 148th Himley in briefly on the 165th men of which is that of which is the track.

See the Pro-

Lectury, he

"The forepleing in huppan of Australia was Picture is that ğ — ಶಾಲೇಖೆ or hard the another rookie, Gooff waster away. iled the was fifth in a race that me worthing Line of 10 of other problem seem plant other problem terre Grotz are in son;



Control Cobby Unser

lasted 3 hours, 35 minutes and 41 seconds with an average speed of 139.08 miles an hour.

Regarding the accidents, Ongais went into surgery at 3:35 p.m. EDT and was listed in serious condition. Ongais hit the wall in the backstretch on the 60th lap, and his car became a fireball, with fly-

ing debris also injuring a speciator.
Emergency crews had to cut Ongais out of the car, and he was flown by helicopter to hospital, conscious and writhing in pain. Closed circuit television showed him stiff in the car, his arms outstretched as crews cut away the tub to free the driver.

Means was listed in good condition after suffering burns when flames spread during a refueling pitstop on the 57th lap. A crew member also was burned and taken to hospital as spectators scattered to escape the burning fuel Safety crews immediately sprayed foam on everybody on the trackside of the pit wall to prevent further spread of flames.

Doctors at the field hospital were concerned that Mears might need plastic surgery on his nose to repair the damage from the burns.

11 Yellow Flags

These and other incidents caused 11 yellow flags for 69 laps, slowing traffic for a total of 1 hour, 42 minutes and 8 seconds.

The leaders began falling by the wayside early in the race. Johhny Rutherford, who once won a race from a 25th position start, moved up from a No. 5 start to take the lead briefly from Unser, but he fell back immediately and only lasted until the 25th lap when a broken fuel pump sent him to the garage area. Mike Mosely, the No. 2 starter powered by a stock block mo-tor, was out with a blown engine on the 15th lap. Don Whittington hit the wall on the 33d lap was out of the race, Pancho Carter was a victim of mechanical failure.

Josele Garza, the young Mexican, was easily the standout among the 10 rookies until he hit the wall in the 139th lap after twice leading the pack. He did not suffer a scratch as a result of the mishap caused by a broken suspension, and told those at the pit that he now knows he has a shot at winning a future Indy 500.

There were nine leaders during

the race: Unser, Rutherford, Andretti, Johncock, Garza, Ongais, Mears, Tom Sneva and Gordon

This was the first time Unser has won from the pole. His other two victories occurred after starting from the No. 3 slot.

Al Unser won race in 1970. 1971 and 1978. Rutherford was the other three-time winner in the race. The overall leader is A.J. who never was in contention after the first 100 miles.

Ivanna Madruga of Argentina, 6-2,

6-1. Sunday to win the Berlin

the final without losing a set. Ma-

Rain in Munich

MUNICH (AP) — Sunday's fi-nal-match in the Bavarian interna-

tional tennis tournament between

Christophe Roger-Vasselin of France and Chris Lewis of New

Zealand was postponed until Mon-

day because of heavy rain, officials

Marsikova, 22, had advanced to

c Easily Beats Pecci Italian Tennis Title

Flose Lins Clerc of Arfeated Victor Pecci of Grand Prix women's tennis tour-3, 6-4, 6-0, Sunday to nament. ian Open tennis cham-

third seed, controlled druga, 20, the favorite of the crowd opponent from the of 1,500, also had advanced to the fing Pecci little chance final without a loss.

strack survey of the big Paraguayan to ist major lournament

ny passing shots helped nd Clerc, 22. "He kept he net so I scored."

point Are Tactics?

d he did not have to tactics against Pecci, an a over top-seeded Guils in Saturday's semifi-

only one tennis game, the ball. Clerc said. animan's victory before of at center court reversed ag string of bad luck. Vest Germany, and was in the first round of is at Houston and

10 has been struggling from the shadow of Vi-Etter known compatriot and Gunthardt of Switthe first round of the an Clerc is seeded sev-Paris journament that

in the to offer on the by during the I hour, 58 ounter. Clerc won the games of the match, icci's service four times om and gaining the victhird match point.

to have one good day bad one," Pecci said. "I nt the consistency I

nied being tired followhour victory over Vilas y. "Clerc also had to Lendl yesterday," Pecci ink it was the same for

pes to turn his success in more victories. to be ranked in the top world," he said. At the is ranked No. 8.



Danny Ongais, trapped in his burning car after crashing at the Indianapolis 500.

Benitez Knocks Out Hope in 12

to win world titles in three separate weight divisions by scoring a 12th-round knockout Saturday over Maurice Hope, the World Boxing Council junior Boxing Council middleweight champion.

Benitez stopped the British champion with as right to the head at 1:56 of the 12th round, handing the 29-year-old Hope his first loss since June, 1975. Hope crumbled immediately and did not regain consciousness for more than a minute. He was helped from the ring about 10 minutes after the bout ended.

Benitez, 22, was in control of the bout from the fifth round on, scoring heavily to Hope's ribs with lefts. He floored Hope late in the 10th round with a right to the In the 12th round, Benitez, who

weighed in at 1534, faked a left to

By Dave Anderson

New York Times Service

NEW YORK - For all the glori-

ous moments of their second con-

secutive Stanley Cup champion-ship, perhaps the Islanders' most

significant tableau occurred as

Denis Potvin relaxed with his

teammates at the National Hockey

League's annual playoff luncheon

last Monday in Bloomington,

friend at the next table was gazing

"But by then," the friend told Potvin, "you'll be with the Rangers instead of the Islanders."

"For \$1.2 million per."

Islanders' captain replied with a

grin, "I'll get along with anybody."

Residence Problem

no longer funny. Now that the

Islanders have proved that they're the NHL's best team, both the front office and the players must

decide what's more important in

the years to come - their place at

For openers, the Islanders must

sign Bob Bourne, the swift left

wing who skated out the option year in his contract and is eligible

By a year from now, the Islan-

ders must sign Mike Bossy, Potvin,

John Tonelli and Mike McEwen to

prevent them from becoming free

might seem expensive. Marcel Dionne of the Los Angeles Kings is believed to be the NHL's highest

paid player at around \$600,00 an-

nually. But earlier last week.

Wayne (The Great) Gretzky of the

Edmonton Oilers was talking

about renegotiating his salary up to \$800,000 annually. By next year,

Potvin's mention of \$1.2 million

to become a free agent.

the bank or their place in history.

Potvin laughed. So did the oth-

who heard his remark, but it's

two or three seasons ahead.

During a casual conversation, a

LAS VEGAS — Wilfred Benitez
became the first fighter in 43 years
to win world little in the Benitez was the WBC junior

welterweight champion at age 17 1976 and its welterweight champ at age 20. He lost the wel-terweight title to reigning champion Sugar Ray Leonard.

The victory raised Benitez's record to 40-1-1 with 25 knockouts. Hope, who won the title in March, 1979, fell to 29-3-1. Hope was taken to a local hospital and his condition was not im-

mediately known, but according to

ring physician Dr. Donald Romeo.

his speech was slow.

Exclusive Club

Benitez joins four other persons who have held three professional world titles, the last being Henry Armstrong in 1938. In only his fourth fight as a jun-

alistic an asking price for the best defenseman in hockey.

And by next year, \$1.2 million also might not be too unrealistic

for Bossy to ask as the best goal-

run at the record five consecutive

Stanley Cup championships put

together by the Montreal Cana-diens (1956-1960), Potvin and Bos-

sy must be signed. So must Bryan

Trottier when his contract comes

tion," Potvin said not long ago: "that our front office doesn't feel

they can replace the top individuals on this club."

and General Manager Bill Torrey

apparently are thinking of signing Potvin and Bossy and later Trot-

tract might provide the answer.

tremendous team is not merely

such future Hall of Famers as Pot-

vin, Bossy and Trottier but also

the quality depth that Bourne and

the other so-called spear-carriers supply. Dilute that depth and the

team's balance will be tipped. Too

much burden will be on too few

Islanders' success is their youth.

Another major factor in the

Only two Islanders are over 30

- Butch Goring, the bearded cen-

ter who was awarded the Conn

"I've been given every indica-

up for renewal later on.

If the Islanders are to make a

scorer in hockey.

right to the body. Hope was unhurt by that blow and regained his feet seconds before the bell

behind his combinations to the only a few punishing lefts to Hopes ribs. But in the 11th, Beniand began tagging Hope in the

sounded, ending the round. But the 11th and 12th were different stories. Benitez had toyed with Hope putting little authority

Page to lead off the 15th. After Rob Picciolo singled, Shooty Bahead. Benitez stayed on the ropes bitt bunted safely to load the most of those four rounds landing tez moved to the center of the ring head. Benisez continued pummel-ing the ribs with his left. three runs and Tony Perez two to lead Boston to its sixth consecutive Hope, a lefthander born in Antivictory, an 8-1 defeat of Milwaukee

gua but a resident of London for the past 20 years, did well in the first four rounds, using a right jab. Benitez seemed content to stay on the ropes. But beginning in the fifth, Benitez took the offensive. scored heavily and hurt Hope, taking all the steam out of the cham-

Islanders Ask: Are Stars Worth Keeping? Potvin will be only 28 in October, Trottier only 25 in July, Bossy only 25 in January.

> Gord Lane recently turned 28, Bob Lorimer will be 28 in August, Clark Gillies and Dave Langevin recently turned 27, Stefan Persson will be 27 in December, McEwen will be 25 in August, Ken Morrow will be 25 in October, Tonelli recently turned 24, Billy Carroll will be 22 in January, Duane Sutter re-cently turned 21 and the back-up goaltender, Roland Melanson, will be 21 in June.

Berry Resigns From that, the Islanders' owners As Head Coach Of NHL's Kings

The Associated Press
LOS ANGELES — Bob Berry, tier at almost any cost while taking a chance on replacing the lessdominant players with youngsters out of the farm system. How the who signed a one-year contract to coach the Los Angeles Kings last front office handles Bourne's conmonth, resigned after the National Hockey League team refused to renegotiate that contract. The Kings What makes the Islanders such a made the announcement Friday, saying Berry would be replaced by his assistant, Parker MacDonald.

"Bob's resignation caught me by surprise and, while I am sorry he felt compelled to quit, I'm pleased to be able to hire such a quality person as Parker to coach the Kings," said Jerry Buss, owner of the team.

Berry had signed a one-year contract with the Kings on April 20. According to the Kings, he expressed dissatisfaction with the contract and said he wanted to renegotiate.

Smythe Trophy as the most valuable player of the playoffs and who will be 32 in October, and the He coached the Kings for three seasons. Los Angeles had one of its salary. When the Stanley Cup was goaltender, Billy Smith, who will best years in 1980-81, but was created by a silversmith in 1893, it be 31 in December. Wayne Mereliminated from the playoffs in the cost about \$50. Now it will cost rick will be 30 next April, Anders first round by the New York Kallur 29 in July, Bob Nystrom 29

Trottier) have yet to reach their peaks. This could be the best team in hockey history. If it stays to-gether, it would be capable of winning five, perhaps a record six, Stanley Cups in succession. To accomplish that, the front

office must make a huge financial commitment. With that in mind, expensive luxury boxes will be installed at the Nassau Coliseum by next season for added revenue. Cynics, of course, will mention

that the Islanders glided to the Stanley Cup this year. Their playoff opponents, in reverse order, were ninth-place Minnesota, the 13th-place Rangers, 14th-place Edmonton and 16th-place Toron-

But the Rangers had eliminated second-place St. Louis and fourthplace Los Angeles; Edmonton had eliminated third-place Montreal.

The Old Days

in earlier years, an underdog op-ponent was always the Islanders' problem: they were not able to win when they were expected to win. They were too young in those years to accept that burden. Now they are old enough to relish it but still young enough to improve, to join only four other teams that won the Stanley Cup three or more consecutive years since the NHL was formed in 1917.

In addition to its record five cups in a row (1956-1960), Montreal also won four in a row (1976-1979) and the Toronto Maple Leafs twice won three in a row (1962-64 and 1947-49).

But none of those teams had a player talking about a \$1.2 million the Islanders' treasury millions to

Yankees Top Indians, 3-2 two runs and Ken Landreaux folhave now won six of their last sev-

NEW YORK - Dave Winfield

hit a two-run homer Saturday in support of Dave Righetti's first major-league victory as the New York Yankees beat the Cleveland Indians, 3-2, despite a triple play by Cleveland.

The triple play came in the sixth. With Barry Foote on second and Graig Nettles on first, Bucky

Umpire John Shulock ruled that

Nettles, in sliding into second,

threw a rolling block at Bannister. Dent was called out at first on

Nettles' interference for the third

A's 3, Blue Jays 2

In Oakland, Rickey Henderson drove in Mitchell Page with a sac-rifice fly in the bottom of the 15th

inning as the A's beat Toronto, 3-

2. Luis Leal, who had retired the

first nine batters he faced, walked

White Sox 15, Angels 4

zard had four hits, scored twice

and drove in a run and Bill Almon

knocked in three runs with a pair

of singles to lead Chicago to a 15-4

At those ages, most of the Islan-

ders (including Potvin, Bossy and

In Anaheim, Calif., Tony Berna-

scoreless innings as Kansas City edged Minnesota, 1-0. **BASEBALL ROUNDUP** Rangers 6, Mariners 4

In Scattle, Bill Stein, who earlier Dent grounded to third baseman Toby Harrah. He stepped on third to force Foote and relayed the ball had connected on his sixth consec-utive pinch hit to tie an AL record, doubled home two runs with two to second baseman Alan Bannisout in the 12th inning to lift Texas ter, forcing Nettles for the second to a 6-4 victory over Scattle.

Orioles, 9, Tigers 2

Winfield's Homer Helps

en and eight straight against the

Angels at Anaheim in a streak dat-

Royals 1, Twins 0

RBI single in the 15th inning snapped a club-record string of 30

In Kansas City, Willie Wilson's

ing to Sept. 6, 1979.

in Detroit, Doug DeCinces hit two home runs — his first of the season — and Eddie Murray hit another to support the nine-hit pitching of Mike Flanagan and Sammy Stewart as Baltimore defeated Detroit, 9-2. Flanagan (6-3) allowed five hits and struck out

Dodgers 9, Reds 6

In the National League, in Cincinnati, Paul Moskau walked in

Goryl Fired In Milwaukee, Dave Schmidt homered, Dave Stapleton drove in three runs and Tool Ports. Of the Twins

KANSAS CITY, Mo. - The Minnesota Twins, off to one of the worst starts in their history, fired manager Johnny Goryl Friday and replaced him with Billy Gardner, the team's third base coach.

Goryl took over as manager of the Twins Aug. 24, 1980, on an in-terim basis following the resignation of Gene Mauch. But Minnesota president Calvin Griffith made the move permanant at the end of the season after the Twins had finished 23-13 under Goryl, good enough for third place in the divi-

The Twins fired him after having lost eight games in a row, 10 of their last 11, and 13 of the last 15. Gardner, 53, was hired as Minnesota's third base coach last December and is a veteran minor league manager of 12 seasons in the Boston, Kansas City and Mon-treal organizations. He had won five pennants and was named Manager of the Year on three occasions. Last season, he managed Montreal's Triple-A affiliate, Den-

'These Things Happen'

ver, to a 92-44 record to win the

American Association's West Divi-

"I'm happy with this," Gardner said. "I managed a lot of years in the minor leagues. John is a good baseball man, but these things happen. You always look for a sitnation like this. When it arises you have to take advantage of it. "We have the talent here. It's

just a matter of them applying themselves. I like to run a little bit, make things happen. We're having trouble scoring runs and getting people moving." In spring training, Goryl said he

wanted the Twins to become a more aggressive team and hoped they could show more speed. Unfortunately for Goryl and the Twins, seven of the first 11 games came against the aggressive Oakland A's, who got off to a 17-1 start, and the Twins lost them all.

Crash Kills Swiss Driver

NUERBURGRING, West Germany — Swiss driver Herbert Mueller, 42 was killed Sunday, when his Porsche 908 crashed on the Nuerburgring race track dur-ing the annual 1,000-kilometer sports car race, the organizers said.

lowed with a two-run single in a four-run 10th inning giving Los Angeles a 9-6 victory over Cincinnati. Dodger pitcher Fernando Valenzuela yielded eight hits and four earned runs before leaving in the top of the ninth for a pinch hitter. Phillies 6, Pirates 4

In Pittsburgh, Manny Trillo tripled in two runs and scored on Garry Maddox's sacrifice fly in a three-run eighth inning that lifted Philadelphia to a 6-4 victory over Pittsburgh as the teams had 29 hits. Mike Schmidt, who had three hits in four at bats, hit his 14th homer with one out in the ninth.

Cubs 6, Expos 4

In Chicago, Steve Dillard and Ivan DeJesus each drove in a run with a single in the seventh inning and Ken Reitz had a two-run don ble in the eighth to lead Chicago to a 6-4 triumph over Montreal. Cardinals 8, Mets 2

In St. Louis, Ken Oberkfell and Gene Tenace drove in two runs each as St. Louis crushed New Braves 7. Padres 6

In Atlanta, Rufino Linares sin-

gled in Rafael Ramirez from second base in the 11th inning as Atlanta edged San Diego, 7-6. Astros 5, Giants 3

In Houston, Cesar Cedeno and Alan Ashby drove in two runs each and Bobby Sprowl had an RBI to pace Houston to a 5-3 victory over San Francisco.

Baseball Moves Closer to Strike As Talks Recess

New York Times Service NEW YORK - Baseball moved a day closer to a strike Saturday, with negotiators for club owners and players resolving nothing in a 90-minute bargaining session, then recessing until Tuesday.

Barring an unexpected, drastic change in position by either side on the free-agent compensation is-sue or a federal court injunction, the players are expected to strike after Thursday night's games.

Neither Ray Grebey, the owners' chief negotiator, nor Marvin Miller, the players' labor leader, had any comment after the latest fruitless session. However, Ken Moffett, the federal mediator who has been sitting in on recent talks, acknowledged that "it doesn't look

Moffett said that the major question is whether or not there will be conciliatory movement by either side. There has been none for the last year, through negotiations and a joint committee that studied the compensation prob-

Archer, Stadler Tied With Kite In Memorial Golf

United Press International DUBLIN. Ohio — George Archer and Tom Kite fired 3-under-par 69s Saturday to tie struggling Craig Stadler for the third-round lead in the Memorial golf tourna-

Stadler, who held a three-stroke lead with only five holes to play on the tough Muirfield Village Golf Club course, had double bogeys on the 14th and 15th holes and finished with a 71 for a 54-hole score

Four other players - Ben Cren-

shaw, D.A. Weibring, Tom Wat-

son and second-round leader Keith

Fergus — were only one shot behind the leaders at 213. Jack Renner, Mike Sullivan, Bob Murphy and Dan Halldorson were at

"I was up most of the day, then down real quickly," Stadler said, "I got everything I deserved on those two holes. It was basic disaster.

Kite had only one bogey in his round, and he saved par and grabbed a share of the lead after hitting into a bunker on the final hole. "This is the most solid round I played all week," he said, calling the Muirfield course "the scaries we play ... There's no other golf course where you can shoot a high number - and I don't mean a bogey or double bogey — as fast as vou can here."

Transactions 8ASEBALL

American Legge
AltinESOTA—Fired Johnny Goryl, manage
and named Billy Gordner, the third-base tooc
as his replacement.

FOOTBALL Noticeal Football League CHICAGO—Signed Reuben Handerson, cornerback: Tim Enlebracht, wide receiver; and John Geske, hight end, Named Ran Russ os-sistant trainer.

CINCINNATI-Signed Cris Collinsworth wide ecolver, MINNESOTA-Signed Ken MacAlee, tigh end to a one-year contract.
TAMPA BAY-Walved Mike Ras. quarter

ST, LOUIS—Signed Rickey Whitems, running SEATTLE—Signed Jim Stone and Eric Lane.

unning Socks to Iwa-year confracts. MOCKEY

National Heckey League

LOS ANGELES—Announced the resignation of Bob Berry, head coach, Named Parker Mac-Doneld head coach. COLLEGE
GEORGIA SOUTHERN-Normed Ersking

More Sports On Page 11

\$1.2 million might not be too unre- in October. Borg, Healthy and Confident, Seeks His 6th French Open Title Moreover, he has repeatedly expressed

By Nick Stout

PARIS — Discounting his surprising elimination from tournaments this year in Toronto, Brussels, Milan and Monte Carlo, Bjorn Borg was busy the other day quelling the recent crescendo of sugges-tions that he has reached the limits of his tennis brilliance.

"The year begins in Paris," he said confidently, referring to the French international championships, which begin Monday. Indeed, for Borg the tennis year has always been built around the four Grand the French Open. Slam tournaments — the French Open, Wimbledon, the U.S. Open and the Australian Open - and it is his unfulfilled ambition to sweep them in a single season,

While acknowledging the disappointment of losing in the smaller tournaments, Borg explained that the sense of motivation was always different for the Grand Slam events. Remember that Borg was temporarily declared persona non grata by Australian promoters in 1974, when after losing in the New South Wales championships to John James, a little known South African, he declared: "I did not try. I was too tired.

Obvious Question

Borg is older now, and no one accuses him of not trying. Yet, he has not been sweeping everyone from the court as was his custom for so many years. The obvious question recurs: Is it the beginning of the end for Borg? The French Open should

provide a good clue to the answer. The most shocking loss was at Monte Carlo on April 14, a first-round defeat by Victor Pecci on clay. The official explanaan inflammation of the shoulder that first est recess from the game he has known since becoming a professional. As a conseplagued Borg in the 1971 U.S. Open, when, since becoming a professional. As a conseplagued Borg in the 1971 U.S. Open, when, since becoming a professional. As a conseplace in his shoe, it diverted the pressure from the since becoming a professional. As a conseplace in his shoe, it diverted the pressure from the same becoming a professional. As a conseplace in his shoe, it diverted the pressure from the game he has known since becoming a professional. As a conseplace in his shoe, it diverted the pressure from the same becoming a professional. As a conseplace in his shoe, it diverted the pressure from the same becoming a professional as a conseplace in his shoe, it diverted the pressure from the same becoming a professional as a conseplace in his shoe. It diverted the pressure from the same becoming a professional as a conseplace in his shoe, it diverted the pressure from the same becoming a professional as a conseplace in his shoe, it diverted the pressure from the same becoming a professional as a conseplace in his shoe, it diverted the pressure from the same becoming a professional as a conseplace in his shoe, it diverted the pressure from the same becomes a conseplace in his shoe, it diverted the pressure from the same becomes a conseplace in his shoe, it diverted the pressure from the same becomes a conseplace in his shoe, it diverted the pressure from the same becomes a conseplace in his shoe, it diverted the pressure from the same becomes a conseplace in his shoe, it diverted the pressure from the same becomes a conseplace in his shoe, it diverted the pressure from the same becomes a conseplace in his shoe, it diverted the pressure from the same becomes a conseplace in his shoe, it diverted the pressure from the same becomes a conseplace in his shoe, it diverted the pressure from the same becomes a conseplace in his shoe, it diverted the pressure from the same becomes a conseplace in hi



Stockton. Borg said he noticed the pain a few days before the Monte Carlo event. "It hurts when you serve and smash, although it feels all right on the ground strokes," explained Lennart Bergelin, Borg's coach and mentor. Bergelin dismissed suggestions that the ailment was serious, however, saying that it was a natural consequence of "too much playing."

Longest Recess

The prescribed treatment was a total break from tennis: No practicing or play-ing until the shoulder was healed. So Borg retreated to a private Swedish island for three and a half weeks and took the long-

man Open in Hamburg. To stay in shape, he jogged every day. After the layoff, Bergelin explained, the shoulder was massaged regularly and Borg resumed practicing in Stockholm, playing for about four hours a day with some of

Arriving in Paris a week early to train seriously for the French Open, Borg insisted he was healthy. "I no longer have a problem with my shoulder," he said. "I serve and smash normally."

the top Swedish players.

To be sure, Borg has successfully coped with injuries throughout his exceptional career. Two in particular, Bergelin said, were far more worrisome that the recent shoulder problem.

When Borg won Wimbledon for the first time in 1976 he had to take three pain-killing injections of cortisone prior to the final with Ilie Nastase because of a strained stomach muscle. The condition worsened in early 1977 and forced Borg to miss a tournament in Palm Springs, Calif. Last year, he withdrew from the Swedish

Davis Cup team with the same ailment. The Right Doctor

Then, last August, Borg dropped out of the Canadian Open because of pain in his knee, fearing that it might hinder him dur-ing the U.S. Open in September. The problem had arisen the month before in Romania, where he was jogging on asphalt around the time of his marriage to Mariana Simionescu, the Romanian Federation

Cup player.

"After trying ten doctors we finally found one in America who fixed his knee in an hour," Bergelin said. "His name was James Parks and he had treated basketball players with the same problem. He made a rubber mold of Borg's foot to place in his

Another possible explanation of Borg's lackluster performance this year is the change in his personal life since his marriage last July. Bergelin was always known to have monitored Borg's social life closely, making sure that his protoge never lost sight of his tennis obligations. When asked after his 1976 Wimbledon victory who he would take to championship ball, Borg re-plied with a grin: "My manager." That in-cident, of course, predated his involvement with Miss Simionescu. Postmarital Woes

Borg's problems can, in fact, be traced

to the period immediately following his wedding, when he lost the U.S. Open to John McEnroe in a match that neither contestant could say was his best. In October Borg lost the Swiss indoor tournament to Ivan Lendl of Czechoslovakia. He defeated McEnroe in the Masters tourna-ment in January and later in an exhibition in Australia, but in February McEnroe took a semifinal match from Borg in Toronto by winning an 18-point tiebreaker in the final set. Then, in late March, McEnroe beat Borg again, this time at Milan. Rolf Gehring of West Germany had earlier eliminated Borg in straight sets in the second round at Brussels.

It has also been suggested that Borg's game is suffering because of an inordinate preoccupation with winning the U.S. Open, the tournament that he has never been able to claim. With Borg so dominating Paris and Wimbledon over the past several years, capturing five titles in each tournament, it is almost an idiosyncrasy of the sport that he has always failed in the

New York classic. But Borg has not always been healthy in New York. In 1975 he was bothered by an Jimmy Connors, he played the final with a a seasoned pro seems somewhat this side

his distaste for the routine at Flushing Meadows. Bergelin, reiterating Borg's perennial complaint, said: "The trouble with the U.S. Open is the lights. You just cannot see the ball. Why don't they hold the important matches at one o'clock in the afternoon? Tennis is an afternoon

Finally, the synthetic surface used at Flushing Meadows is not especially suited to Borg, who was brought up on clay. Borg has made no secret, however, of the intensity with which he covets the U.S. cham-

Whatever his problems in New York and elsewhere, Borg's performance in the French Open, the world's premier claycourt tournament, has been awesome. In 1974 he became, at age 18, the youngest male singles champion in Paris. The only person ever to have beaten him here was Adriano Panatta of Italy, who eliminated him in the preliminary rounds in 1973 and

No. 1 Seed

Last year he won his fifth French title to surpass Henri Cochet's long-standing record of four international championships. (Cochet also won twice when the tournament was restricted to French play-

Given this history and Borg's avowed obsession with winning the Grand Slam, the French Open should answer some of the questions about the Swede's ability to continue to transcend his peers. The French organizers are confident enough to have once again made Borg the No. 1

On June 6, the day before the men's final at Roland Garros Stadium, Borg will internal infection, in 1977 there was the bad shoulder and in 1978, when he lost to turn 25, which even for a married man and

Slashing Remarks

By William Safire NEW YORK — The integrity of the virgule has been

slashed. At the bottom of most stories in Time magazine, bylines appear, looking something like this: By Edwin Warner, Reported by Anne Constable/Atlanta and Neil MacNeil/Washington."

The virgule is that diagonal line, usually a called a slash, that has three meanings: (1)
meanings: (1)
mether" as in
"and/or," or, in
tests, "is/is not," or, in invitations, "will/will not" Safire (2) "per," as in "feet/second" or

"miles/hour": (3) as the separator of numerals in fractions, such as Thus, in Time's use of the vir-

"MacNeil/Washington" means "Either MacNeil or Washington," or "MacNeil per Washington" or "MacNeil divided by Washington." Philip Shaver of Princeton, N.J., who noticed this violation of the

virgule, asks: "Can you help stamp out/cure this malady before it Sure/gladly. The virgule (pro-

nounced vur-gyool, from the Latin virga, a slender branch) has been

Danish Cyclists Press Demands The Associated Press

COPENHAGEN - An estimated 30,000 bicyclists convened in the centers of a dozen major Danish towns to demonstrate for safety and better facilities for an increasingly popular means of transportation now used daily by 1.5 million

In Copenhagen alone more than 10,000 bicyclists turned out for Saturday's demonstrations. The demands presented by the 26,000member Danish Union of Bievclists, organizer of the demonstrations, included the building of bicycle paths along all major roads and streets, a reduction of the motor traffic speed limit in towns and urban areas to 50 kilometers or less per hour (30 mph), expanded bicycle parking areas and access for bicyclists to take their vehicles along on state railway trains.

seized upon by typists and typesetters as a great space saver
— who likes to use a whole comma. or a long word like "or" when
a virgule will do? The path was cleared for the substitution of the verbalizable "or" by the unspeak-able "'" in the legalistic term "and/or," which would be hard to say as "and or or." Now we are afflicted by the promiseuous use of

This has resulted in a case in the New York Supreme Court in Ulster County over the meaning of a virgule. A man made a check pay-able to 'Revel/Miron Ready Mix"; it was endorsed and cashed by Revel and not by Miron Ready Mix. The issue: Could the check be cashed without the endorsement of the co-payee?
The court held that "the symbol

(/), or virgule, denotes the disjunctive or alternative . . . A check made payable to the order of two payees whose names are separated by a diagonal slash . . . [is] properly paid by a bank with the endorsement of only one of the named pavees."

In a similar case, the virgule reached a Georgia appellate court and the same decision — that the virgule meant "or" — was upheld. Judge Harold Banke wrote: "During oral argument of this case, appellant's counsel was asked by the court why the maker of the checks did not write the word 'and' hetween the names of the payees if that was its intention. Counsel's reply was that the checks were written by computer. The court makes no suggestion about changing computers, but it does bring to mind the following: To err is human but to really foul things up requires a computer.' Judgment affirmed.

In a peak of fit, I announced recently (IHT April 20) that the newly voguish verb "to craft" would be used in this space on occasion to

mean "shaped, sculpted." The second of these words is widely used and by very good writers," writes Jacques Barzun, the nation's foremost usagist, in his tone of gentle reproof. "though strictly speaking it is a corrupt

Corrupt? "The true one is sculped or sculptured. The 't' belongs to the ending, as in fixture.I am curious to see whether you will have it fixted."

New York Times Service

Louie and the Faulkner Papers

A Long-Lost Manuscript and a House in Portugal

plained: "Tell him the best vay I know to get published is to bor-row advances from the publisher:

then they have to print the stuff."
In a letter from Oxford, Miss.

dated Oct. 19, 1930, Fankner

wrote to Smith that he had been too busy to send a letter because

he was repairing his house and

"on the side" making a cotton crop. "The corn is being gath-ered, and I have five gallons of

corn whiskey, and I aim to rest a

while." Obviously responding to a request to be on the lookout for

regional writers, Faulkner added,

"If I find any Miltons bereabouts, I'll winter them and

condition them and send them

along. But folks in this country

take life too all-fired seriously to write about it."

by the Berg followed from one of

those accidents of place and tim-ing that treasure-hunters dream

about. First the library acquired

a prize — the long-last manu-script of "Soldier's Pay," pub-

lished in 1926 - and thereby

hangs a collector's tale, the de-

tails of which are only now com-

Summer on Fire Island

Eight years ago, Robert A.

Wilson, proprietor of the Phoenix Bookshop in Greenwich Village, was spending a summer on

Fire Island, where, so far as any-

one knows. Faulkner never set

foot. One afternoon, as is the

custom on that fashionable liter-ary beachhead, Wilson was hav-

ing a drink with an elderly neigh-

bor. Wilson has pledged to iden-

tify him only by his first name --

After downing a few in the hot sun, Louie said, "Bob. I under-stand you have a bookshop."

"Yes, Louie, didn't you

No, I never did. Tell me, is

Wilson perked up. He knew

that uninformed collectors usual-

ly offered only mildewed Mod-

ern Library editions as the real

Faulkner worth anything?"

The acquisition of these letters

By Herbert Mitgang

New York Times Service
NEW YORK — Some of William Faulkner's more re-vealing letters are turning up in the Berg Collection at the New York Public Library, rather than in the literary repositories of Southern universities. This has puzzled some scholars. But the main reason why certain of the Nobel laureate's letters are in New York rather than in Mississippi or Virginia is that the Berg, by a combination of luck and speed, acquired the manuscript of his first novel, "Soldier's Pay."

The library's latest acquisition of four early letters has established the Berg as a serious contend-er in the field of Faulkneriana. The letters came to the Berg through Evelyn Harter Glick, who lives in Connecticut. Between 1929 and 1937, she worked in design and production for three of Faulkner's publishers, Cape & Smith, Smith & Haas, and Random House.

'How's That for High'

In an undated letter believed to have been written in late 1929, Faulkner addresses his publisher, Harrison (Hal) Smith, and tells him about his writing, and nonwriting, plans. He mentions the title of the novel he is writing. "As I Lay Dying," and adds in a cocky postscript, "How's that for high?" The novel, he says, is being written under "the best writing condition in the word near an electric dynamo along toward 12 and 1 A.M., it's the finest sound to work by I ever

Apparently not sure that novels would provide enough of a living, the former World War I pilot wrote in the same letter:

"A pilot in Memphis is going to give me enough dual bar to get a Mexican pilot's license, and I am going back to flying. Think I can make a nickel or so that way. Haven't flown a crate since 1918, but he tells me that with 3-4 hours dual, I can regain my clog."
Another undated letter, ad-

dressed to Evelyn Harter, was written after Faulkner had gained enough attention to be-

thing. But Louie was different; he was from New Orleans. So Wilson replied, "Well, it depends asked about his writing methods. He responded that he did not have enough time to write a mag-azine piece for Elmer Adler, edi-tor of The Colophon, and ex-— what have you got?"

Louic said, "Bill and I were roommates after the war, you Wilson had not known, He

knew that Louie was no namedropper, and the fact that he called Faulkner "Bill" meant something. Louie went on: "When he decided to get married in 1929, we split up, and he let me keep the manuscript of his first book."

Bolted Out of Chair

Wilson recalls that he put down his drink and bolted out of his canvas deck chair. "You mean 'The Marble Faun'?" "No no That was a book of some early poetry. I mean his first novel

"Where is it, Louie?" Back at the house some-

Wilson asked to see it immediately, but Louie took another drink and said, "I'll look for it tonight — if I can find it."

The next day, Wilson strolled by his neighbor's house a halfdozen times. Finally, after sup-per, Louie came down the walk carrying a cardboard box under his arm. He set it down on the table. It was the original mailing carton addressed to Faulkner by his publisher, completely authentic as verified by the 1920s stamps and postmark.

"I lifted the lid. There was a huge pile of legal-size typed pa-per, 500 pages or more. My heart sank because the first page was headed Chapter V, but when I dug around the box I discoverd that the pages had simply been mixed up. Not only was the com-plete manuscript of 'Soldier's Pay' there, including an alternative ending but also 13 poems, mostly in his minute holograph, plus the carbon typescript of an early book review.

"Well, what do you think?" Louie asked. "Is it worth anything?"

After studying the contents of, the box, Wilson said, "Are you sitting down?



William Faulkner and a surefire way to get published.

Louic said yes and asked, "Do you think I can get enough out of it to take a trip to Portugal?"
Wilson replied, "Louis, you can buy Portugal!"

Not quite. But, acting as Louie's agent, Wilson put the manuscript up for sale in his catalog and mailed it to universities and collectors. The listed price was \$12,500.

"The first to respond positive-ly was Dr. Lola Szladits, the Berg curator. While she couldn't bid immediately until it was approved by the Berg trustees, I mew that whatever Lola wants, Lola gets. She has a reputation for trustworthiness, and for the scholarly care of manuscripts. I also heard from universities in Georgia and Mississippi. Among the last was the University of Virginia. I honored the commitment to the Berg Collection."

Today the manuscript of "Sol-dier's Pay" could be worth nearly 10 times what it went for eight years ago, Wilson said. What happened to Louie? Wil-

son smiled and said, "He was able to buy a small house in Portugal, where he is now living."

PEOPLE: Joan Dues I revenue Property of Brazil Joan Baez Prevented

night prevented American folks-inger Joan Baez from performing for the second day running. She appeared on stage at a Rio de Janeiro concert put on by oppo-nents of nuclear power but told the crowd of 7,000 she could not sing for fear of getting the organizers into trouble. The organizers said that the authorities had first banned her from singing, then re-voked the order, then reimposed the ban shortly before the concert was due to start. On Friday, authorities in Sao Paulo stopped her from appearing at a special con-cert, saying she did not have the proper authorization to perform in Brazil Miss Baez, a human rights activist and critic of authoritarian governments, visited Argentina and Chile earlier on a Latin American tour, but failed in her efforts to organize official concerts in

Her face taut and her voice re-

vealing strain. Yoko Ono went to the New York City Hall on Friday to accept the Handel Medallion. the city's highest cultural award, which was presented posthumously to her husband, John Lennon, It was because of her husband's "love for this city" that she accepted the medal, Miss Ono said, even though "John did not believe in tributes and awards." She added, This city meant a lot to him. This was our town, and it still is." It was one of Miss Ono's few public appearances since Lennon was shot to death in December. Mayor Edward L Koch praised Lennon as "a man whose poetry became the voice of an entire generation." Lennon was the 99th recipient of the Handel Medallion, which was created in 1959. Louis Armstrong, George Balanchine, Aaron Copland, Duke Ellington, Martha Graham and Marilyn Horne have been among its recipients. ... In Richmond, Va., actress Helen Hayes has been named the recipient of the Virginia Museum Theater's third annual award for outstanding contributions to the American professional theater. Miss Hayes, 80, who has come to be known as "the first lady of the American stage," said she was "deeply honored" by the selection.

Former Israeli Defense Minister Moshe Dayan says he loves his wife, but he likes the other women he has romanced. "I've never loved a woman the way I love Rachel,

Brazilian authorities Saturday but that doesn't mean that all the other women I met — and had ro-mances with — I thought of only as technical objects," he said in a newspaper interview published in Tel Aviv. Otherwise, Dayan, 67, described himself as a loner. "I don't have intimate friends. In my free time I don't like to sit around talking to people. I'd rather be Walter Cronkite, denying re-ports that he had left China in a nuff after being refused permission to film giant pandas in the wild. got a laugh at the Foreign Correspondents Club of Japan when he explained, "I didn't leave in a huff; I left in a Pan Am 747."

A smiling Joan Kennedy received her master's degree in education Saturday from Lesley College as her esuranged husband. Sen. Edward M. Kennedy of Mass-achusetts, and their children, Kara, Edward Jr. and Patrick, looked on. Mrs. Kennedy marched with about 400 other graduates into a sports arena where the Cambridge, Mass., college held its ceremonies. The Kennedys announced in January that they planned to end their marriage of 22 years.

Belgium's King Bandonia and Queen Fabiola arrived in Bangkok on Saturday for a two-day private visit to Thailand. They are scheduled to fly to Peking on Monday for an official visit.

Opera great Luciano Pavarotti presided Saturday over the finals of a singing contest he sponsored and modeled after the one that launched his own career in 1961. "Twenty years ago it happen to me that I win a competition and ap-pear on stage," said Pavarotti, the Italian master tenor. "It took care of me for the rest of my life. I hope to help young singers do the same." The competition began last week, when 77 contestants from 20 countries auditioned for him in Philadelphia. About half were chosen to sing in a final public con-cert. The winners of the public concert will have a chance to sing in an opera with Pavarotti himself. Pavarotti said he did not know how many would be chosen for parts in "La Boheme" and "L'Elisir d'Amore," which he said he will perform in Philadelphia next year.

ANNOUNCEMENTS SUBSCRIBE to the INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE AND SAVE.

As a new subscriber to the nternational Herald Tribun of the newstand price, depending on your country of residence.

For details on this special extraductory offer, write to: #17 Subscriptions Department, 181, Avenue Charles-de-Gaulle, 92200 Ricelly-eur-Seine, France. Or phone Paris 747-12-65 ect. 305.

EN ASIA AND PACEFIC ternational Harafd Tribuna Tal Sang Commercia Buildir 24-34 Honnersy Road HONG KONG Tel: HX 5-286726

SURSCREE TO

BARRON'S America's Susiness and Financial Weekly. Rates for U.K. & Consinental Europe:

Delivery by Jet Air Freight from New York every weekend-delivered Manday. Send order with payment to J. Potulny: BARRON'S International Press Centre 76 Shoe Lane London E.C. 4, England

> Subscribe to PUBLISHERS WEEKLY The Professional's Magazina Of The Book World Tiss World Over

Jetsped rate for the U.K. & Continental Europe \$155_1 year Payable in U.S. Dollars. Send order with payment to the attention of Richard Brown Publishers Weekly 1180 Avenue of the Americas New York, New York 10036.

TENNES ANYONE? land Garros Open on large screen 1 Bistro of the Paris Inter-Continental 3 rue de Castigliane. Daily 2-6pm. Drinks at regular price.

FERING low? - baving problems? SOS HELP crisis fine in English. 3 p.m. 11 p.m. Tel: Paris 723 80 80. HYPNOSES: Weight - demking - snoot-ing - pain - past level. Paris 273 40 77. PSYCHOLOGEST Ph.D. Sex Therapy, Crisis Counseling. Paris 293 40 77. AA in English daily, Paris. Tel. 325. 76.03./551.38.90.

PERSONALS MOVING

WE'LL TAKE GOOD CARE OF YOU

The

AMSTERDAM: ATHENS: BARCELONA: BONN: BREMEN: BRUSSELS: BRITISELS: CADIZ: CHICAGO: FRANKFURT: GENEVA: THE HAGUE: HOUSTON: LONG BEACH: MADRID: MUNICH: NAPLES: NAPLES: PARES: FOME: VENNAA: ZURICH:

Apartments Cote d'Azur

DREAMS English Section, Ref: 15
Espace Grinceldi, 11 ree Maccarani
06000 NSCE, FRANCE (93) 87 27 54.

CANNES ON CROISSETTE, 3 mirs pol-are, 169 sg.m., equipped Intchen, F 2,200,000. Box 951, Herald Tribune, 92521 Neuilly Cadex, France.

RECCATING TO Northemptonshire, England? An elegant 16-room Victorian house set on about 2 cores in transfer has become available. Only 20 minutes drive from the center of Northempton. It features gardens, lenns court, stables, anchord and paddock, Recently redecatorated and praied to sell quiddy at £80,000 with immediate accupancy. Control Christine Wooley of Wilson and Pariners at Wellingborough (0933) 223291, U.K.

et de Marketing située à Paris

OPÉRATRICE MACHINE TRAITEMENT DE TEXTES

aimaint les Arts Graphiques; Langue maternelle anglaise Formation assuree. Libre rapidement. 5 X B, 5 semaines congés payés, 13º mois, vacances, restaurant entreprise, avantages sociaux. Envoyer curriculum vitas, photo et prétentions à Mile C. LOUISET - A.C. NIELSEN Co.,

28 boulevard de Grenelle, 75737 Paris Codex 15.

F.J.H. - Ten years is a long time, but it's also only a stepping stone to forever. Happy birthday & happy anniversary; with lave, Sue, ityan and Brett.

INTERDEAN

International

Mover 44.89.44 894.76.11 65.09.57 31.05.91 269.54.00 86.31.44 (06.190) 2001 43.85.30 601109 448.95.53 961.41.41 598.551 961.41.41

AVE POCH, Surmy side, modern labarious 220 sq.m., elegant living room, 3 bedrooms, 2 baths + 50 sq.m. private garden, Frs 5,200,000. Tel. 828 28 49. 82.43.64 363.20.00

PLACE

DUPLEX

BÉDEL INTERNATIONAL MOVES since 1850. Ai Rossum B34 91 60 Pons.

NT'L MOVENG & EXPORT, beggage. Air & sea freight, imports, containers. Marin'Air Fret, B r. Duban, Paris 16. Tel: 288 73 97, 647 70 11 Th: 630685F

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FRENCH PROVINCES ATTENTION INVESTORS: buy off the plon, lowest price, dalues residence VENCE, Provinced-style, sea view, becutiful surroundings, pool, ready July 1982, conspletion bonk guarenteed. Studio Fr 179,000, 1 bedroom Fr 346,000, 2 bedrooms Fr 430,000.

GREAT BRITAIN

REAL ESTATE TO RENT/SHARE

IONDON - For furnished flats and houses, the service leading US Corporations use Amazombe & Randontd. Iel. London 435 7122. The 29966.

LONDON, For the best furnished flots and houses. Consult the Specialists Philips, Koy and Lawis. Tel. London 839 2245.

LONDON: New teasys furnished flats.

GREECE MYKONOS: Becuriful futnished villo near town & beach Superb see view. Seeps us. Madern listhem, bests. \$3,000/month, Amy, June, Sept. Charming 1-bedroom house: some view & comforts. \$1,200/month, May, Sept. \$1,500 June-Aug. Sradi studio: \$1,000/month, 2 weeks minimum. A Sinner, Oxbow Rd., Cencord. Mass. 01742 USA, Tel 617-369-2281 HOLLAND

Amsterdom, Bolestein 43. PERRE'S SERVICES in Amstardam, Hil-versum & Utrecht great. Tel. 035-12199, Kapittelweg 389, Hilversum.

PARIS AREA PURNISHED AT HOME IN PARIS **PARIS PROMO**

% sq.m. 562 03 48. CONCORDE, borge 90 sq.m., overlook-ing Seine, very futurious accommoda-tion, 2 sokoons, 2 boths, 3 cobins, cen-tral heating, phone, porking, ready to be used as or flot or to soft thru Eu-rope. F 700,000,Tel. 26d 00 14.

BUSE DE BEREZE 1 block from Champs Bysees, splendid studio, 32 sq.m., en-tirely equipped, phone, excellent pied-a-terre, 1et 828 28 49. SAUDI ARABIA

POR RENT OR SALE. Available in the heart of Riyadh, or Steen Smet, pre-fabricated houses comples, ideal for 13-room office building, equipped with telephones, tolest, electricity, water supply, but two unit residential accommodation and 3000 sq.m. garage area and two store sheds. Tel. 4782098. The 201356. Box 21, Ryadh, Soud Arabia.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

ISRAEL

ISBAEL: SAVYON, genden suburb of Tel Avvy, 330 sq.m. villa, \$400,000. Write Box 15099, Herold Tribune, 92521 Neusly Cedex, France.

PARIS & SUBURBS

Reception, 3 bedrooms, 3 boths, 2 masts rooms, magnificant decoration. Embossy Service 562 02 37.

ETATS-UNIS

SPAIN SPALIN

STATE

STATE

STATE

SPALIN

S

REFUTABLE WESTERN United States Real Estate Brokers. Chief Schesman will be in Europe for approximately how weeks. Howe listed for solel, large wheat ranch in Oregon, Industrial Properties, Villa on Oregon Coast, & many other properties. Also willing to represent European buyers requiring only type of United States West Coast properties. Control: S. Burde at Tollowing: 22nd/22nd May - Hyde Park Hotel, Landon, 25th/26th May - Sheltan Hotel, Amsterdam, 27th/25th May - Venna, 29th/30th May - Falcon Hotel, Varesa, Roly, 1st 5th June - Lower Hotel, Monoca, 6th/7th June - Intercontinental Hotel, Paris, Bith/10th June - Scondinavian Hotel, Copenhagen.

U.S.A.

GEM OF AN INVESTMENT, Sutton Place townhouse with superb rivers view, private park and parlaing. Tek Para 504 47 51 (7.30 am & 7.9 pm) or Box 946, Herald Tribune, 92521 Neul-ity cades, France.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS REAL ESTATE TO RENT/SHARE

know?

Renthouse International 020-448751 (4 lines)

5 Ave. Hoche 75008 Paris 563 25 60. **STAYING IN PARIS?**

FURNISHED & UNFURNISHED FIRST-CLASS APARTMENTS. Minimum rental 2 months.
Also flats 2 houses for sale.
NITER LIRBIS, 1 Rue Mollien,
Pars (Se). Tel.: 563.17.77.

RENT OR SALE

1st Class Apartments & Houses furnished & unfurnished H. INT'L 551 66 99, 51 Ave. La Bourdonais, Paris 7.

EMBASSY SERVICE B Ave. de Massme, 75008 Paris Your Real Estate
Agent in Paris 562 16 40

7th QUAI VOLTAIRE 6 ROOMS, keruriously furnished, receptions + 2 bedrooms + moid's room. Justified high price. Alloro 265 51 45.

ILE ST. LOUIS

frooms superbly furnished eigh class, sun, terrace, parling, F6500 excluding charges. Aloro 265 57 45. SAYE UP TO 50% on your hotel bill by using FLATOTEL opertments, studies to 5 rooms, fully equipped with or without hotel service. FLATOTEL, 42 rue St. Chorles, Paris 15th, Tel. 577 54 04, Tr. 200406.

16th AUTEUIL

Tx: 200406.

BD LANNES: magnificent double fiving and bedroom, 90 sq.m., garage, furnished English style 19th century, 6th floor, very quiet. F 5200 net, 451 10 02 from 8 to 11cm 8 6 to 5pm. IZ from 8 to 11 cm 8 6 to 8 pm.

CDBCN OWNER'S 80 sq.m., great
charm, character, large Eving + loggo, bactroom, newly redone, antique
turnshings, F 4300, 734 51 24 cm.

PARLY 2: levely modern flot, double
living, loggio, 3 bedroons, 2 boths,
private gardes. F 5400 net. Cabinet
Pastori: 522 81 24.

CONCORDE 5 R. Combon, 260.38.89.
Rooms, confort, private shower, phone. Dely/monthly rate.
RE 51. LDUIS: regentional duplex on Seine. longe fining. 2 bedrooms, 2 bedrooms, 2 bedrooms, 16th LONIGONAMP unusual duplex with small terrupe, kiving, draing, bedroom, sunny, F5500, Tel: 720.37.99. MONTPARNASSE, large studio, short term, garage, F2400, 1st 320 98 26.

OWNER'S: Exceptional duplex approximant, turnished, no ogen. 606 04 37.

3 TO 5 MONTRS, 14th, charming 2% rooms on interior garden, 320 93 81.

PARIS AREA UNFURNISHED RUE POMPE KUE POMPE 250° sq.m. High class. F 6500. Tel. 280° 20° 42. POCH elegant 5-room flat, newly re-done, 2 batts, fireplaces, fully equipped kitchen, F 9000; 720 37 99

REAL ESTATE WANTED/EXCHANGE REAL ESTATE TO RENT/SHARE PARIS AREA UNFURNISHED NEAR YOSGES, newly redone 2-3 rooms, terrace, 40 to 140 sq.m. porking. F 2000 to F 6/700. Tel 782 46 78.
NEURLY: lovely modern flot, lorge living. 2 backrooms, well equipped kirchen. F 4500. Tel. 720 37 99.

FURNISHED RENTALS

your footwork. CSU, Paris 758 12 40.

New York City. An outstandingly furnished two bedroom apartment with wood burning fireplace, cable T.V., all linen and chang, contratably equipped for 4 to 8 people, adjacent to the Westbury Hotel and a few steps east of Fifth Avenue and Central Park, this multileval apartment offiers the firest in New York living in its most desirable neighborhood. Available to corporation or qualified individual on long or short term leases. \$4,000 per month heating 8, had water included. Madi service available. Call: Mrs Libby Evans 212 874 03 08 or 212 7772 25 42 or 212 496 66 14.

WANTED/EXCHANGE INT'L OFFICE SEEKS FOR ITS MANAGEMENT, equitive high class apartment, 4 room and more. Paris 285 11 08.

EXCEPTIONAL NEW YORK - SOHO e or exchange at property value in Europe or USA. Call London 01 235 4544.

INT'I. EXECUTIVE seeks unfurnished house to rent between Putacux and Meydon, near Seine - 5 rooms with garden, Maximum F6000 per month. Paris 567 55 78, ext. 108, office hours. **EMPLOYMENT** GENERAL POSITIONS WANTED

#ITELIGENT, business experienced, multilingual, lete 20's, Frenchman. Will consider lucrative orient/casignements privileged resident London, will travel of required, fullest confidence assured. Reply Box 39'349, B-IT, 103 Kingsway, London W.CZ. London WCZ.

VERY ATRACTIVE BLACK Secretary,
Cultured/Educated, tolerated donor &
ortist seeks summer work in Europe as
Travel conspanion, Elanch, P.O. Box
2263, New York, NY 10116, USA. Tal.
212-689-1900, Ed 511. 212-689-1700, bct 511.

PARIS YOURG LADY - int1 PR/PA; freelands. Free to travel. 553 74 27.

HIGHLY EXPERIENCED golf course superintendent based Mediterroneon crea, presentiv octorg as turf technician to two prestigious dubs, seeks further work assisting golf dub or any turfgrass interests to achieve presidences standord. Herold Tribune, Box L, Pindarou 26; Alhers. Dog't miss RTERNATIONAL SECRETARIAL POSITIONS TUESDAYS

EMPLOYMENT

U.S. LAWYERS seek English mother tangue bilingual secretary. Some ac-counting, but experience not required. Available immediately. Send C.V. and

TEACHING POSITIONS AVAILABLE

ATTENTION BUSINESSMEN: Publish your Business Message in the International Herald Tribune; over a quarter of a million readers worldwide, most of whom are in business and industry, will read your message. Just telex us Paris 613595, before 10:00 a.m. eneming that we can telex you back and your message scill appear within 48 hours. You will be billed at U.S. \$8.20 or local equivalent per line. You must include complete and verifiable billing address.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES **COMPUTER PORTRAITS**

RILL COLOR OR 8 W
AN INSTANT MONEY MAKER
THAT CAN EARN YOU
\$6000 \$8000 per meeth
A portroit from a live subject or from
photo in less than 60 sec. This can be
stately treasured on to a 1-shirt o
most city leadle item. Full or port-time
attackly treasured on to a 1-shirt o
most city leadle item. Full or port-time
ALL CASH BUSINESS, Fortable No a
periono necessary. Excellent for sho
ping carters, resorts, shows, hotels, mo
order, comivels, foirs or any high troff
location. Total price DM 39-580 whice
modules full color option.
REMA COMMUTER SYSTEMS
DEFI. 5 5 SEETINOVENSTR. 9,
6 FRANKGURT GERMANY,
THEE; 412713 KEMA.
TEL: (9)611-747806
Office hours 10 c.m.-6 p.m.

AIRCRAFT Exclusive Rights to Sell Exceptionally Available immediately

World renowned passengers & corgas. new or second hand. Sales to national & private concerns TELEX: 642696 FRANCE TEL: Paris 574 19 02 TOKYO BASED COMPANY seeking investing partner for expansion proven profitobility in New Bectronic Products trading, Advertising and Consultation Services. 9-figure annual income. 40% Services. 9-figure ormsol income. **u.re profit morgin equity-ownership available of 8M Yen per 10% ownership. BC Consultation Services, CPO Box 2025 TOKYO 100-91 LAPAN. VERY DESTRABLE LAND on the island of Howai, Imited partnership interests available. Substantial investment, Principles only. Contact: Mr. J.A. Director. Voc President, Barclay and West Inc., 9 Westmester Fafoca Gardens, 17. Artillery Row, London SWI PIR. Tel. 01-222 4667, the 8951859 Basel G.

YOUR BUSINESS IN CANADA, Stort

and run your own business in Canada from your location. Details: STAR, Box 11 1969, 8900 Augsburg, Germany.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES GRUEY'S 'E. TORO' Mechanical Bull of Urban Cowboy' fame is now available for immediate European delivery. Contact Earl Dubin, Hotel Numberg, Moselstr. 20, D. Grrandfur/M., Germany. May 30 thru June 4. Principals any. Tel: (5) 611-236742. LTD. COMPANES FROM £69. For ragings UK and worldwide, including rections UK and worldwide, including tale of Man, Panama, Liberia & Angual La, Contact CCM, Lid., 3 Prospect Hill, Douglas, Isle of Man, U.K. Tel, Douglas, 1624 23 733 or 1s: 627900 CCMICMG.

BUSINESS SERVICES A BEAL BUSINESS SERVICE: Possibility of travel documents, aircanship with normal or diplomatic posport financy corsult - legal, quick and not so supersive. Contacts phone 89 79 64 (abon, Portugal, Dr. Samuel D. Lew, telex 15600 F or 15643 F - David and Son, 84 Avenida de Roma, 6th Roor, Lubon, Portugal. DON'T VISIT PARIS ALONE, Total

high standard private guide with car. Call AFOS: 541 01 89/539 55 75. US TAX RETURNS professionally pre pared by CPA in Paris. Tel 265 30 93 US TAX ASSOCIATES. Tax returns and consulting. Paris: 563 91 23. FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS

/ seek to eater a partnership with serious enterprise/adminis tion or new project group Cs **ACTIVE PARTNER** UP TO MAXIMUM US \$250,000. Offer vast international experience of Swiss banking, business administration and personnel sector.
 Age 47, 4 languages.
Chiffre ASSA 85-45746, ASSA Annuna Swiszeri SA, CH-6901 Lugano.

GENERAL POSITIONS WANTED PARS LADY 22, billingual English-French seeks exching & interesting job. Enjoys people-trovel. All offers consid-ered. Box: 947, Herold Tribone, 92521 Neutily cedex, France. SECRETARIAL AVAILABLE

in the EIT Cleanified Section.

SECRETARIES AVAILABLE WANTED: Boss with series of human for intelligent, dynamic, hardworking billingual secretary. Presently frustroited in her search for chollenging work. Box 953, Herold Tribume, 92521 Neutly codes, France.

LOOKING FOR A SECRETARY? Call G.K. Consultants, Paris 225 12 94. NEED A TEMPORARY SECRETARY? Call, G.R. Interier, Paris 225 57 25.

RECUEST LANGUAGE TEACHER for adults. English mather longue, good experience, good French, work permit port-time job, phone Ports 256 66 27.

International Business Message Center

OFFICE SERVICES

FURNISHED OFFICE IN PARIS NEAR CHARPS RYSES
Rental with all office facilities
Multilingual Secretaries
albox, phore, teles, message servidomiciliations. donicitations.

Meeting recess, projector and implications from the control of th

OFFICE IN PARIS is ready when you need it, even for a couple of hours. Fully functional modern offices one conference rooms, to real by the hour, day, manth, etc. Your tacking or permonent base. Prestige making address. All service **BBE CENTRE HONORE** 91, Faubourg St. Hancre, 75008 Faris. Tel: 266 90 75. Telex 642066F.

Office & hotel in one - Buerchotel Artison, Tales: 416132. Tel 0611:777209. YOUR ZURICH Switzerland office ad-dress for mailton, telephone, teles fa-cilities and handling, STONY Ltd, P.O. Box. 1329, 8036 Zurich Tels 01/33 23 33. LONDON BUSINESS ADDRESS/ PHONE/THEK Executive, Suite 66, 97 Region St., WI. Tell, 439 7094. INTER OFFICE SERVICE Sophished 33, 1075 Bt. AMSTERDAM, Holland. Tel. (i) 20 769442. Teles 13374.

OFFICES FOR RENT

50 CHAMPS ELYSERS, 5th floor, private rents office with conference room, reception. Tel other 1pm 359 71 71 Parts.

GEORGE V EXECUTIVE CENTER 30 AVE. GEORGE V, 73008 PARS Tel: 723 78 08. Telex: 613 930F.

EMPLOYMENT. TEACHERS AVAILABLE MATHEMATICS, FIRST AID. Also Physics, Helpful graducte visits your any copatry. Success assured. Please reply Box 15098, Handld Tribune, 92521 Neully Cadar, France.

POSITIONS AVAILABLE

NEEDED IMMEDIATELY INTERNATIONAL MARKETING

EXECUTIVE U.S.\$ 80,000 plus very

important incentive, International construction company cur restly undertaking major construction projects in 18 countries, sales per annual in excess of 2 billion U.S.S.

The top executive we are looking for test be very mature, presentable, with substative experience in the marketing of standard control of the second

collent opportunity for an architicus ard-working marketing entrepreneur k ork in Libya, Irak ar Soudi Arabia ast have expenience in these territo All applications will be treated on the most confidential basis.

Please send brief resume to P.O. Box 374 CH-1211 Geneva 12, Switzerland, Attention Mr Cally.

CENERAL POSITIONS AVAILABLE JEWIELEY REPRESENTATIVES
Manufacturer of original jeweky designed by successful sculpton, seeks order representatives in most
contries. Existing contacts with jewely
distribution outfiels could goin you are exclusive and interesting line. Placase telphane Ferney Voltorier Frances
050/41 27 35, ask for Manufro Julian.

TECHNICAL TRANSLATION AGENCY Paris, recurres highly quotified technical translation (engineers) and interpretes into English or Sponsish, electronics, computers, telecommunications and all lands of defense contracts reply Bas 520, Herold Tribune, 92521. Neurlly Cades, France.

FRENCH SHOEMAKER is looking representatives on commission in USA, Canada, South Africa, and other crees. Write to cipher M 18.115255 to Publicitos, CH 1211, Genevo 3. POSITIONS AVAILABLE WOMAN DOMESTIC HELP. 3 tempos boys. Reference & photo needed. Dr Gross, 3757 Green Vista Drive, Engino, Colifornia 91436 USA.

DOMESTIC POSCIONS WANTED NGLISH NANNES & Mothers' Helps free now: Nash Agency, 27 Grasd Po-rade, Brighton, UK. Tel. 682 666. AUTO SHIPPING PRANKFUKT/ MAIN-W. GERMANY H. bermann GribH, Tel 0617-448071. Pick-up of over Europe * ro/ro-ships.

ASTON MARTIN LAGONDA i new 4 door available **BRITISH MOTORS** MONTE CARLO Tel: (93) 50 64 84 8 30 81 32 Telex AIDES 479631 M.C.

AUTOMOBILES

FERRAN 2 + 2, perfect condition, 308 GT4. Bertoni ned, 35,000 sales, 1 owner: \$18,500. Taly Connex (93) 70 29 50.

AUTOS TAX FREE FROM STOCK
Alletta GTV 78, SFR 9,000.
Marcades 280 SE, 80, 29,000 km
Mercades 280 SE, new, lopishine
Mercades 350 SEL, new, lopishine
Mercades 500 SEL, new, lopishine
Mercades 500 SEL, new, lopishine
Mercades 500 SEL, new, \$14,500.
Cadilloca, Lincolns, Jaguera, Rose
Rovers, Lond Rovers, Mercades or
other leading stokes ovalidate.
Some day registration possible.

ICZKOVITS, Claridenstrusse 36, CH-8027 Zurich . Tel: 01/202 76, 10, Telus: 53444.

ROLLS-ROYCE **BRITISH MOTORS** WRIGHT BROTHERS MONTS-CARLO Tel: (93) 50 64 94 £ 20 \$1 32 Teles: ADDS-479631 SEVER SPORT - SEVER SPUR SHADOW E - CONNEC'E CAMARGUE - PHANTOM VI

MONEY SAVERS Americans serving Americans coversess since 1964. Most European imports for delivery in Europe or direct trigament to USA. Sess § 55 for catalog (refunded if you buy). EJEOPACAR INTERNATIONAL 4 Porudo, Jersey, Channel Isles Phone: England 534-34000.

TAX FREE CARS ALL MAKES & MODELS with Swiss Econom plates RAMPY MODORS INC. 1290 Genevo-Verscie, 87 roste Scin Tel: 022/55 44 43, Teles: 28279 3007 Bente, Sugarron 28 Tel: 031/45 10 45, Teles: 33850.

SERCEDES 500 SEL, Lomborghini Countrich S/1981, new exatock Swiss. Tak 031-580741, The 33802 CH. **BAGGAGE SHIPPING** CONTINEX: TEL. 281 18 8) PARIS (Near OPEXAL Air & Seo to all coun tries. Economy rates. Also moving.

SERVICES PR. GRE. PREDAY, bilingual-Paris & transing companion. Paris 527 01 93.

INTERPRETER to accompany business amountive. Paris 633 68 09. TOURIST GUIDE for visits in Paris, 758 66 13. BLINGUAL BUSINESS and tra-RSONAL ASSISTANT to accompo osiness executive, Boris 547 35 02. PR/ POTERPRETER & TOURISM GUELL English/Franch, Paris 562 05 87.

LEGAL SERVICES MAMGRATION TO USA. ATTORNEY RCHARD GOLDSTEIN will be over-cible as follows for visa consultation fromburt, those fromburburburb, June 16-13, London, Drucy Lone Hotel, June 14-15, Brassis, Hillern Hotel, June 19-22, Write or coll. 63 Well 51, NYC 10005, (212) 525-8580, Talies 661199. ALL U.S. COUNTS, Hoom, N.J. Trick, intergrity, of mosters. Cited in "Who's Who in America", Fluent German, Int. Counts, "Wilson H. Bogort, F.C. As 'yes, State Tower Bidgs, Synoame, NY 13202, Tel: 315-471-5522. Proteop of over Europe * ro/ro-disps.

TRANSCAR 20 role to Sourc. 7516
Pors. Tel: 500 03 04. Nicos 83 95 32.
Astworp 33 99 85. Cornes 37 43 44.

Astworp 33 99 85. Cornes 37 43 44.

TRANSCAR 20 role to Source 37 43 44.

Domain PL 33131. Tel: 305-643-9600.

HOLIDAYS & TRAVEL The magnificant STELLA SOLARIS

3-4-7 DAY CRUISES The best of the Greek Islands, Egypt, Israel, Cyprus and Turkey, Every Man-day and Friday from Firesus, Piease ap-ply to your havel agent or SUN LINE, 2 Kar., Service Str., Athess. Teleso 21-5621, Phone: 3228-863

HOTELS RESTAURANTS NIGHT CLUBS

FOR SALE & WANTED LANUSEMENT PARK RIDES into

ANTIQUES ANTIQUES - AMERICANA. Dealer in-quiry invited. Dealer prior plus 20% Quilts. Decoys, Weathervoner Stater, Bioniet Check, American pri-or to 1830. Zerich dealer reference. Lowell Endoson, 36 Gay Street, Bos-ion, Moss. 02116 U.S.A.

LOW COST FLIGHTS EJEOPE - N.Y. Frs. \$15; Round Trip Frs. 1,630. ITS 225 12 39 Paris.

CLASSIFIEDS contact the TRIB's

FOR MORE

EJROPE

restels: Arthur Moixner Tel.; 343 18 99. laissinner Guy von Thuyne Tel.: 29 58 94, London: Michael Mitchell Tel.: 242 51 73. Madrick A. Umlauff Sor Tel., 455-33-06.

Tel., 229 873

The yealst like STELLA OCEANES

NAD, HOTEL BURGE Large price range possibilities, every confort. Tel: 041/301111, The 72657.

PRIVATE SARING PARTY, July, Greece, Aggern Islands seeks 2 more persons. \$1000 each, Paris 763 97 94.

TUDOR HOTEL, 304 East 42nd Street, New York City. In feat-ionstate, East Side Manhotton, helf block from U.N. Single from \$48; doubles from \$60. Teles: 422951.

AMUSEMENT PAIR (1905) interested in buying used or second hand, also guide price & delivery for new rides of the following roller counter, down ble & triple dark rides, big & medium, ferris wheels, postcronic life (handed population) cheldren's roller-counter, did conver roller counters, index, rides, scooters & coin scooters & only other teams for consensant ports. Mr. Melmood Topal, P.O. Box 1007 Scieniyeh, Kurecit. Th: 4599 GOLDEGL

PAGE 11

200

A Designation of the last of t

for advertising information office in your country. HEAD OFFICE

Amsterdomi Alfons Grim Tel., 26 36 15 ttimus J.C. Romesson Tel. 361 83 97/360 24 21 frankfurt: H. Jung or K. Cinff Tel.: 28 36 78.

Romes Antonio Som Tel: 679 34 37. OTHERS Hong Kong: C. Cheney Tel.: 5 - 420 906. New York: Sandy O'Hero Tel., 752 38 90